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Part I.—Notifications by Government.

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 17, 1917.

No. 329.—Under articles 260 and 276 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Francis Arthur Colendge, I.C.S., privilege leave for one month from the 3rd January 1918.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 330.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Arthur Trevor Forbes, I.C.S., privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the date of relief.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 331.—Mr L. T. Harris, I.C.S., Collector and District Magistrate, an extension of furlough for six months.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 332.—Under articles 233 and 391 (3) of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Vombatkere Panderanga Rao, I.C.S., furlough without medical certificate for four months in continuation of the three months' privilege leave already granted.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, December 17, 1917.

No. 333.—Mr. Alexander Fetheringham, I.C.S., on relief in the Salem district, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Madura, vice Mr. E. A. Colendge, I.C.S., granted leave.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 334.—Mr Arthur Joseph Cargeeyan, I.C.S., on return from leave, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Vizagapatam, vice, Mr A. F. Forbes, I.C.S., granted leave or until further orders.

PROMOTIONS AND REVERSIONS

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 885.—The following acting promotions and reversions of officers of the Indian Civil Service and of the Provincial Civil Service holding 'listed' posts during the months of July and November 1917, are notified:—

(With effect from the 2nd July 1917.)

Mr. William Oswald Newsam, to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

(With effect from the 1st November 1917.)

Mr. Robert Lucian McKernan, to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

(With effect from the 4th November 1917.)

Mr. Percy Macqueen, to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. Robert Lucian McKernan, to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

(With effect from the 5th November 1917.)

Mr. Neil Macmichael, to revert as Collector and District Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. John Reginald Huggins, to revert as acting Collector and District Magistrate, third grade.

(With effect from the 6th November 1917.)

Mr. James Ironside Smith, to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. William Scott Brown, to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

(With effect from the 7th November 1917.)

Mr. Joseph Custodius Fernandez, to act as District and Sessions Judge, second grade.
Mr. Arthur Edgington, to revert as District and Sessions Judge, third grade.
Mr. Rotaler Chernocke Smith, to revert as District and Sessions Judge, fourth grade.
Mr. Alexander Rankin Cox, to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, first grade.
Mr. Duncan Royston Matheson, to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

(With effect from the 11th November 1917.)

Mr. Arthur Edgington, to act as District and Sessions Judge, second grade.
Mr. Rotaler Chernocke Smith, to act as District and Sessions Judge, third grade.
Mr. Duncan Royston Matheson, to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, first grade.
Mr. William Scott Brown, to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

(With effect from the 12th November 1917.)

Mr. Robert Lucian McKernan, to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

No. 836.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

ORDER.

Delhi, the 5th December 1917.

No. 1191-D.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, namely:—

I. After Rule 11-C of the said Rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely —

"11 CC (1) Where in the opinion of the Governor-General in Council any product, article or thing or class of product, article or thing can be utilised in connexion with the prosecution of the present war, the Governor-General in Council or any officer of Government authorised by him in this behalf may, with a view to maintaining or increasing the production of any such product, article or thing, or class of product, article or thing, by order in writing regulate, restrict or prohibit the carrying on of any work in any mine, quarry, mineral deposit, industrial concern or business or the engagement of any workman or all or any classes of workmen therein.

Power to regulate or prohibit work in any mine, etc.

(2) If the owner or person in charge of any mine, quarry, mineral deposit, industrial concern or business in respect of which an order has been made in exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) or any other person affected by such order fails to comply therewith or disobeys any direction contained therein, he shall be deemed to have contravened these rules, and the authority making the order may take such action as he thinks necessary to give effect to the same."

II. In rule 11 E of the said Rules

(1) after the words "the Governor-General in Council" the words "or any officer of Government authorised by him in this behalf" shall be inserted,

'(2) for the words "in his opinion" the words "in the opinion of the Governor-General in Council" shall be substituted and

(3) in clause (c) of sub-rule (1) the word "other" shall be omitted.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

RESIGNATION

Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles.

No. 337.—Honorary Lieutenant and Quarter-Master H. Waddington resigns his commission with effect from the 31st March 1917.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 338.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 7*th December* 1917.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 2116.—Major Francis Adolphus Pawley, V. D., resigns his commission. Dated the 21st March 1917.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Political.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 17.—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Frederic John Napier, Baron Chelmsford, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., G.C.B.E., Viceroy and Governor-General of India, and the Right Hon'ble Edwin Samuel Montagu, P.C., M.P., His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, will take their departure from Madras by special train from the Central Station on Saturday the 22nd December 1917. The departure will be private

2. His Excellency the Governor attended by his personal staff, the President of the Corporation, of Madras, the Commissioner of Police, the Defended Port Commander, and the Collector of Madras, will be present at the railway station at the time of departure.

3. Undress uniform will be worn by Civil officers and field service khaki by Military officers. Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform will appear in morning dress.

4. A salute of thirty-one guns will be fired from the ramparts of Fort St. George on the departure of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General.

No. 18.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 4*th December* 1917.

No. 2224-I, C.—His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for services in connection with the war :—

To be Dame Commander.

Marjorie, Lady Pentland, wife of the Right Honorable Baron Pentland, G.C.I.E., Governor of Madras.

To be Commander.

Maharaja Sri Rao Sir Venkatasvetachalapati Banga Rao Bahadur, K.B.E., of Bobbili.

To be Officer.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Henry Symons, Indian Medical Service, in charge of Hospital Ship *Madras*

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Ecclesiastical.)

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 105.—Under article 583 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, the Reverend - Ernest Havelock Creak, M.A., an extension of furlough on medical certificate from the 25th October 1917 to the 19th January 1918.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Judicial.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 835.—Ghulam Muhi-ud-din Sahib Bahadur, District Registrar of North Arcot, privilege leave for six weeks from the 2nd January 1918 in continuation of the Christmas holidays under articles 260 and 220 of the Civil Service Regulations.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

No. 836.—Mr William Arthur Headsell, to be Sheriff of Madras for the year to be computed from the 24th December 1917.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 837.—Mr. John Cellyer Adam, Barrister-at-Law, Crown Prosecutor, Madras, to act as Chief Presidency Magistrate, Madras, *vice* Mr. C. B. N. Pelly on other duty or until further orders. To join forthwith.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 838.—M.R.By. Tamma Acharya Srinivasa Acharya, Sub-Registrar, second grade and Joint Sub-Registrar, Chittoor, to act as Registrar of Assurances, sixth grade, North Arcot district, during the absence of Ghulam Muhi-ud-din Sahib Bahadur on leave or until further orders.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, December 14, 1917.

No. 839.—M.R.By. Gudapakkam Kodandaramanjalu Nayudu Garu, Subordinate Judge and acting Third Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras, on relief by M.R.Ry. Tamarapakkam Varadarajalu Nayudu Garu, is posted as Subordinate Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Coimbatore.

No. 840.—M.R.By. Madhava Gopala Krishna Rao Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore, is posted to the temporary Sub-Court, Tanjore.

No. 841.—M.R.By. Gopala Ayyangar Anantanarayana Ayyangar Avargal, temporary Subordinate Judge, is posted to the permanent Sub-Court, Calicut.

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 842.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a special magistrate for the town of Abiramam, in the district of Ramnad conferred on Vijyan Mera Pillai Anbalam Vijyan Adam Moosa Anbalam Sahib Bahadur, who has resigned his appointment.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

No. 843.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be special magistrates for the town of Tiruchengode in the district of Salem, with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in notification No. 845, dated the 8th October 1912, published at pages 1004 and 1005 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 15th idem, as amended by notifications Nos. 400, dated the 28th May 1913, and 567, dated the 7th August 1915, published at pages 985 and 726 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 10th June 1913 and the 10th August 1915, respectively:—

M.R.Ry. C. Venkatappa Krishnappa Chettiyar Avargal.
M.R.Ry. V. V. R. Viswanatha Mudaliyar Avargal.
Jehanghir Sahib Bahadur.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 844.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentleman to be a special magistrate for the town specified opposite to his name, with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in notification No. 845, dated the 8th October 1912, published at pages 1004 and 1005 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 15th idem, as amended by notifications Nos. 400, dated the 28th May 1913, and 567, dated the 7th August 1915, published at pages 985 and 726 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 10th June 1913 and the 10th August 1915, respectively:—

K. O. Muhammad Muhi-ud-din Rawuttar Sahib Bahadur—for the town of Abiramam, in the district of Ramnad.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 845.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower the undermentioned special magistrates in the district of Tinnevelly to try offences punishable under section 14 of the Madras Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1899, which may be committed within the limits of the unions shown against their respective names

Name of union.	Designation of officers.	Name of officers.
(1) Arthwarthirumagari.	Sub-Registrar and Special Magistrate	M.R.Ry Mahadeva Ayyar Mathasami Ayyar.
(2) Kadayam ..	Do.	M.R.Ry. Sankaranarayana Subrahmanya Vijayayyar.
(3) Sermadevi ..	Do.	M.R.Ry. Appadurai Ayyangar Rajagopala Ayyangar.
(4) Viravanallur ..	Do.	M.R.Ry Kulpawam Venkatesa Ayyar.
(5) Kayalpatnam ..	Assistant Inspector in the Salt and Abkari Department and Special Magistrate.	Mr. Clayton St. Eustace Kenneth Taylor.
(6) Kulasekharapatnam.	Do.	M.R.Ry Karunathil Krishna Panikkar.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 846.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officer is authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in the English language :—

M.R.Ry. Pichche Ayyar Ramachandra Ayyer Avargal, First-class Magistrate, in the district of Chingleput.

Fort St. George, December 14, 1917.

No. 847.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are appointed to be magistrates of the second class, and under section 37 they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class, except the power to pass orders as to first offenders under section 562,—

M.R.Ry. Cheyur Viraraghava Krishna Rao Avargal, acting Sembiadai Magistrate, Avanashi taluk, in the district of Coimbatore.

M.R.Ry Narayanaswami Ayyar Rajagopala Ayyar Avargal, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Addanki, Ongole taluk, in the district of Guntur.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 848.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon M.R.Ry. Kanuthur Mukunti Narasimha Achari, Sub-Registrar of Walajabad, Conjeeveram taluk, in the district of Chingleput, for the term of his appointment as Sub-Registrar of Walajabad, such of the ordinary and additional powers of a magistrate of the third class as are specified hereunder in respect to offences under (1) sections 3 to 7, both inclusive, of the Madras Towns Nuisances Act, 1889, (2) sections 81 (3) and 100 B of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884 and the by-law framed by the District Board, Chingleput, under section 152 A of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, and (3) section 28 of the Registration of Births and Deaths Act, III of 1899, which may be committed within the limits of the union of Walajabad, Conjeeveram taluk, in the district of Chingleput :—

I Ordinary powers.—Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, section I.—Items 1 to 9, 14, 15 and 17 to 20.

II Additional powers.—Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898—Items 4 and 5 of the powers conferrable by the Local Government on a magistrate of the third class.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 6, 1917.

No. 833.—Under the provisions of section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), it is proposed to make the following amendments in the rules to regulate the importation, possession and transport of petroleum in the Presidency of Madras, published in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 27th July 1909. Notice is hereby given that the draft amendments will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st February 1918.

2 Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the draft amendment before the aforesaid date will receive due consideration.

Draft amendments to the rules for the importation, possession and transport of petroleum.

(i) For the proviso to rule 6, Chapter II, Part II, the following shall be substituted :—

"Provided that this rule shall not apply to petroleum having a flash-point not less than 150° Fahrenheit by Abel's close test and carried exclusively as liquid fuel for the use of the ship to double bottom tanks."

(ii) In rule 24, Part III, of the same rules, for the words "which has a flashing point above 150° of Fahrenheit's thermometer" the words "which has a flash-point of not less than 150° Fahrenheit by Abel's close test" shall be substituted.

3 Notification No 483 published in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 17th July 1917, is hereby cancelled.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

No. 849.—In continuation of notification No. 824, dated the 2nd December 1916, published at page 1482 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 5th December 1916, relating the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge of Tanjore, the Governor in Council directs under sections 4 and 6 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, that the said Court shall continue to hold its sittings at Tanjore for a further period of one year from the 1st January 1918.

2. The Governor in Council further directs that the Temporary Subordinate Judge shall have and exercise such local jurisdiction as may be assigned to him by the District Judge under section 10 of the said Act.

No. 850.—In continuation of notification No. 434, dated the 5th June 1917, published at page 746 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 12th June 1917, relating to the Court of the Additional Temporary Subordinate Judge of Tanjore, the Governor in Council directs, under sections 4 and 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, that the said Court shall continue to hold its sittings at Tanjore for a further period of one year from the 1st January 1918.

2. Under section 10 of the said Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the Additional Temporary Subordinate Judge shall have and exercise such local jurisdiction as may be assigned to him by the District Judge of Tanjore.

No. 851.—Under section 22 (5) of the Indian Registration Act XVI of 1908, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the rule enacted by notification No. 497, Judicial, dated the 6th December 1902 published on pages 1225 to 1234 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated the 9th December 1902, shall apply to the registration district of South Kanara with effect from the 1st January 1918.

The rule referred to is reproduced below :—

(a) Every non-testamentary document presented for registration and relating to land shall, if the land comprises one or more entire survey fields or subdivisions, specify the number of such field or subdivision as given in the Government village map.

(b) If the land has no separate number assigned to it in the Government village map, the document shall specify the number assigned in such village map to the survey field or subdivision in which the land is situated, together with such description of the land as is sufficient for its identification.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 852.—In continuation of notification No. 981, dated the 15th December 1916, published at page 1828 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 19th December 1916, relating to the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge at Cuddalore, the Governor in Council directs, under sections 4, 5 and 10 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, that the said Court shall continue to sit at Cuddalore for a further period of one year with effect from the 1st January 1918.

Fort St. George, December 14, 1917.

No. 853.—In continuation of notification No. 977, dated the 13th December 1916, published at page 1824 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 19th December 1916, relating to the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge of Mannlipatam, the Governor in Council directs, under sections 4 and 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, that the said Court shall continue to sit at Mannliparam for a further period of one year with effect from the 1st January 1918.

No. 854.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that, with effect from the 1st February 1918, the village noted in column (3) of the schedule hereto appended shall cease to be included in the local area of the police station noted in column (2) and shall form part of the local area attached to the police station in column (5).

SCHEDULE.

Circle in which at present included.	Police station to which at present attached.	Name of village.	Circle in which hereafter included	Police station to which hereafter attached
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
		Government village.		
Hosur	Sulagiri	Nagamangalam ..	Hosur	Kalamangalam

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Fort St. George, December 15, 1917.

No. 855.—The following names of auditors, whose certificates granted by the Madras Government in accordance with the rules made under section 144 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, have been renewed, are published for general information :—

(1) Name—M.R.Ry. J. V. A. Rajendram.
Address—Head Clerk and Chief Accountant, Madras Christian College, No. 20, Muruggappa Mudali Street, Vepery.
Restricted or unrestricted—Restricted.
Permanent or temporary—Temporary.
Date of expiry after renewal—The 31st December 1919.
Languages accounts in which the holder is entitled to audit—English and Tamil.

(2) Name—M.R.Ry. P. R. Lakshmana Rau Ayyar.
Address—No. 107, Viraraghava Mudali Street, Triplicane, Madras.
Restricted or unrestricted—Restricted.
Permanent or temporary—Temporary.
Date of expiry after renewal—The 31st December 1919.
Languages accounts in which the holder is entitled to audit—English, Tamil and Malayalam.

B. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

(Miscellaneous.)

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 124.—Under section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licence granted under the said section to the Rev. Yesudian Devanayagam of the South Indian United Church (Church of Scotland Mission) in the North Arcot district on the 19th April 1915, is hereby revoked.

Fort St. George, December 14, 1917.

No. 126.—Under section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Governor in Council sanctions the issue of licences to the undermentioned missionaries to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras:—

The Rev. Pitchaimuthu Joshua Dawson of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society, residing at Madras.

The Rev. Joel Sawyer of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society, residing at Madras.

Fort St. George, December 15, 1917.

No. 128.—Under sections 9 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licences granted under the said sections to the undermentioned missionaries on the dates specified against each are hereby revoked:—

The Rev. Charles William Hickson of the Wesleyan Mission in the Chingleput district—17th June 1911.

The Rev. John Percy Shrimpton of the Wesleyan Mission in the Chingleput district—19th January 1906.

B. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

(Separate Revenue.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, December 6, 1917.

No. 77.—In notification No. 40, dated 8th January 1916, published on pages 107—112 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th January 1916, the following additions will be made to the schedule of villages of the Golgonda Agency shown against the Polavaram Circle under the heading 'Cossada subdivision':

Villages.
1. Mallavaram
2. Gaparam.
3. Jamaram.
4. Kottam (Chattempadu Mutta)
5. Gudabapalem.
6. Chittempadu.
7. Ramannapalem.
8. Bandivalsa.
9. Kuyyaru.
10. Guddegalli
11. Pidatamamidi
12 Murrivasu
13 Peddampalem.
14. Doddaram, hamlet of Chidipalem.
15. Jallapalem.
16. Chidipalem.
17. Pataram.
18. Nukkalapadu.
19 Sarandonapalem.
20. Rajandrapalem.
21. Kottamugavaram
22. Patta Singavaram
23. Sukarapada.
24. Pittaluluma.
25. Nadimpalem.
26. Mulula Makaram.
27. Lubburu.
28 Gayarti.
29. Chillapenkulapada.
30 Chintalapudi.
31. Panasalapadu.
32. Jagampeta.
33. Solabu.
34. Nimmalapalem.
35. Revalla.
36. Maupa.
37. Sunarlapadu
38. Gangaram.
39. Chintavuripalem.
40 Lugam.
41. Makaram.
42 Bhimavaram.
43. Kinnpatti
44 Velasampeta.
45 Ganugula
46. Ramarajupalem.
47. Mulagalamutta.
48. Totaluru.
49. Kottasiliseddi.
50. Nallagonda.
51. Nadimpalem.
52. Kattagedda.
53. Ganaralapalem.
54. Bellapenkulu.
55. Gambuada
56. Kamparigela
57. Mugdhiseddi.
58 Rangarupalem.
59. Ramavaram.
60. Nimmagedda.
61. Agraharam.
62. Subhhannapalem.
63. Shikayapalem.
64. Kottapalem.
65. Tadachellapalem
66. Vulagalapalem
67. Ravimanupalem.
68. Battamutta.
69 Ravimanpakulu.
70. Suvampalli.
71. Yerramayudupakulu.
72 Sunnampeta.
73 Sangarampeta.
74 Pavidampakulu.
75. Balasukkapakulu.
76. Gummalapalem.
77. Ubbuddidipakulu.
78 Kottapalli.
79 Yeddumadidi.
80. Pankalu.
81. Nallagonda
82. Kappukonda.
83. Tataluv.
84. Kottara (Antada Mutta).
85. Rampala.
86. Bojanutta.
87. Muruala.
88. Demalagondi.
89. Tankalupanukula.
90. Budaralla.
91. Kottara (Gudem Kottavidhi Mutta).
92 Singaravam
93 Yankannapalem, hamlet of Sarugedda

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

No. 531.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. M. Sundararaja Ayyar Avargal, Deputy Collector, fifth grade, is granted privilege leave for three months from 3rd January 1918 with permission to prefix the Christmas holidays to the leave provided that the conditions under article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations are satisfied.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 532.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. K. K. Venkatarama Ayyar Avargal, temporary Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, is granted privilege leave for one month and nine days from 14th November 1917. He is permitted to affix to his leave Sunday the 23rd December 1917 and the Christmas holidays provided the conditions of article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations are fulfilled.

Fort St. George, December 15, 1917.

No. 533.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. B. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, Deputy Collector, fifth grade, is granted privilege leave for one month from the date of relief with permission to prefix the Christmas holidays, provided that the conditions of article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations are satisfied.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 544.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. F. T. T. Newland, Government Agricultural Engineer on probation, is granted privilege leave for two months with permission to prefix the Christmas and New Year holidays.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

No. 545.—M.R.Ry. T. A. Sundaram Ayyar Avargal, Assistant Director of Survey, is granted a further extension of furlough for three months from 16th December 1917.

APPOINTMENT.

No. 535.—M.R.Ry. J. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu, Sub-Engineer, sixth grade, temporary, now employed in the Department of Industries, to act as Government Agricultural Engineer vice Mr. F. T. T. Newland granted leave or until further orders.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTING.

Fort St. George, December 17, 1917.

No. 537.—The following appointment and posting of a survey officer is ordered :—

M.R.Ry. Dasta Venkatachalayya Garu, Sub-Assistant Director, third class, permanent, and temporary Sub-Assistant Director, first class, No. I Party, to act as Assistant Director of Survey, fifth class, and to be additional officer to No. V Party.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, December 15, 1917.

No. 536.—The following postings of deputy collectors are ordered :—

M.R.Ry. Krishna Ayyangar Sundaram Ayyangar Avargal, on completion of settlement training in Cuddalore, to general duty, Nellore.

Chitoor Muhammad-din Khan Sahib Bahadur, from general duty, Nellore, to the Guntur treasury.

M.R.Ry. Santhaluri Varaha Narasimha Acharlyar Avargal, from the Guntur treasury to the Kistna treasury.

M.R.Ry. Ayanam Ramanuja Acharlyar Avargal, on completion of settlement training in Cuddalore, to the Anantapur treasury.

No. 539.—The following posting of a forest officer is ordered :—

Mr. T. Clear, Deputy Conservator of Forests and District Forest Officer, Kurnool West, to be on special duty in connexion with the supply of fodder to the Military Department with effect from 31st October 1917.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

No. 840.—His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares under the provisions of section 4 of the Madras Forest Act of 1882 that it is proposed to constitute the area described in the schedule below a 'reserved forest' under the Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Number	District.	Taluk.	Name of forest.	Boundaries.
189	Bellary ..	Hospet ..	Daroji forest ..	*North*.—Starting from south-east corner of S. No. 733 of Daroji village the boundary runs in a straight line to railway boundary stone No. 76 about 22 chains north of the village boundary stone on the northern boundary of the Tornagallu village situated where the village boundary crosses the railway line. *East*.—From the last-named point the line runs along the west side of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway line southwards to the north-east corner of S. No. 11, thence along the north side of that number and the west side of S. Nos. 11 and 9 to the eastern boundary of S. No. 8. *South*.—Thence the line runs north-wards along the east side of S. Nos. 8 and 6 to the north-east corner of the latter number, thence along the north side of S. Nos. 4 and 5 to the north-west corner of the latter number, thence along the north side of S. Nos. 4 and 5 to the north-east corner of the above numbers appertain to the Tornagallu village); thence in a straight line north-west to the north-east corner of S. No. 368, thence along the north side of that number up to the south-east corner of S. No. 365; thence along the east side of S. Nos. 365, 360 and north sides of that number to the north-east corner of S. Nos. 365; thence along the east side of S. Nos. 361, 360 and 66 and the north side of S. No. 66 to the north-east corner of S. No. 109, thence along the east and north sides of S. No. 95 and the north sides of S. Nos. 96 and 91 to the north-east corner of S. No. 87; thence along the east and north sides of S. Nos. 86 and 73 to the north-west corner of the latter number, thence along the north side of S. No. 72 and the west sides of S. Nos. 73 and 71 and the north side of S. No. 70 up to the south-east corner of S. No. 63, thence the east side of S. No. 63 to the south-west corner of S. No. 62; thence the south side of S. No. 62 and the east sides of S. Nos. 60, 57 and 56 up the eastern corner of the last-mentioned field, thence north-west along the village boundary between Daroji and Kurkuppi villages to the north west corner of S. No. 61; thence along the west side to the north-east corner of S. No. 66, thence along the north side of S. No. 66, and east, north and west sides of S. No. 54 a (patta), and the north side of S. No. 54 to the westernmost corner of the last named field; thence north-wards along the east sides of S. Nos. 54 and 53 to the north-east corner of the latter number; thence north west along the village boundary between Daroji and Kurkuppi up to the northernmost corner of S. No. 40, thence the west side of that number to the north-east corner of S. No. 38; thence the north sides of S. Nos. 38, 28 and 27 to the south-east corner of S. No. 10. *West*.—From the last-named point the line runs northwards along the east side of S. Nos. 10 and 24 to the south-east corner of S. No. 24; thence the south and east sides of S. No. 23 to its north-east corner on the village boundary (all the survey numbers referred to appertain to the Kurkuppi village); thence along the south and east sides of S. Nos. 734, 733, 727, 726, 724, the south side of S. No. 725 and the east side of S. Nos. 716 and 717 to the north east corner of the last-named field; thence the south side of S. Nos. 720, 721 and 722 to the starting point (the fields referred to appertain to the Daroji village

His Excellency the Governor in Council under clause (c) of section 4 of the same Act appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Hospet, for the time being to be the Forest Settlement Officer (1) to enquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights claimed by or alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within the boundaries mentioned above or of any alleged right in regard to any of the forest produce on such land and (2) to deal with such claims in the manner provided in Chapter II of the Act. The Governor in Council under section 4 of the Act appoints the District Forest Officer, Bellary, for the time being to attend the enquiry on behalf of Government.

His Excellency the Governor in Council under the authority vested in him by section 14 of the Act appoints the Collector of Bellary for the time being to hear appeals from orders of the Forest Settlement Officer under sections 11, 12 and 13 of the same Act.

Fort St. George, November 15, 1917.

No. 841.—Under section 17 of the Madras Proprietary Estates' Village Service Act, 1894, the Governor in Council directs that the enfranchisement of village service inams in the proprietary villages specified in the schedule hereto annexed and the payment of money salary to the establishments of the said villages shall take effect from 1st February 1918 :—

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk	Names of villages.
North Arcot	Tiruppattur	1. Konapattu. 2 Pallipattu. 3 Narasingapuram. 4. Gadugamuruppattadai 5. Gorika Gonapalli.

Fort St. George, December 4, 1917.

No. 842.—His Excellency the Governor in Council declares, under the provisions of section 16 of the Madras Forest Act of 1882, that the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the schedule below, shall be constituted reserved forest with effect from 1st February 1918.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Village.	Name of block.	Description and boundaries.
North Arcot.	Vellore ..	Kommaiyarum.	Addition to the Saranappana reserved forest.	The addition one prism survey Nos. 12/3 and 12/2 (area 7·67 acres) and is bounded on all sides by the Saranappana reserved forest.

Fort St. George, December 7, 1917.

No. 543.—His Excellency the Governor in Council, with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, declares under the provisions of section 24 of the Madras Forest Act of 1882 that the area specified below, which was declared to be 'reserved forest' under section 16 of the Act in notification No. 27, dated 20th December 1900, published on pages 57 and 58 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 15th January 1901, shall cease to be 'reserved forest' with effect from 1st February 1918 :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of the reserve or the portion of the reserve to be disafforested.	District.	Taluk.	Area in acres.	Boundaries of the portion to be disafforested.
Giddalúr Block I (portion).	Kurnool ..	Cumbum ..	2,776	*North*.—Starting from the north-east corner at S. No. 11d of Narava village a straight line to the north-west corner of S. No. 54P of Rajupalem village.

East.—Then the western boundary of khandam Nos. 10, 11 and 9A to the south-west corner of the last khandam; thence a straight line to the village boundary stone a chain west of the north west corner of S. No. 111B, and thence along the surveyed village boundary of Rajupalem to the west boundary stone; thence a straight line west to the north-west corner of S. No. 125B, then the west side of that number to its south-west corner (all the above numbers of Rajupalem village); thence a straight line south-south-west for 38 chains to a cairn; thence a straight line south for seventeen chains; then a straight line in the same direction for about twenty chains to a cairn; then south-south-west for 35 chains to a cairn; then four degrees easter south for eighteen chains to a cairn, then four degrees east south for fifty-six and a half chains to a cairn; then one degree nearer south for thirty-one chains, then south-east for twelve and a half chains to a cairn south of the foot-path leading from Boyalapalli to Gadikota.

South.—Thence at an angle of 225° 0′ for 19 chains to a cairn No. 14 one chain south of foot-path; thence at 186° 30′ for 3·50 chains to a cairn No. 13 four chains south of the foot-path; thence at 251° 0′ for nine chains to a cairn No. 12 one and a half chains south of the foot-path; thence at 246° 30′ for thirteen chains to a cairn No. 16 one and a half chains south of the foot-path; thence at 296° 0′ for 26 chains to a cairn No. 6 one and a half chains south of the foot-path, thence at 234° 0′ for 7 hill chains to a cairn No. 5 three chains south of the foot-path; thence at 203° 0′ for 3·56 chains to a cairn No. 7 six chains south of the foot-path, thence at 270° 0′ for 17° 50′ chains to a cairn No. 8 five chains south of the foot-path; thence at 223° 30′ for eleven chains to a cairn No. 4 one chain south of the foot-path; thence at 208° 0′ for eleven chains to a cairn No. 4 two chains south of the foot-path; thence at 306° 0′ for 22·50 chains to a cairn No. 3 two and a half chains south of the foot-path; thence at 253° 0′ for fifteen chains to a cairn No. 2 one and a half chains south of the foot path; thence at 283° 0′ for two chains to a cairn No. 1 on the foot-path; where it meets the western boundary of the margin two chains south of the north-east corner of S. No. 232 of Gadikota village (the foot-path referred to is the Boyalapalli-Gadikota path).

West.—Thence to the north-east corner of S. No. 232; thence to the south-east corner of S. No. 315; thence the east side of that number to its north-east corner (the survey numbers referred to appertain to Gadikota village); thence to the south-east corner of S. No. 219 of Kammayanni; thence in the south-east corner of S. No. 103; thence the east sides of S. Nos. 103 105 and 234 to the north-east corner of the last number; thence a straight line to the north-east corner of S. No. 231 (the survey numbers referred to appertain to Kammayanni), thence a straight line to the northernmost corner of S. No. 178 of Brahmanapalli (partly inside the reserve), thence south-east to the village boundary stone on the east side of S. No. 179 of the same village; thence the eastern surveyed boundary of Brahmanapalli and Narava villages to the starting point.

Brief description.—The area is hilly and contains much jungles.

Reasons for disaffestation.—The area has been placed in sixth class.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 544.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE.

Delhi, the 7th November 1917.

No. 13-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3, sub-section (*i*) of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act 1914 (II of 1914), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following order for the purpose of prohibiting, regulating and restricting the Import into British India of the articles hereinafter specified.

1. In this order :—

(*a*) "official certificate" means a certificate granted by the proper officer or authority in the country of origin; and the officers and authorities named in the third column of the Schedule are the proper officers and authorities to grant in the countries named in the second column the certificates required by the provisions referred to in the first column thereof;

"plant" means a living plant or part thereof but does not include seeds; and

"prescribed port" means any of the following ports, namely Bombay, Calcutta, Dhanushkodi, Karachi, Madras, Negapatam, Rangoon and Tuticorin;

(*b*) all provisions referring to plants or seeds shall apply also to all packing material used in packing or wrapping such plants or seeds.

2 No plant shall be imported into British India by land or sea by means of the letter or sample post.

3. No plants other than fruits and vegetables intended for consumption, potatoes and sugarcane shall be imported into British India by sea except after fumigation with Hydrocyanic Acid Gas and at a prescribed port;

Provided that plants which are infested with living parasitized insects and are intended for the introduction of such parasites may be imported without such fumigation if they are accompanied by a special certificate from the Imperial Entomologist to the Government of India that such plants are imported for the purpose of introducing such parasites.

4. Potatoes shall not be imported into British India by sea, unless they are accompanied by—

(i) a certificate from the consignor stating fully in what country and in what district of such country the potatoes were grown and guaranteeing that warty disease was not known to exist on the farms where the potatoes were grown; and

(ii) an official certificate that no case of warty disease of potatoes has been known during the twelve months preceding the date of the certificate within five miles of the place where the potatoes were grown.

5. Rubber plants shall not be imported into British India by sea unless they are accompanied by an official certificate that the estate from which the plants have originated or the individual plants are free from *Fomes semitostus* and *Sphaerostilbe repens*.

6. Sugarcane shall not be imported into British India by sea unless it is accompanied by an official certificate that it has been examined and found free from sugarcane borers, scale insects, Aleurodes, root disease (any form), pine apple disease (*Thielaviopsis ethaetius*), "Sereh" and cane gummosis.

Provided that canes for planting intended to be grown under the personal supervision of the Government Sugarcane Expert may be imported direct by such expert without such certificate.

7. Coffee plants shall not be imported into British India by sea from America (including the West Indies) except by the Madras Department of Agriculture.

8 Seeds of coffee, flax, *kerum* and cotton shall not be imported by land or by sea by letter or sample post.

9. Coffee seeds shall not be imported into British India by sea from America (including the West Indies) except by the Madras Department of Agriculture.

10 Plant seeds and *kerum* (Egyptian clover) seeds shall not be imported into British India by sea, unless the consignee produces before the Collector of Customs a license from a Department of Agriculture in India in that behalf.

11 Cotton seeds shall not be imported by sea except after fumigation with carbon bisulphide and at a prescribed port.

SCHEDULE.

[Paragraph 1 (i).]

Para. (1)	Country of origin. (2)	Authority. (3)
4 (ii)	Great Britain and Ireland.	The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, England. The Board of Agriculture for Scotland. The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland.
	Sweeden	The Ministry of Agriculture.
	Norway	The Norwegian Board of Agriculture.
	Denmark	The Ministry of Agriculture.
	France	The Ministry of Agriculture.
	Japan (including Formosa).	The Department of Agriculture and Commerce.
	Italy	The Ministry of Agriculture.
	British East Africa ..	The Department of Agriculture
	Australia	The Departments of Agriculture, Victoria, South Australia, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania and Western Australia.
5	Ceylon	The Department of Agriculture.
	Malay Peninsula ..	The Departments of Agriculture, Federated Malay States.
	Dutch Indies ..	The Department of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce.
	Belgian Congo ..	The Department of Agriculture.
	British East Africa ..	The Department of Agriculture
	Uganda Protectorate ..	The Department of Agriculture
	Nyasaland ..	The Department of Agriculture.
	South Africa ..	The Union of South Africa Department of Agriculture.
6	Dutch Indies ..	The Department of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce.
	Mauritius	The Department of Agriculture.
	Phillippine Islands ..	The Bureau of Agriculture.
	Japan (including Formosa)	The Department of Agriculture and Commerce.
	South Africa ..	The Union of South Africa Department of Agriculture.
	Egypt	The Ministry of Agriculture
	West Indies	The Imperial Department of Agriculture, Barbados
	British Guiana ..	The Department of Science and Agriculture.
	Trinidad	The Department of Agriculture.
	Jamaica	The Department of Agriculture
	United States	The Department of Agriculture.
	Ceylon	The Department of Agriculture.
	Malay Peninsula ..	The Department of Agriculture, Federated Malay States.
	British East Africa ..	The Department of Agriculture.
	Queensland	The Department of Agriculture and Stock.

Consolidated quarterly finance statement for the quarter ending 30th September 1917.

PART I.

Name of bank.	LIABILITIES AND QUASI-LIABILITIES. Outside the movement.				Within the movement.								ASSETS AND QUASI-ASSETS. Outside the movement.		
	Deposits, fixed, current or savings bank, by non-members or by members in individual capacity	Debentures.	Overdrafts from scheduled banks, Provincial Co-operative Bank or joint stock banks.	Other items	Fixed deposits or loans received from scheduled banks or Provincial Bank	Drawn portion of cash credit with Provincial Bank.	Savings Bank or current deposits held in favour of societies or central banks.	Reserve fund of bank itself.	Paid-up share capital.	Other items.	Undrawn liabilities, e.g., cash credit accounts guaranteed by the Provincial Bank to central banks or to societies, and by central banks to other central banks or societies.		Cash in hand and in outside banks.	Government paper.	Post office savings bank deposits.
											To cover deposits.	For loans guaranteed.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Madras Central Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 19.	26,11,488	..	2,62,304	72,188	3,19,813	..	16,818	1,00,000	2,10,330	..	..	..	6,669	3,26,656	..
2. Salem District Urban Bank Ltd., No. 101	1,97,101	..	26,100	643	1,20,000	..	16,200	12,500	65,019	1,805	..	..	5,020	..	..
3. Trichinopoly District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 176.	2,74,201	..	68,146	1,140	62,268	..	207	26,124	59,000	1,805	..	..	4,747	11,000	341
4. Coimbatore District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 427.	5,96,458	..	44,493	10,598	33,100	..	4,834	8,618	78,530	30,085	..	29,510	7,842	..	..
5. Guntur District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 690.	31,834	..	..	105	1,08,000	..	..	1,224	21,705	30,985	..	..	13,021	..	6,004
6. Madura-Ramnad Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 778.	4,09,662	..	80,000	..	1,64,021	..	9,345	5,061	64,720	7,522	..	13,520	8,462	..	..
7. Tanjore District Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1022.	2,30,583	..	51	450	42,740	..	..	1,920	20,584	..	..	..	6,608	776	..
8. South Kanara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1115.	2,66,616	..	.....	1,429	49,833	..	3	1,713	18,010	83,424	..	..	7,984	..	1
9. Kistna District Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1423.	1,01,123	..	18,026	..	3,73,264	..	..	749	48,226	2,679	..	..	11,540	..	..
10. Chingleput District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1550.	10,635	..	..	84,700	4,41,630	..	..	535	8,475	..	..	..	3,631	..	50
11. Christian Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1674.	29,919	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,734	..	..	..	598	..	..
12. Tinnevelly District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1764.	29,831	..	..	..	93,145	..	..	..	16,162	..	..	..	475	..	50
13. Ganjam District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1978.	16,292	..	..	..	30,833	..	8	..	5,705	..	..	..	3,583	75	..
14. North Arcot District Banking Union, Ltd., No. 2161.	2,875	..	..	..	76,310	..	.606	..	49,023	1,076	..	..	2,640	..	..
Total, Central Banks ..	92,46,127	..	4,70,494	2,71,264	19,15,986	..	56,310	3,02,224	5,79,891	1,79,912	..	43,130	83,756	3,41,207	4,447

Remarks.—New shares of Rs. 50,000 were floated last year to be taken up by rural societies. Of these, shares to the value of Rs. 44,810 have been taken up and the others have not been fully up.

PART I—*cont.*

ASSETS AND OTHER ASSETS—*cont.*

Name of bank dead.	Outside the movement—cont.			Within the movement.								Net profit of past year.	Rates of interest on which money is usually		Last dividend declared.
	Other investments of a liquid nature in sub-ordinate.	Undrawn balance of assured cash credit.		Loans to Agricultural Societies.	Loans to Non-Agricultural Societies.	Loans or deposits due to the Central Bank by the Provincial Bank or other Central Bank.	Loans and deposits due to Provincial by Central Banks.	Unpaid share capital.	Guaranteed share capital.	Other funds in the movement.		Borrowed.	Lent.	
		With Treasury or Joint Stock Bank.	With Provincial Bank.											
(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.		P. c.
1. Madras Central Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 16 ..	..	2,63,608	..	29,68,647	2,940	3,41,500	..	..	..	..	70,007	4, 5½ and 6	7 and 7½		8
4. Salem District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 161 ..	..	26,562	..	5,01,856	6,387	..	34,683	..	..	..	6,944	4½, 5½, 6, 6½, 6¾ and 7	7½		8
2. Trichinopoly District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 178.	..	61,855	..	6,43,159	42,301	4,06,514	..	..	..	2,965	14,210	5, 6 and 8	6, 6½, 6¾, 7 and 7½		8
6. Coimbatore District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 427 ..	..	50,563	..	4,50,569	23,464	1,23,500	..	34,470	..	4,050	11,538	4, 4½, 5½, 6, 6½, 6¾, 6¾ and 7	6½, 6¾, 7 and 7½.		9
5. Guntur District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 630.	..	..	..	2,21,325	10,775	..	..	42,695	..	303	697	5 to 7	6		9
6. Madura-Ramnad Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 676.	4,502	43,797	..	6,92,616	6,648	70,000	..	18,979	..	4,128	10,898	4 to 7	6½ and 7½		7
7. Tanjore District Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1023.	..	59,484	..	1,52,468	20,000	1,18,000	..	38,340	..	3,343	9,943	6	6½ to 7½		7½
8. South Kanara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1113.	..	..	..	1,80,554	3,563	85,000	..	1,612	..	2,636	8,237	4, 4½, 5 and 6	7½ and 8		7
9. Kistna District Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1432.	..	33,974	..	5,17,191	7,509	..	..	64,875	..	6,826*	5,876	6 to 7	8		9
10. Chingleput District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1660.	..	..	..	4,10,773	23,070	3,018	..	1,27,553	..	144	3,336	7, 6½, 6¾, 6½ and 7	7½		7½
11. Christian Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1674.	..	..	..	31,700	13,940	38,000	..	10,615	..	..	55	6 to 8	7½		..
14. Vizagapatam District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1764.	..	..	..	55,464	4,285	..	..	26,256	..	..	787	6 to 7	8		..
13. Guntur District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1926.	..	..	..	42,468	4,756	..	..	..	..	480	274	6 to 7	8		..
14. North Arcot District Banking Union, Ltd., No. 4161.	..	..	..	1,15,856	7,654	..	..	14,925	..	380	927	6 to 7	7½		..
Total, Central Banks ..	4,502	4,64,943	..	70,16,846	2,43,156	11,46,532	..	3,69,101	..	30,496	1,44,904	..	..		..

* One-hundred shares in Madras Central Urban Bank.

CENTRAL BANKS.

Quarterly Finance Statements.

PART II.

Name of bank.	Deposits or debentures of the kind dealt with in sections 4 and 5 of part I.						Repayment of loans by societies.		
			Other deposits and debentures falling due				(Estimated)		
	On current or savings bank account.	Deposits for not more than three months	In twelve months from commencement of present quarter (i.e., of quarter in which this return is submitted).	In next twelve months.	In twelve months following.	In subsequent years.	In twelve months from commencement of present quarter.	In next twelve months.	Actual, in twelve months preceding present quarter.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Madras Central Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 13	3,39,898	..	10,96,164	6,45,481	3,08,279	87,998	7,97,906	7,50,000	8,39,859
2. Salem District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 181	..	..	1,61,078	18,000	..	..	2,15,400	81,600	78,332
3. Trichinopoly District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 196	25,270	16,710	4,03,502	2,92,519	20,250	1,57,628	3,69,837	1,91,955	4,43,551
4. Coimbatore District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 427	50,013	905	5,07,438	..	9,000	28,569	82,060	87,000	3,34,304
5. Guntur District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 830 ..	..	..	23,000	9,676	..	..	64,049	23,200	1,31,496
6. Madura-Ramnad Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 979 ..	7,350	11,001	3,51,000	10,000	..	..	3,50,164	71,000	90,228
7. Tanjore District Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1003 ..	795	..	1,52,743	70,135	1,437	390	28,318	40,201	89,253
8. South Kanara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1113 ..	1,192	..	89,466	30,837	6,771	2,650	1,80,110	2,500	91,231
9. Kistna District Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1422	..	..	80,972	30,100	..	..	2,17,200	94,678	1,83,174
10. Chingleput District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1650.	..	..	9,206	4,000	..	..	26,620	24,420	30,057
11. Christian Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1674 ..	1,520	..	26,606	3,250	..	..	26,100	28,650	600
12. Vizagapatam District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1764.	..	..	18,681	..	..	..	24,750	4,050	20,276
13. Ganjam District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1938.	..	..	5,750	1,500	3,000	..	7,925	2,250	2,040
14. North Arcot District Banking Union, Ltd., No. 2161 ..	..	..	2,870	..	..	..	14,680	10,000	..
Total, Central Banks ..	3,29,236	17,716	31,94,563	11,57,705	3,11,180	2,24,637	23,76,073	14,67,953	21,96,260

* 400, in subsequent years.

CENTRAL BANKS.

Quarterly Finance Statements.

PART III.

Name of bank. (1)	Portion of deposits and debentures of the kind dealt with in columns 2 and 3 of part I falling due in each quarter in twelve months from commencement of present quarter (fourth column of part II).				Repayment of loans by societies estimated in each quarter in twelve months from commencement of present quarter [column 6 of part II].			
	I quarter. (2)	II quarter (3)	III quarter. (4)	IV quarter. (5)	I quarter. (6)	II quarter. (7)	III quarter. (8)	IV quarter (9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Madras Central Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 16	2,38,300	3,05,241	3,61,924	3,16,617	1,28,000	1,97,000	2,96,000	2,32,500
2. Salem District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 181	58,358	64,200	41,540	49,742	64,500	35,640	45,000	35,400
3. Trichinopoly District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 173	1,39,686	98,552	1,13,458	1,46,158	1,47,073	61,161	60,478	67,732
4. Coimbatore District Urban Bank, Ltd., No. 427	58,698	1,60,733	30,975	69,033	10,000	25,000	27,000	20,000
5. Guntur District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 330	18,220	600	700	2,648	12,250	13,400	26,050	12,840
6. Madura-Ramnad Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 874	1,12,950	1 64,878	1,12,700	58,685	1,01,700	69,300	67,024	64,500
7. Tanjore District Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1023	22,992	20,425	6 230	1,07 02h	30,701	9,850	9,740	12,125
8. South Kanara Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1113	34,751	49,247	38,416	28,050	40,310	61,765	28,534	23,610
9. Kistna District Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1427	26,150	6,870	26,152	31,925	1,03,168	41,370	77,510	36,050
10. Chingleput District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1548 ..	..	4,000		6,240	15,048	23,01h	19,698	18,105
11. Christian Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd., No. 1676	9,000	12,000	7,100	12,000	700	17,100	12,250	3,100
12. Vizagapatam District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1704 ..	5,224	6,000	400	18,807	22,300	6,316	15,528	26,550
13. Ganjam District Co-operative Banking Union, Ltd., No. 1928	..	5,140	5,650	.	..	5,650	9,170	8,304
14. North Arcot District Banking Union, Ltd., No. 2151	..	800	100	1,978	.	..	4,480	10,780
Total, Central Banks ..	7,24,329	7,98,113	5 48,502	1 ,19,174	7,91,137	4,85,856	8,08,016	5,40,554

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 946.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

Delhi, the 8th December 1917.

No. 1044-D.—Mr. P. W. Singleton, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-nine days, with effect from the 3rd January 1918, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 1281-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 3413, dated the 21st July 1917, as subsequently amended, viz :—

Additions.

Dang Ting Gan, Dr., of the Ping Yee Han Drug Store, Canton
Verdoni and Company, S. J., Tientsin.
Whitemore, R. A., Tientsin.

No. 1282-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the importation of coffee into British India from all destinations.

Provided that nothing in this notification shall be deemed to prohibit :—

(i) the import of any goods by, or for the use of, the Crown ;
(ii) the import of any goods shipped from any Indian port ;
(iii) the import of any goods from any Native State in India ;
(iv) the import of any goods imported under a licence granted by the Chief Customs Officer at the place of import.

No. 1285-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in modification of this Department's Notification No. 5385-C.W., dated the 12th May 1917, as subsequently amended, in so far as it relates to the entry "(D) Cotton, raw," in the Schedule thereof, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the export of raw cotton be also prohibited to the United States of America, subject to the proviso contained in the said notification as subsequently amended.

No. 1289-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in modification of this Department's Notification No. 5386-C.W., dated the 12th of May 1917, as subsequently amended so far as it relates to the export of rice, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the export of rice to all foreign destinations in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, to Mauritius and to the Netherlands East Indies, subject to the provisos contained in the said notification as subsequently amended.

No. 1323-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that for proviso (i) to the Notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 5386-C.W., dated the 12th May 1917, as subsequently amended, the following shall be substituted, viz :—

"(i) the export of any article by the Crown ;"

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

Delhi, the 8th December 1917.

No. 1223-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in supersession of the Notification in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 3361-W.-II, dated the 14th October 1916, as subsequently amended, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India, whether by the parcels post or otherwise, of all goods from Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland and Switzerland unless certificates of origin and interest in the form prescribed in the annexed schedule are presented to the Customs Collector at the port of import in respect of such goods :—

Provided that—

(i) a single certificate may be used to cover any number of parcels of goods shipped by one consignor to one consignee on one vessel at the same time for the same port ;

(ii) nothing in this notification shall apply to—

(a) goods imported for the use of Government Departments ;
(b) goods imported under a general or special licence granted by the Governor-General in pursuance of the Trading with the Enemy Proclamation, No. 2, as amended and extended by subsequent Proclamations, except so far as a certificate of origin may be required by the conditions of the licence itself ;
(c) goods imported from an allied country by way of a neutral country on a through bill of lading or by through post parcel ;
(d) goods transhipped for consignment to other parts of the British Empire where the system of certificates of origin and interest is in force, or carried forward in the same bottom to foreign ports ;

(e) bona fide personal and household effects of persons entering the country;
(f) samples of no commercial value;
(g) imports of bookcards; bulbs (not including lily of the valley roots); carbide of calcium; cod-liver oil; cyanide of calcium; flax and flaxseed; flowers (cut); foodstuffs (other than wines and spirits); granite and granitic setts for paving; hay; iron ore; kurbstone; matchboards; paving stones; slatestone; strawboard; tar; timber of any kind, including pitprops and hoops for casks; wood pulp, mechanical (not including cellulose);
(h) zinc ashes, spelter, copper, copper ores, and brass, when these are shipped from Norway;
(i) receptacles originally exported from British India and returned empty;
(j) goods originating in a neutral country other than that in which the Consular Officer resides and accompanied by a Consular permit for their shipment.

(iii) the Customs Collector may, in his discretion, and if he sees no reason for suspecting that the goods have emanated from an enemy territory, allow delivery of any goods imported from the above-mentioned countries, even if unaccompanied by certificates of origin and interest, on condition that the importer executes a bond to the amount of three times the value of the goods for the due production of the prescribed documents within a period to be specified in the bond, or furnishes a deposit to the like amount which shall be liable to forfeiture if the said documents are not produced within such period as the Customs Collector may direct;

(iv) the Customs Collector, in his discretion, may—

(a) detain goods in respect of which a certificate of origin and interest has been duly furnished, pending the production of such further evidence as he may consider satisfactory; or

(b) release such goods on condition that the importer executes a bond to the amount of three times the value of the goods for the due production of the prescribed documents within a period to be specified in the bond, or furnishes a deposit to the like amount which shall be liable to forfeiture if the said documents are not produced within such period as the Customs Collector may direct.

SCHEDULE.

Form of Certificate of Origin and Interest.

I, hereby certify that Mr.
(Producer, Manufacturer, Merchant, Trader, etc.), residing at
in this town, has declared before me that the merchandise designated below, which is to be shipped from this town to consigned to (a)
(Merchant, Manufacturer, etc.), has not been produced or manufactured in enemy territory; that no person who is an enemy, or with whom trading is prohibited under any law or proclamation for the time being in force relating to trading with the enemy or relating to trading with the persons of enemy nationality or associations, has any interest in such merchandise; and that he has produced to my satisfaction invoices or other trustworthy documents in proof thereof.

The present certificate must not be regarded as an absolute guarantee of the origin of the goods, which remain liable to seizure if they should prove on examination by the competent British authorities to be of enemy origin.

Number and description of packages.	Marks and numbers.	Weight or quantity.	Total value (b)	Contents.	Name of producer or manufacturer (c).

The goods covered by this certificate must be shipped within a period of not more than (c) days from the date hereof.
This certificate is valid for not more than (d).

(Signed)_____ (Signed)_____
(Signature of person declaring.) *(Signature of Consular Authority issuing certificate and date.)*

(Consular Fee Stamp.)

(a) If desired, the word "order" may be inserted here instead of the name of the purchaser in India.
(b) This column may be left blank if desired.
(c) Here insert number of days within which the goods must be shipped from the country of origin. On the arrival of the goods at a destination in India the onus of proving that they were shipped within the period required will, if necessary, rest in cases of doubt, with the importer of the goods.
(d) Here insert quantity or weight.
(e) This column may be left blank at the request of the declarant, but the name of the producer or manufacturer must be inserted in a separate document issued at the same time by the Consular Officer which will only be inspected by the Customs Authorities at the port of importation. The separate document may be either a letter from the Consular Officer concerned or a copy of the certificate itself (including the necessary particulars). In all cases where a separate document is issued no entry to this effect must be made in this column.

In the case of the following articles, however, the particulars in question need not necessarily be furnished either in the certificate or in the separate document, in such cases the words "he has produced to my satisfaction invoices or other trustworthy documents in proof thereof" in the text of the certificate may be replaced by the words "I am satisfied that such is the case":—

(i) All articles in respect of which certificates of origin and interest, though not required under this notification, are issued at the special request of the exporter.

(1) Angelo.
Barks.
Berries.
Bones.
Charcoal.
Cod-liver oil
Elder flower.
Empty casks and discarded metallic specials.
Essential oils of native fruits.
Fish oils
Fresh and dried flowers
Gluten.
Hides.
Leaves.
Lichen, moss and other wild growths.
Myrobalans.
Metal foundary residues.

Old clothes and wearing apparel.
Oleo meal (greaves).
Old rags.
Old tulle.
Old paper, linen, etc.
Personal effects.
Returned empties (including casks).
Resin.
Shops' sweeps.
Spelter.
Spindle.
Steel, zinc and other metal scraps.
Sweeps.
Sweepings of precious metals
Waste clippings of textile materials.
Wax (bees wax, etc.).

(2) In the case of goods partially produced or manufactured in enemy territory, certificates will only be granted, and accepted, when not more than 5 per cent of the cost to the manufacturer is due to enemy labour or material. The percentage of value derived from such enemy production or manufacture should be stated in the certificate. The percentage should be calculated, not upon the sale price of the finished goods in India but upon the value delivered at the place of manufacture, excluding cost of packing and carriage to India.

(3) A new certificate shall be issued for goods for which a certificate has previously been granted, but which have been short shipped.

(4) The issue of a certificate implies no permission to import goods the import of which into India has been prohibited.

A. R. KNAPP,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 14, 1917.

In modification of the notification published on page 1892 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th December 1917, M.R.Ry. V. Ayyadurai Aryar Avargal, Officiating Executive Engineer, Godavari Western division, is granted privilege leave for twenty-three days from the 10th November 1917, under article 260, Civil Service Regulations.

APPOINTMENT.

Fort St. George, December 17, 1917.

Mr. J. S. Westerdale, Executive Engineer, Madura Drainage division, to hold charge of the Madura Special division in addition to his own duties in relief of Mr. Stoney and pending the arrival of Mr. Lucas.

POSTING.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

M.S.Ry. Madura Ramaswami Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, fourth grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer 2nd, on return from leave, posted to the VII Circle.

TRANSFERS.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

The following officers and subordinates who were employed on the gauging operations on the IV Circle and at the Upper Anicut are transferred to the Office of the Chief Engineer for Irrigation with effect from the dates noted against each :—

(1) Satis Chandra Majumdar, Esq., Assistant Engineer—29th October 1917 forenoon.
(2) M.S.Ry. P. Ayyaswami Ayyar Avargal, temporary Sub-Engineer—17th November 1917 forenoon.

Mr. Richard Francis Stoney, Executive Engineer, from the Madura Special division, VI Circle, to the North Presidency division, V Circle. To join after the expiry of the Christmas holidays.

Mr. Pierre Noel Arthur Lucas, Executive Engineer, on relief by Mr. Richard Francis Stoney, from the North Presidency division, V Circle, to the Madura Special division, VI Circle.

(With effect from about the 15th January 1918.)

Mr. William Hutton, Sanitary Engineer to Government, to be Superintending Engineer, V Circle.

Mr. Joseph Melville Lacey, Superintending Engineer, V Circle, to be Sanitary Engineer to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

The following alterations will be made in the rules for the Vernacular examinations of Public Works Department officers, issued with G.O. No. 1239 W., dated 7th September 1912, as modified by subsequent orders:—

(i) In Rule I, paragraph (1) *substitute* the words "Telugu or Hindustani" *for* the words "or Telugu".

(ii) In Rule I, paragraph (3) *substitute* the words "L. S. Te. or L. S. H." *for* the words "or L. S. Te".

(iii) In Rule II, paragraph (1) *substitute* the words "Telugu or Hindustani" *for* the words "or Telugu"; and the words "one of the other two languages", *for* "the other language".

(iv) In Rule IV, *substitute* the words "three languages, Tamil, Telugu, or Hindustani", *for* the words "two languages, Tamil or Telugu".

(v) In Rule VI, paragraph (2), *substitute* the words "any two of the three languages, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani", *for* "both Tamil and Telugu"; and *after* the words "the second" to "one of the other two languages".

S. B. MURRAY,
Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

Fort St. George, December 7, 1917.

Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of jirayti and inam wet lands measuring 14 cents in S. Nos. 323-1, 324-3, 326-2, 326-1 and 327-1 of Annapuram village, Annapuram taluk, Godavari district and specified in the schedule annexed to the notification published on page 65-1 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd May 1917, for excavating a field channel in Annapuram village.

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation Branch).

CLOSURE OF CANALS.

Fort St. George, December 5, 1917.

Kistna Eastern and Western Deltas.—All canals to be closed from 16th March 1918 (6 a.m.) to 1st June 1918 (6 p.m.)

W. J. F. HOWLEY,
Joint Secretary to Government.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·72 acre, is the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for construction of a travellers' bungalow; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Tuticorin, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Tuticorin, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Tinnevelly district, Srivaikuntam taluk, Tuticorin village.			
Dry, S. No. 238 ...	V. P. Pir Mohammad Ravuttar of Pattal	North, S. No. 238 part; east, S. No. 231 S. No. 238, south and west, S. No. 238 part.	acres. 0·72

W. G. MOLESWORTH,
Under Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

Fort St. George, December 11, 1917.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·45 acre, is the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the diversion of a channel on the Tinnevelly-Tiruchendur railway main line opposite to chain 1,234·00; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Tuticorin, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector of Tuticorin and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, known or patta No. with survey or patta No.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Tamarikly district, Tiruchendur taluk, No. 10 Nazareth village.		
No. 46-8	30 Muna Letchmana Nadan, Subbayya Nadan, Ravanna Sharanga Nadan and Muthu Nadan.	North and east, No. 46-7; south, No. 56; west, No. 47-8 & 9	acres. 0·60
No. 47-8	190 Val Perumal Nadathi, Sellammal Nadathi, Nayinar Nachia, Nandan Nadathi, Abraham Nadar and Thangam mal Nadathi	North, No 47-7; east, Nos. 46-8 & 9 and 56; south, No. 56; west, No. 46 B.	0·30
		Total ..	0·90

D. MARSHALL,
Deputy Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 4·86½ acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the diversion of the Gowtami left bank at Masakapalli, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Peddapur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Peddapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

3. This being a case of urgency the Revenue Divisional Officer, Peddapur, is further directed to take possession of the land under section 17 (1) of the Act.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, house or pandaiche, with survey or patta No.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Godavari district, Ramachandrapuram taluk, Masakapalli village.		
Inam, wet, No. 115-7b/1b	Mandapati Narayanaraju ..	North, No 114-7b/1b, 2a; east, No. 115-2a/2b, south, No. 115-2a/1b; west, No 115-3a	acs. 1·48
Inam, taipi, wet, No. 1142a-2b.	Kakarlapudi Ramachandraju ..	North, No 115-2a/2a; east, No. 113-6b, 7b/9 115; south, Nos. 113-14a, 15a and 116-2a, 2c; west, No 115-2b/1b.	2·18
Jirayati, kapai, wet, No 113-6b.	Duvvuri Sitarama	North, No. 113 5c, east, No 113-7b, south, No. 113 2a/2b; west, No. 115 2a/2b.	0·4
Jirayati, kapai wet, No 113-7b	Dommeti Mandigadu, son of Peddigadu	North, No 113-8b, 7a, east, No 113 8b; south, by 113-6; west, No. 115-2a/2b.	0·13½
Jirayati, kapai, wet, No. 113-8a.	Duvvuri Sitarama	North, No. 113-6a, east and south, No 113-8b; west, No. 113-7b	0·½
Jirayati, kapai, wet, No. 113-8b	Akella Venkata Narasimham and Lakshmi Narasamma.	North, No 113-8a/9a; east, No. 114b, south, No. 113-6, west, No 123-7b.	0·11
Jirayati, kapai, wet and dry, No 113-9	Akella Venkata Narasimham ..	North, No 113-7b, 8b; east, No. 114b, south, No. 113-15 10; west, No 115-2a/1b	0·24
Jirayati, kapai, wet, No. 113-12a	Duvvuri Satyanarayanamurti ..	North, No. 115-2a/2b, east, No. 113-14a; south, No. 114-15b, west, No 115-2a/2b	0·3
Jirayati, kapai, wet, No. 113-14a	Dommeti Venkataswamigadu and his three brothers.	North, No. 115-2a/2b; east, No. 113-10; south, No. 113-15a/16b, west, No. 123 12a.	0·22½
Jirayati, dry, No. 113-10.	Chibala Venki	North, No. 113-6; east and south, No. 110-16, 2·2a, west, No. 113-14a.	0·12
Jirayati, dry, No. 113-15.	Kota Krishnudu	North, No 113-6, east, No. 114b, south, No. 113-22a; west, No 113-16.	0·20
Jirayati, dry, No. 113-22a.	Dommeti Venkataswami and his three brothers.	North, No. 113-10, east, No. 110b; south, No 113-23b; west, No 113-21a, 16.	0 5½
Jirayati, dry, No. 113-21a.	Kota Venkata	North, No 113-14a; east, No 113-22a; south, No. 113-21b; west, No. 113-14a	0·9
Jirayati, dry, No. 109-4a.	Mallela Venkata and Dommeti Venkataswamigadu.	North, No 110; east, Kalanka; south, No 108-b; west, No. 109-4b.	0 4½
		Total ..	4 85½

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 3·40 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improving the Maripudi drain; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ongole, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ongole, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patanah number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up
Guntur district, Repalle taluk, No. 81, Gudipudi Agraharam village.			
Agraharam, dry, S No. 316-A.	Mantravadi Tirupathamma, Mantravadi Subrahmanyam, Mantravadi Suryanarayana Sastrulu, Mantravadi Venkatabhanayudu, sons of Subbasastri Sastrulu, Mantravadi Siva Ramayya and Mantravadi Sobhanayudu, sons of Venkatramaradhanulu.	North, S.S., road, No. 316-B; south, S No. 348 of Kariapalem; west, S. No. 151 of Peredubaili.	acre. 1·00

Fort St. George, December 15, 1917.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 6 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extending the bund of Pattalamman tank in No 40 Ballapalli; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Hosur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Hosur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

3. This being a case of urgency, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Hosur, is further directed to take possession of the land under section 17 (1) of the Act.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patanah number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Salem district, Hosur taluk, No 40, Ballapalli village.			
Government, dry, S. No 37-1.	Munimuppa, Munigurppa and Muniappa.	North, east and south, No. 37-1; west, No. 40.	cents. 6

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P. W.D. (Irrigation Branch).

LIST OF PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

BETWEEN 11TH AND 18TH DECEMBER 1917.

UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS.—Sanctioning certain alterations in the — relating to the B.A. Honours' Degree in Branch VI (Oriental languages other than English). G.O. No 1241, Home (Education), 7th December 1917. [1 s.]

SCHOLARSHIPS.—Sanctioning the award of four special — of the monthly value of Rs. 3 in forms I to III and Rs. 5 in forms IV to VI in the Richard Secondary school, Madras.
G.O. No. 1230, Home (Education), 3rd December 1917. [1 s.]

[N.B.—A copy of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained on payment of the price noted in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.]

L. DAVIDSON,
Asstg. Chief Secretary.

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Part I-A.—Local and Municipal.

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APPOINTMENTS, ETC.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1917.

No. 1388.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Annapu Parasuramudu Patro Garu as a member of the Ganjam District Board.

No. 1389.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. John Jesudasan Srinivasagam Pillai Avargal and M.R.Ry. Ramanuja Ayyangar Srinivasa Ayyangar Avargal as members of the South Arcot District Board.

No. 1390.—In exercise of the power vested in him by sub-section (3) of section 15 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Marella Gangaraju Pantulu Garu as President of the Berhampur Taluk Board in the Ganjam district with effect from 1st January 1918.

No. 1391.—Under clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1904, and notification No. 282, dated 16th February 1909, issued thereunder M.R.Ry. Rai Bahadur Bangalore Mapurappah Garu has been duly appointed by the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company as a Commissioner of the Madras Corporation.

No. 1392.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint Muhammad Sondagir Lalu Sahib Bahadur and Siddhavattam Sadr-ud-din Sahib Bahadur to be municipal councillors of the municipality of Anantapur.

No. 1393.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Sylani Medina Sahib Bahadur to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Chicacole.

No. 1394.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Lakshmana Ayyar Sata Ayyar Avargal to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Udumalpet.

No. 1395.—Usman Khan Sahib Bahadur, a councillor of the Chicacole municipality, having absented himself from the meetings of the municipal council for more than three consecutive months the Governor in Council hereby removes him from his office under clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1396.—Whereas it is desirable to include the hamlet of Ellamanayakkanpattur in the Neykarappatti union in the Madura district—

In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Madras Local Boards Act 1884, and in modification of notification No. 140, published on page 49 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 17th February 1903, the Governor in Council is pleased to include the hamlet of Ellamanayakkanpattur in the Neykarappatti union with effect from 1st April 1918.

No. 1397.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alteration which it is proposed to make in the schedule [to the rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards] published on pages 810 to 821 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1915. Any objections or suggestions in respect of the draft alteration which may be received before the 15th January 1918 will be considered:—

Substitute the figure "30" *for* the figures "50" *or* "100" as the case may be, occurring in column 6.

No. 1398.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, and in modification of notification No. 656 published on page 246 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 21st November 1893, and all subsequent notifications so far as they relate to the local fund taluk of Saidapet, the Governor in Council declares that from 1st April 1918 the revenue taluks of Saidapet and Sriperumbudur in the Chingleput district shall form the local fund taluk of Saidapet for the purposes of the Act.

No 1399.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alterations which it is proposed to make in the schedule to the rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards published on pages 810 to 821 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1915. Objections or suggestions in respect of the draft alterations may be submitted so as to reach Government on or before the 1st February 1918. None received after that date will be considered.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk board.	Number of electoral circle.	Specification of area included in the electoral circle.	Number of members to be elected by each circle.	Landed property qualifications for the taluk board specified in column (2).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			For		
Chingleput ..	Chingleput ..	No. 1 ..	Maduranteham firka	1	Rs. 100
		,, 2 ..	Achirapakkam firka	1	
		,, 3 ..	Manamadura firka	1	
		,, 4 ..	Uttiramerur firka	1	
		,, 5 ..	Tenkalikkunram firka	1	
		,, 6 ..	Chingleput firka	1	
		,, 7 ..	Tirupporur firka	1	
		,, 8 ..	Conjeevaram firka	1	
		,, 9 ..	Walajabad firka	1	
		,, 10 ..	Sriperumbudur firka	1	
	Saidapet ..	No. 1 ..	saidapet firka	3	Rs. 100
		,, 2 ..	Sembiam firka	2	
		,, 3 ..	Kilmattur firka	1	
		,, 4 ..	Tondiarpet firka	2	
		,, 5 ..	Injambakkam firka	1	
			Substitute		
Chingleput ..	Chingleput ..	No. 1 ..	Maduranteham firka	1	Rs. 30
		,, 2 ..	Achirapakkam firka	1	
		,, 3 ..	Vayalur firka	1	
		,, 4 ..	Tenkalikkunram firka	1	
		,, 5 ..	Chingleput firka	1	
		,, 6 ..	Tirupporur firka	1	
		,, 7 ..	Uttiramerur firka	1	
		,, 8 ..	Conjeevaram firka	1	
		,, 9 ..	Walajabad firka	1	
		,, 10 ..	Sriperumbudur firka	1	
	Saidapet ..	No. 1 ..	Saidapet firka	2	Rs. 30
		,, 2 ..	Pallavaram firka	1	
		,, 3 ..	Sembiam firka	2	
		,, 4 ..	Sriperumbudur firka	1	
		,, 5 ..	Poonamallee firka	2	
		,, 6 ..	Manimangalam firka	1	

No. 1400.—Under sub-section (1-a) of section 144 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council lays down, in supersession of all existing rules for the conduct of elections of members of union panchayats, the following rules for the conduct of elections of members of the panchayats of unions containing not less than 8,000 inhabitants, which will hereafter be regarded as major unions:—

1. For electoral purposes any major union may, if the district board so decides, be divided into wards.

2. In the case of any major union which is divided into wards the district board shall determine the limits of the wards and the number to be elected in each ward out of the number of members of the panchayat which the Governor in Council has directed under section 128 (1) of the Local Boards Act to be appointed by election in the union. In the case of a major union which is not so divided, members shall be elected for the union as a whole.

Qualifications of voters.

3. The following persons are not qualified for registration as voters:—

(*a*) persons of unsound mind and deaf mutes;

(*b*) persons who have been convicted of any offence or subjected by a criminal court to any order implying a defect of character which in the opinion of the Revenue Divisional Officer unfits them to be voters;

(*c*) persons who had not attained the age of 21 years in the financial year preceding the year in which the electoral roll was published; and

(*d*) persons who are not British subjects or subjects of any State in India, provided that the Governor in Council may with the sanction of the Government of India exclude from the scope of this restriction any class or class of class.

4. No person shall be qualified for registration as a voter unless he

(*a*) is registered in the union house-tax registers as the owner or occupier of a house, and

(*b*) has resided in the union for 120 days in the aggregate in the preceding financial year, and

(*c*) has paid all taxes due to the union before the expiry of such preceding financial year.

Where a joint family is possessed of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, one of its members will be allowed to vote on its behalf. If there is only one member qualified in respect of age and residence, the right to vote shall be exercised by that member; if more than one member is so qualified, the right shall be exercised by the member, if any, authorized in writing, by other qualified members resident in the union, on or before the 15th of May of the year in which the electoral roll is published.

5. No voter shall have more than one vote. A person who is qualified for registration in more than one ward shall intimate to the union chairman in writing before the 31st May in which ward he will exercise his vote. In the absence of such intimation, the union chairman will decide in which ward he shall vote.

Qualifications of candidates.

6. No person shall be eligible for election as a member of a union panchayat if he

(*a*) is not qualified for registration as a voter under rule 4;

(*b*) is a salaried Government official other than a village officer;

(*c*) is a servant of the panchayat.

(*d*) is an uncertificated bankrupt or undischarged insolvent;

(*e*) has been a public servant as defined in section 21 of the Indian Penal Code or a servant of a municipal council or local board and has been dismissed from such public, municipal or local service for misconduct; or

(*f*) is a leper.

7. The chairman of every union shall maintain an electoral roll. It shall be divided into separate lists for each ward. It shall be maintained in alphabetical order and in the following form:—

Serial number.	Name.	Father's or husband's name.	Name of street.	Door number.	Age.	Occupation.	Qualification (as owner or occupier).	Remarks (Here state whether he is qualified to stand as a candidate.)

8. The electoral roll shall be prepared and revised from year to year in the following manner:—

(*a*) On or before the 15th of May the chairman shall prepare from the entries in the union house-tax registers a roll of persons qualified to vote and shall publish notices in the union office and in a conspicuous place in each ward or, where the union is not divided into

wards, in not less than three conspicuous places in the union, that the electoral roll will be open to inspection at the union office at all reasonable times up to the 31st May, and that objections to or applications regarding any entry in the roll or any omission from the roll should be submitted with documentary evidence in support thereof so as to reach the union office not later than the 31st May. No objections or applications shall be admitted after that date.

(b) The chairman shall receive all objections and applications put in under clause (a), hear the parties where he considers this necessary, and submit the records with his remarks and the electoral roll to the president, taluk board.

(c) The president, taluk board, shall proceed to the union office on a date not later than the 15th of June, having given at least seven days previous notice by posting that date in the union office, shall pass orders on the applications and objections received and shall then revise the electoral roll. It shall be open to the president, taluk board, to nominate a member of the taluk board for this purpose. The orders of the president, taluk board, or of the taluk board member so appointed shall be final.

(d) The electoral roll as revised under clause (c) shall come into operation with effect from the 1st day of July and shall be in operation for twelve months from that date, and if the next electoral roll is not ready by that date, shall continue in operation until the next electoral roll is ready. The roll shall be conclusive evidence of the existence of the qualifications to vote prescribed in rule 4 above. Failure to conform to the dates prescribed in this rule or to observe any other directions in regard to the preparation of the electoral roll shall not entitle any person to question the validity and conclusiveness of the roll in proceedings under rules 13 to 16 infra.

9. Two copies of the electoral roll shall be prepared and both of them shall be signed by the president, taluk board. One copy will be retained in the Taluk Board office and the other in the Union office. The copy in the Union office will be available for inspection by tax-payers at such times and under such conditions as the president of the taluk board may prescribe.

Elections.

10. Elections shall be held whenever vacancies occur in elective seats, provided that any vacancy which occurs at a time when no valid electoral roll is in existence may be filled by nomination by the president of the taluk board. No election shall be deferred for more than two months from the date of the occurrence of the vacancy without the special sanction of the president of the taluk board. No election shall be held on a Sunday or other gazetted holiday.

NOTE.—A gazetted holiday means a day which has been notified as a general or partial holiday in the *Fort St. George Gazette* or in the gazette of the district.

11. The chairman shall, as soon as may be, report the occurrence of any vacancy to the president of the taluk board, who shall fix the date of the election and prepare a notice showing

(1) the number of persons to be elected,

(2) the wards for which they are to be elected,

(3) the date and hour at which the voters must assemble at the Union office or other specified place to nominate candidates and give their votes.

12. The notice mentioned in rule 11 shall be affixed at the Union office and in three conspicuous places in each ward for which an election is to be held (or when the union is not divided into wards in not less than three conspicuous places in the town) not less than thirty days before the election.

13. (1) The president of the taluk board or a member of the taluk board nominated by him in this behalf shall preside at the election.

(2) The nominations of candidates shall first be received.

(a) Any person other than a person disqualified under rule 6 may be nominated as a candidate for election if his name is registered in the current electoral roll of voters.

(b) No nomination shall be valid unless it is made in writing by at least two voters registered in the current electoral roll for the ward concerned and unless the candidate so nominated has signed the nomination roll in token of his willingness to stand. No voter shall nominate more than one candidate for the same ward.

(3) Objections taken to nominations shall then be heard. The right to object shall be confined to registered voters of the union or ward as the case may be. No objection shall be entertained on the ground that the candidate or the registered voters who nominated him did not possess the general qualifications for voting prescribed in these rules. The objections shall be disposed of summarily by the president of the taluk board or the presiding member, who shall also examine the validity of all nominations whether objection has or has not been taken to them. His decision on these points shall be in writing and read out there and then to the persons present. His decision shall be final.

(4) If the number of candidates who have been validly nominated does not exceed the number of vacancies, no poll shall be held, and the candidate or candidates validly nominated shall be deemed to have been duly elected.

(5) If the number of candidates who have been validly nominated exceeds the number of vacancies, the president of the taluk board or presiding member shall call upon the voters to signify their preference by show of hands or otherwise. He shall, on the application of a candidate but not otherwise, take a formal poll. If a poll is held, the president of the taluk

board or presiding member shall make such arrangements as he deems necessary to ensure the recording of votes with absolute secrecy.

14. (1) If a poll is held, the president of the taluk board or presiding member shall count the votes.

(2) Every candidate may attend in person or may appoint an agent to attend the counting of the votes.

(3) The president of the taluk board or presiding member shall, as far as practicable, proceed continuously with the counting of votes and shall, during any necessary intervals, secure the voting papers and other documents relating to the election under his seal.

(4) The president of the taluk board or presiding member shall announce the result of the poll.

15. (1) The candidate or candidates who have received the greatest number of votes shall be deemed to have been elected for the vacancy or vacancies as the case may be.

(2) If there is an equality of votes between two or more candidates, the president of the taluk board or presiding member shall decide then and there by drawing lots which candidate or candidates shall be deemed to have been elected. If no valid vote has been given in favour of any candidate, the vacancy shall be filled by nomination by the president of the taluk board.

16. As soon as the result of the election is announced, it shall be open to any unsuccessful candidate to object then and there, orally or in writing. His objection shall be summarily inquired into at once by the president of the taluk board or presiding member, whose decision and the reasons therefor shall be recorded in writing and read out to the persons present. The decision of the president of the taluk board shall be final. Where the decision is that of a member of the taluk board other than the president, an appeal shall lie to the president of the taluk board, which must be preferred within a week of the decision, and the orders of the president of the taluk board on appeal shall be final.

17. The name of the successful candidate shall be published in the district gazette, and the successful candidate shall enter upon the duties of his office from the date of such publication. If, subsequent to the date of election but prior to the date of notification, an elected candidate dies or becomes subject to any disqualification which, if it had existed at the time of his election, would have rendered him ineligible under these rules, the president of the taluk board shall either order that the candidate who obtained the next highest number of votes be appointed or shall order that a fresh election be held. The president's order on this point shall be final.

18. A candidate who has been duly elected may resign his post by means of a written communication addressed to the president of the taluk board at any time before his appointment is gazetted under rule 17. In the event of such resignation, the president of the taluk board shall either declare that the candidate who has obtained the next highest number of votes has been elected, or shall direct that a fresh election be held. A candidate who has submitted a resignation in the manner contemplated by this rule may not withdraw his resignation.

General.

19. Subject to the foregoing provisions and to the general control of the Governor in Council, the president of the district board may prescribe instructions for the guidance of presidents of taluk boards and chairmen of union panchayats in regard to

(i) the method of notifying any matter in regard to which these rules require that public notice shall be given,

(ii) the place and time at which proceedings directed by these rules shall be taken, and

(iii) other questions of procedure.

No. 1401.—Under sub-section (1) of section 250 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, and in supersession of the rules issued with notification No. 1162, dated 27th August 1913, published at page 454 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 29th August 1912, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the appended draft of a revised rule under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 250 of the said Act prescribing the qualifications of head works fitters and water-works pipe-line fitters employed by municipal councils.

Any objection or suggestion which may be made in respect of the revised rule by any person interested therein will be considered on or after the 15th January 1918.

Revised rule

From and after 1st July 1918 no person shall be appointed to the post of head water-works fitter or water-works pipe-line fitter in the establishment of any municipal council unless he possesses a certificate from the President of the Board of Examiners constituted for the purpose showing that he has passed the examination for a certificate of competency as head water-works fitter or water-works pipe-line fitter as the case may be.

No. 1402.—Under sub-clause (ii) of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 250 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, and in modification of the boundaries shown in the schedule annexed to the rules for the election of municipal councillors published in Part I-A of

the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 30th November 1915, the Governor in Council declares that the boundaries of the first ward in the Berhampur municipality shall be as shown in the following schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Revised boundaries of the first ward of the Berhampur municipality.

North.—From the south-west corner of survey No 295 along the northern boundary of survey Nos. 289, 290, portion of 293 ; thence along the western boundary of 294, 316, 317-A, where it meets the Lachchapada boundary ; thence eastwards along the eastern boundary of 317-A, and north and eastern boundary of 412 and eastern boundary of 317-B, up to the theodolite station ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of survey No. 400 up to the theodolite station where Lachchapada boundary ends ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of survey Nos. 400, 356-B, up to the point where it meets survey No. 415 (Aska road) ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of survey Nos 415, 366 of Bhapur (Aska road) where it meets the boundary of Goyilandi ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of a portion of survey Nos. 377, 381 of Goyilandi ; thence northwards along the western boundary of survey Nos. 376, group 372, and 375 up to theodolite station ; thence westwards along the southern and western boundary of group 373—376 and western boundary of survey No. 358 (Betta tank) where Bhapur boundary ends; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of survey No. 358 up to the khandam stone until it meets survey No. 474 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of survey No. 474 and northern and eastern boundary of group 475—476 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of survey No. 492-A ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of survey No 492-A and group 477, 478 up to the stone where survey No 500 and group 542—546 meet ; thence eastwards along the northern and eastern boundary of survey No. 500 (Sunna boodho) and eastern boundary of group 507—510 up to khandam stone where it meets survey No. 138-B ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of survey No. 138-B and northern and eastern boundary of survey No. 138 up to the point where it meets the Aska road (survey No. 131-B) ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of 131-B up to the north-east corner of survey No. 131-B of Goyilandi.

East.—From the north-east corner of survey No. 131-B of Goyilandi southwards up to where it meets the khandam stone, thence westwards along the southern boundary of survey No. 131-B up to the point where 579-A and group 21—22 meet ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of survey Nos. 579-A, 581, 579-B of Goyilandi, up to the trijunction stone of Panukalapalli, Goyilandi and Lanjapalli mokhasas ; thence southwards along the boundary between Panukalapalli and Lanjapalli mokhasas up to the point where it meets the boundary stone of survey No. 145 (Nuva tank) and 152 of Panukalapalli village.

South.—From the boundary stone of survey No. 145 (Nuva tank) and 152 of Panukalapalli westwards along the northern boundary of local fund road up to the point where the backyards of Lanjapalli village houses meet the road ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of the backyards of the houses of Lanjapalli village up to the point where local fund road meets with cart-track ; thence westwards along a portion of block No. I of Lanjapalli mokhasa up to where Lanjapalli and Gusaninaugam boundaries meet ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of survey No. 852 up to where survey Nos. 853 and 848 meet ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of survey Nos 848 and 847 up to where survey Nos. 849, 847 meet ; thence westwards along the eastern boundary of survey Nos. 1009 and 1015 up to the point where survey Nos. 1016, 1015 and 618-B meet ; thence westwards crossing the portion of survey No. 1016 (railway road) up to where survey Nos. 480 and 618-A meet ; thence northwards along the western boundary of a portion of survey Nos. 1015 and 1008 up to the point where survey Nos. 487-B and 486 meet ; thence northwards along the western boundary of survey Nos, 487-B, 1022 and 1014 up to the point where survey Nos. 443, 418 and 1014 meet, thence westwards along the southern and western boundary of survey No. 418 (Gusaninaugam) up to the theodolite station where survey Nos 330, 329 of Bejjipur meet; thence westwards along the southern boundary of survey Nos. 242, 244 (Sunna tank), 241, 240 (track) and the southern half of survey No. 378 of Gusaninaugam.

West.—A line drawn from the middle of the northern boundary of survey No. 378 of village No. 134 Gusaninaugam where the southern boundary terminates and passing northwards along the cart-track and foot-path on the western side of Bejjipur village and Nuva tank to the junction of the main road with the church road and touching the eastern boundary of the Military parade ground ; thence running eastward by the church road and thence passing towards the north along the Arrabolavari street road as far as its junction with the Masulipatam road ; thence north across the Aska road and meeting the municipal limits on the north, in the south-west corner of survey No, 295 of Bhapur.

No. 1403.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council publishes the following draft of the revised rule which it is proposed to make in lieu of the rule issued under clause (vi) of section 144 of the Act and published under notification No. 1047-98 page 518 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 24th August 1909, as revised by notification No 841 published on page 298 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 26th April 1914. Any objection or suggestion which may be made in respect of the draft rule by any person interested therein should be transmitted so as to reach Government on or before 15th January 1918. None received after that date will be considered :—

Revised rule.

"District boards may sanction all transfers of immoveable property vested in or belonging to a local board by sale, mortgage or exchange subject to subsequent confirmation by Government if the value of the property exceeds Rs 500

It shall in all cases of transfer as aforesaid as well as in all cases of transfer by lease or otherwise be one of the expressed conditions that the transferee is liable to pay to Government such assessment or ground-rent as the Collector may determine to be payable, the said assessment or ground-rent being further liable to periodical revision."

No. 1401.—Under section 250 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council publishes the draft of the revised rule which it is proposed to make in lieu of the rule named under clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 250 of the Act and published under notification No. 1040 on page 248 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 24th September 1909, as revised by notification No. 723 published on page 254 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 7th April 1914. Any objection or suggestion which may be made in respect of the draft rule by any person interested therein should be transmitted so as to reach Government on or before 15th January 1918. None received after that date will be considered :—

Revised rule.

"Municipal councils may sanction all transfers of immoveable property vested in or belonging to them by sale, mortgage or exchange subject to subsequent confirmation by Government if the value of the property exceeds Rs 500. Councils should however before completing any transaction give the widest possible publicity to their proposals with full details of the property to be transferred, the name of the proposed transferee and the amount involved. The councils may, with the approval of the Collector, prescribe the manner in which this class of transaction should be published.

It shall in all cases of transfer as aforesaid as well as in all cases of transfer by lease or otherwise be one of the expressed conditions that the transferee is liable to pay to Government such assessment or ground-rent as the Collector may determine to be payable, the said assessment or ground-rent being further liable to periodical revision."

No. 1405.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council publishes the following draft of the alteration, which it is proposed to make under clause (xvi) of section 144 of the Act, in rule 72 of the Local Fund Rules as revised in notification No. 13, published on page 3 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th January 1916. Any objection or suggestion which may be made in respect of the draft alteration by any person interested therein should be transmitted so as to reach Government on or before 15th January 1918. None received after that date will be considered :—

Draft alteration.

"In the fourth sentence of the rule, *substitute* the word and figure 'Rs. 5' *for* the words 'one rupee.'"

No. 1406.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council resolves to publish the following draft of an alteration to rule 71 of the Local Fund Rules published with notification No. 254 on page 96 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 13th February 1912. Any objection or suggestion which may be made in respect of the draft alteration by any person interested therein should be transmitted so as to reach Government on or before 15th January 1918. None received after that date will be considered :—

Draft alteration.

"*For* '250' *substitute* '300.'"

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No. 1407.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·06 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a Madiga well at Chigali, and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar, Alur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Alur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patta's number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up
Bellary district, Alur taluk, Chigali village.			
Inam dry, S. No. 206.	Bangarappa	North, east and south, No 206-A ; west, No. 206	ACRE 0·06

No. 1408.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council here by declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 5·97 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the play-ground of the Secondary School at Asika; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Gooomur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Gooomur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or peramboke, with survey or patnaik number	Name of owner or occupier	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
		Ganjam district, Asika taluk, Kalamalapuram village.	
			acs.
Zamindari jeradali, dry, blacksmith's inam.	1. Badiya Sanyasi	North, Rushikulya river; east, No. 2's land; south and west, Malukdari lands.	0·06
Archaka inam ..	2. Ogudha Swayi	North, Rushikulya river, east, No. 3; south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 1.	0·16
Washerman's inam, dry	3. Bhaga Satti	North, Rushikulya river, east, No. 4; south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 2.	0·40
Enfranchised village service inam, dry.	4. Doddasi Ekkai Naiko, Ekkai Naiko and Kandra Ekkamma	North, Rushikulya river, east, No. 5; south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 3.	0·36
Do.	5. Pullu Bandu	North, Rushikulya river, east, No. 6; south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 4.	0·44
Do.	6. Tharia Naiko	North, Rushikulya river; east, No. 7; south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 5.	0·27
Carpenter's artisan inam	7. Ogudha Mahasena ..	North Rushikulya river, east, No. 8, south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 6.	0·44
Barber's inam ..	8. Kolbalya Dakua	North Rushikulya river; east, No. 9, south, Malukdari lands, west, No. 7.	0·46
Blacksmith's inam ..	9. Ogudha Swayi	North, Rushikulya river, east, No. 10; south, Malukdari lands, west, No. 8.	0·44
Zamindari jeruyati ..	10. Badiya Jangam	North, Rushikulya river, east No. 11; south, Malukdari lands, west, No. 9.	0·02
Do. ..	11. Gauda Padiana	North Rushikulya river, east, No. 12; south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 10.	0·46
Do. ..	12. Badiya Jangam ..	North, Rushikulya river, east, No. 13, south, Malukdari lands; west, No. 11.	0·37
Do. ..	13. Chinna Appa Rau	North, Rushikulya river; east and south, Malukdari lands, west, No. 12.	0·35
	Malukdar of Kurla T. V. Kondala Rao Patnaik Garu, the melavaram right of Items, 1, 10, 11, 12 and 13	Total ..	5·97

No. 1409.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 4·03 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a local fund quarry; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar, Srikakulam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Srikakulam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or peramboke, with survey or patnaik number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
		Vizagapatam district, Srikakulam taluk, Ampavaramvalasa village.	
			acs.
Dry. S. No. 1677 ..	276. A. Subbammal Mallammal, Matta Nayakkar, M Subba Nayakkar, S. Rama Nayakkar, Mallayya Nayakkar, Subba Nayakkar, Ramanamma Nayakkar and Peramayaka Nayakkar,	North, Nos. 1677-1, 1677-2 and 1678-2, east, No. 1683-2, south, Nos. 1680-1 and 1680-2; west, No. 1681.	1·37
Do. No. 1680-1..	614. M. K. Sadasiva Madam ..	North, Nos. 1679 and 1680-2; east, Sham Thanduha; south No. 1681; west, No. 1682.	1·09
Do. No. 1680-2..	690. T. Periyanayakam Pillai.	North, No. 1679; east, No. 1680-1, south, No. 1681, west, No. 1682.	1·31
		Total ..	4·03

No. 1410.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2,720 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a public latrine in the Palghat municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Palghat, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Palghat, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patmash number	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Malabar district, Palghat taluk, Kanakur village.			
Ryotwari, occupied dry portion of S. No. 3142.	Owner—Government, private under Government—M.S. Ry. Rao Bahadur P. I. Chinnaswami Pillai Avargal	North, S. No. 3142; east, S. No. 3151, south, S. No. 3143 (portion), west, S. No. 3762	sq. ft. 2,720

No. 1411.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·36 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a burial-ground for the Ahmadiyya community in the Cannanore municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tellicherry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tellicherry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

3. This being a case of urgency, the said officer is authorised to take possession of the land under section 17 (1) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patmash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Malabar district, Chirakkal taluk, Cannanore Korar village.			
Ryotwari, portion, portion of S. No 1284.	Owners, Inchikkal Kayahalli, Inchikkal Kammal, Inchikkal Sayinaba and Inchikkal Ojerbe; Kasandar and company, Melivate Lalmia.	North and east, S. No. 1284 (portion); south, S. No. 1280 foot-path; west, S. No. 1150 road.	acre. 0·40

E. A. GRAHAM,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Plague.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 207-*P.*—Whereas there is plague at Yemmiganoru, in the Adoni taluk of the Bellary district, and whereas it is desirable to prevent its spread:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits pilgrimage to the ensuing Sri Kalahastiswami car festival from the 23rd January to 1st February 1918, inclusive.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

No. 208-*P.*—Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Yallarti in the Alur taluk of the Bellary district, if persons from the infected portions of the Bellary district, and other parts declared to be infested with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Shaik Sahib Urs:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 4th to 10th January 1918, inclusive, of persons from the said parts and further directs that between the said dates no tickets for travel by railway shall be sold at the stations of Adoni, Bantanahal Bantanahal, Bellary, Bellary Cantonment, Hugari, Hospet, Kosgi, Kudatini, Nagarur, Nancherla, Obulapuram, Palakurthi, Somalapuram, Purnagallu and Vimpur on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, for the stations at Appur and Molagavalli on the same railway, to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

No. 209-P.—In modification of notification No. 205-P., published on pages 851-854 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th December 1917, the following revised lists of plague-infected areas and of restriction stations are published :—

A.—PLAGUE-INFECTED AREAS.

I.—In the Madras Presidency.

District.	Taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District.	Taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Anantapur.	Gooty ..	Amidala.		Adoni ..	Adoni.
		Chintapalli.			Basapuram.
		Chikalagarki.			Dhanapuram.
		Chinna Hutura.			Kaputalam.
		Chinna Mushtura.			Kosgi.
		Doulakallu.			Kothakallu.
		Desalodiki.			Madhura.
		Gada Hotura			Mosanahalli
		Gadekallu.			Myakadoni.
		Gooty.			Nagenadhanahalli.
		Gulapalyam.			Parvatapuram.
		Gantakal.			Peddagonahalu.
		Hanchinahalu.			Sagaru.
		Havalgi.			Tevi.
		Indravati.			Yemmiganuru.
		Kadadarabanchi.		Alur ..	Whole taluk.
		Kamalapadu.		Bellary ..	Whole taluk.
		Karakamukkala.		Hadagalli ..	Hirehadagalli.
		Kasapuram.			Aladahalli.
		Konakondla			Chirataballi.
		Malapuram.		Harpana-halli.	Hagaramara.
		Narimatla.			Sivalinganahalli.
		Nimbakalla.			Tehgi.
		Paltara.			Yadihalli.
		Pamidi.			Amaravati.
		Pulki.			Aralahalli.
		Rayampalli.			Anantasamagudi.
		Reminakalupalli.			Harapuram.
		Timmamcherla.	Bellary ..		Hulu Vaddigeri.
		Uncalanda.			Dargi.
		Umakonda			Gadiganuru.
		Vajrakarur.			Garaga
		Velapumadugu.			Gullarahalli.
		Vidapanakallu.		Hospet ..	Hospet.
	Hindupur ..	Sirekulam.			Kambiapuram.
	Kalyandrug	Avulonna.			Kampli.
		Beluguppa.			Kondamyakanahalli
		Erragudi.			Malapanamangudi.
		Gangavaram.			Nagalapuram.
		Kambadur.			Nagenehalli.
		Sirpi.			Papinayakanahalli.
	Madakasira	Madakasira (town)			Ternagallu.
		Yerrahommanahalli			Terabanahalli.
	Penukonda ..	Kotagandicheruvu.			Amalapuram.
					Chiranuru.
	Tadpatri ..	Yadiki.			Chowdapuram.
					Hosakeri.
					Kalapur.
				Kudligi ..	Kudligi.
Arcot, North.	Polur ..	Polur.			Rampuram.
		Teruvur.			Sivapuram.
	Tiruppattur	Palanenkuppam.			Saladahalli.
		Vaniyambadi (old).			Tolahalli.
	Walajapet ..	Sholinghur.			Uppergutta.

I.—In the Madras Presidency—cont.

District.	Taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District.	Taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Bellary—cont.	Hayadrug ..	Bennikallu.	Coimbatore—cont.	Coimbatore—cont.	Sarkar Samakkulam.
		Bidarakonte.			Savarpalaiyam.
		Bollanagudda.			Sanganur.
		Dummanahalu.			Singanallur.
		Garudachedu.			Sinnavedampatti.
		Govindavada.			Tankarai.
		Hanakanahalu.			Tennamanallur.
		Hanumanpuram.			Tudiyalur.
		Honuru.			Vellakkinar.
		Malyam.			Virapadi.
		Mannahalli.		Erode ..	Perundurai.
		Nayakapuram.		Gopichetti-palaiyam.	Mallankuli.
		Palakurti.			
		Rakatta.			Bailur.
		Siddarampuram.			Danagori.
		Sollapuram.		Kollegal ..	Saragur.
		Somalapuram.			Settegalam.
		Tumbiganuru.			Tagarapuram.
		Untakallu.			Kannampalaiyam.
		Vyasapuram.		Palladam ..	Madapper.
		Yelanji.			Odderpalaiyam.
	Sandur State.	Sandur.			Panikkampatti.
		Agasanuru.	Kanara, South.	Mangalore.	Bantval.
		Baludaru.			Mangalor.
		Hagalaru.		Dhona ..	Pyapali.
		Hasivanam.			Billappala.
		Nedanga.			Banavanalu.
	Siraguppa ..	Nagarahalu.			Billekalu.
		Santhibudaru.			Buruzala.
		Sirigeri.			Chakkaralla.
		Siraguppa.			Chinna Halli.
		Upparahalu.			Devanahanda.
		Upparahosahalli.			Davanakunda.
		Yedavalli.			Ganjihalli.
					Hosuru.
Chittoor	Palmanar ..	Balireddipalli.			Iyrankonda.
		Venkatagirikota.			Jakkura.
	Punganuru ..	Kilapalla.			Kappatalla.
					Maddakara.
	Avanashi ..	Chikkadasampalaiyam.	Kurnool ..	Pattikonda ..	Maddikera Agraharam.
		Karimadai.			Nallakadeddi.
		Kanuttar.			Palakurti.
		The portion of the third ward in Coimbatore town comprised within the following boundaries:— North, Kumati street including northern row and the Betti Chetti lane; east, Oppanakkara street and the Mogalmannan temple of South Ukladen; west, Kangayam Gavernment street and Sukkapet road; south, Thoraiyar street.			Pedakallu.
					Pedda Pandekalla.
					Peravali.
					Pattikonda.
					Panchakrayalanada.
					Rathna.
					Tarnakallu.
Coimbatore.					Taggali.
					Yelavali.
				Kurnool ..	Kuruba Nagalapuram.
			Madura ..	Palni ..	Mudamalakurti.
			Malabar ..	Palghat ..	Ryavarpatti.
					Palghat.
	Coimbatore ..	The portion of Coimbatore town comprised within the following boundaries:— North, Raja street, east, Fish Bazaar street; south, Big Bazaar street; west, Oppanakkara street. Ramanathapuram included in Coimbatore town.			Ettapur.
					Gopalapuram.
				Attur ..	Kolleripatti.
					Kalpoganur.
					Laligam.
					Adamamakottai.
					Adhanagottai.
					Dharmapuri.
					Hale Dharmapuri.
		Ganapati.	Salem ..	Dharmapuri	Nallampalli.
		Karattam.			Nettadihalli.
		Kondayampalaiyam.			Onnappakavundanahalli.
		Kuniyamuttur.			Papanayakkanahalli.
		Kurichchi.			Pennagaram.
		Madampatti.			Adavanapalli.
		Nayakkampalaiyam.		Hosur ..	Bagalur.
		Perur Settipalaiyam.			Baligamapalli.
		Ottakkalmandapam.			Begepalli.

I.—In the Madras Presidency—contd.

District.	Taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District.	Taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Salem—*contd.*	Hosur—*contd.*	Belatur. Bodichipalli. Chantuladoddi. Denkanikota. Pittakodi. Kelacampalam. Kottacondapa. Malbesandiram. Marasandiram. Muragondapalli. Nagalapalli. Sanapanam. Singasandrapalli. Tali.	Salem—*contd.*	Uttangarai .. Salem ..	Kadayampatti. Blocks 3 to 7 and 10 of survey division No. 6 and blocks 8 to 11, 13, 25 and 26 of survey division No. 7 in Salem Town. Hastampatti.
			Vizagapatam.	Vizagapatam..	Yethapeta in the Chengalrapeta ward of the Vizagapatam municipality.

II.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

Feudatory or Political.	Administrative Jurisdiction.	Presidency or Province.	Inferior Jurisdiction.
	Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.		Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.
I. Mysore	The whole province.	II. Bombay—*contd.*	5. *Political Charges*—*contd.* States and Agencies—*contd.* Mandvi Port. Mangrol Port. Mundra Port. Porbandar Port. Satara Agency. Surat Agency.
II. Bombay.	1. *Northern Division*— (a) Districts— Ahmedabad. Broach. Kaira. Surat. Thana. (b) Towns and port— Ahmedabad Bombay. Broach. Bulsar. Kalyan. Surat. 2. *Central Division*— (a) Districts— Ahmednagar Nasik. Poona. Satara. Sholapur. East Khandesh. West Khandesh (b) Towns— Poona. Sholapur. 3. *Southern Division*— (a) Districts— Belgaum Bijapur Dharwar Kolaba. (b) Town and port— Ratnagiri. Vengurla. 4. *Sind*— (a) Districts— Sukkur. (b) Towns and ports— Karachi. Shikarpur. 5. *Political Charges*— States and Agencies— Akalkot State. Baroda State. Bhavnagar Port. Bhor State. Bijapur Agency. Cutch State. Jura Port. Kathiawar Agency. Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country. Mali Kantha Agency. Mahuva Port.	III. Bihar and Orissa.	(a) Districts— Bhagalpur. Darbhanga. Gaya. Hazaribagh. Monghyr Muzaffarpur. Palamau. Patna. Saran. Shahabad (b) Towns— Darbhanga. Gaya.
		IV. The Punjab.	(a) Districts— Ambala. Attock. Gujrat. Gurdaspur Gujranwala. Jhalum Jullundur. Lahore, Ludhiana. Montgomery. Rawalpindi Sialkot. (b) Towns— Lahore. Lahore Cantonment. (c) States— Nabha State. Patiala.
		V. Burma ..	(a) Districts— Hanthawaddy. Maktila. Minbu. Myingyan. Prome. Sagaing. Thayawaddy. Thaton. (b) Towns and ports— Bassein. Mandalay. Moulmein. Rangoon.

II—Outside the Madras Presidency—*contd.*

Presidency or Province.	Infected localities. Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Presidency or Province.	Infected localities. Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.
VI. The United Provinces.	(*a*) Districts— Aligarh. Allahabad. Azamgarh. Balha. Bara Banki. Basti. Benares. Bijnor. Cawnpore Etah. Etawah. Farrukhabad. Fatehpur. Fyzabad. Ghazipur. Gonda. Gorakhpur. Hardoi. Jalaun. Jaunpur. Jhansi. Kheri. Lucknow. Mainpuri. Mirzapur. Muzaffarnagar. Partabgarh. Rae Bareli. Saharanpur. Sitapur. Sultanpur. Unao. (*b*) Towns— Aligarh. Allahabad Cawnpore. Farrukhabad. Gorakhpur. Lucknow Mirzapur.	VII. The Central Provinces—*contd.*	(*a*) Districts—*contd.* Narsinghpur. Nimar. Raipur. Saugar. Seoni. Wardha. Yeotmal. (*b*) Towns— Jubbulpore. Nagpur Saugor Cantonment.
VII. The Central Provinces.	(*a*) Districts— Akola. Amraoti. Balaghat Bhandara. Bilaspur. Buldana. Chanda. Chhindwara. Damoh. Hoshangabad Jubbulpore. Mandla. Nagpur.	VIII. Hyderabad State.	The whole province.
		IX. Central India.	(*a*) States— Bhopal. Dhar. Gwalior. Indore. Jaora. Panna. Sailana. (*b*) Towns— Dewas. Indore City. Indore Residency Bazaars. Mhow Cantonment. Neemuch Cantonment. Pyjiela. Ratlam. Sehore Cantonment.
		X. Rajputana.	(*a*) District— Ajmer. (*b*) States— Alwar. Bharatpur. Deoli. Jaipur. Jhalwar. Kishangarh. Kotah. Kushalgarh. Marwar (Jodhpur). Mewar Partabgarh. Shahpura. Sirohi. Tonk. (*c*) Towns— Ajmer. Jaipur.
		XI. Kashmir...	Jammu provinces.
		XII. North West Frontier Province.	Dera Ismail Khan District.

S.—Notification Stations.

South Indian Railway.

Karamadai.	Mangalore.	Dharmapuri.	Palghat
Kulumaiyalam	Singanallur.	Pelur.	Olavakot.
Perundurai.	Mettupalaiyam.	Todiyalur.	

Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.

Adoni.	Patakur.*	Oblapuram.	Basin Bridge.†	Papinayakanhalli.
Aspari.	Bellary.	Hospet.	Sholinghur	Daroji.
Bantanahal.	Bellary Cantonment.	Gulapalayanam.	Tornagallu.	Malagavalli.
Guntakal.	Virapur.	Pulakurthi.	Nagaram.	Pamidi.
Nanebetla.	Hagari.	Baiyanhal.	Tuggali.	
Timmanacherla.	Gooty.	Somalapuram.	Kosgi.	
Kappam.	Maddikera.	Kadiriui.	Rayalchervu.	

* *N.B.*—Notification papers should be issued at these two stations only to passengers from the Mysore State who alight there.

† Notification papers should be issued at Basin Bridge only to passengers coming from infected areas without the papers.

C.—ROAD FRONTIER NOTIFICATION STATIONS.

Bennur.	Gondrajupalli.	Chegalatayalu (hamlet of Vempalle).
Hosur.	Patrapalli.	
Teppakkade.		

D.—RAILWAY FRONTIER INSPECTION STATIONS.

Hospet.	Beswada.	Jalarpet.
Raichur	Hindupur	

No. 210-P.—Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Morsba in the Kudligi taluk of the Bellary district, if persons from the infected portions of the Bellary district, and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Virabhadraswami car festival:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 13th to 19th January 1918, inclusive, of persons from the said parts, and further directs that between the said dates no tickets to travel by rail way shall be sold at the stations of Asperi, Adoni, Bantanahal, Bavanhal, Bellary, Bellary Cantonment, Hagari, Hospet, Kosgi, Kudekin, Nagarur, Nanekein, Oblapuram, Pulakurthi, Somalapuram, Tornagallu and Virapur on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, for the station of Kottur on the same railway, to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

R. A. GRAHAM,
Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND PRESIDENTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

M.R.Ry. Arunthayya, son of Sampachar, member of Satyanarayanapalli, Denkanikotta, has been elected as a member of the Hosur Taluk Board.

E. W. LEGH,
Collector.

Salem Collector's Office,
6th December 1917.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1884 M.R.Ry. Pandamangalam Krishna Ayyangar Srinivasaraghava Ayyangar Avargal has been duly elected as a councillor of the Srirangam municipality in the Trichinopoly district.

E. S. LLOYD,
Collector.

Trichinopoly Collector's Office,
10th December 1917.

Under rule 21 of the rules for the conduct of elections in the district municipalities, M.R.Ry. Tejemarthala Appalarazumbalu Pantulu Garu is declared to have been duly elected as a councillor of the Bimlipatam municipality.

H. A. B. VERNON,
Acting Collector.

Vizagapatam Collector's Office,
4th December 1917.

Under the powers delegated to him by G.O. No. 378, dated 30th March 1909, the President, District Board, Chingleput, is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Swaminatha Ayyar Vaidyanatha Ayyar Avargal, Acting Tahsildar of Madurantakam, to be a member of the Chingleput Taluk Board, vice M.R.Ry. R. Venkatarazulu Ayyangar Avargal transferred.

J. F. CHYANT,
President.

Chingleput District Board's Office,
12th December 1917.

The President, District Board, Chittoor, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council, under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Mandakolattur Venkatrama Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Puttur Range, to be a member of the Chendragiri Taluk Board.

A. GALLETTI,
President.

Chittoor District Board's Office,
16th December 1917.

The President, District Board, Guntur, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Sriguravaru Lakshmanarasimham Garu of Tallur to be a member of the Guntur Taluk Board as no valid election was held to elect a member from the Krosur circle.

E. A. DAVIS,
President.

Guntur District Board's Office,
11th December 1917.

The President, District Board, Kistna, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Lakkaraju Lakkarazu Pantulu Garu, B.A., Tahsildar, Bezwada taluk, to be a member of the Bezwada Taluk Board.

Kistna District Board's Office,
8th December 1917.

The President, District Board, Kistna, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints Subadar-Major Muhammad Sheikh Abdul-lah Sahib Bahadur to be a member of the Pedvada Taluk Board.

Kistna District Board's Office,
13th December 1917.

The President, District Board, Kistna, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints M.R By. Madireddi Ganga Rao Nayudu Garu, Tahsildar, Divi taluk, to be a member of the Bandar Taluk Board.

Kistna District Board's Office,
13th December 1917.

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the President, District Board, North Arcot, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. A. Daivanayaka Mudaliyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., to be a member of the Tiruvannamalai Taluk Board.

North Arcot District Board's Office,
10th December 1917.

J. N. ROY,
President.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R Ry. S. Sivasambu Ayyar Avargal, B.A., has been appointed by election to be the Vice-President of the Sivakasi Taluk Board.

Ramnad District Board's Office, Madura,
15th December 1917.

A. F. G. MOSCARDI,
President.

In the exercise of the powers conferred on him by G.O. No. 373 L., dated the 30th March 1909, the President of the Tanjore District Board hereby appoints M.R Ry. Anantarama Ayyar Avunachala Ayyar Avargal, Tahsildar of Mannargudi, to be a member of the Mannargudi Taluk Board.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
8th December 1917.

J. R. HUGGINS,
President.

ERRATA.

In the notification published on page 804 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 20th November 1917, regarding the election of M.R.Ry. Kanteti Singaraju Garu as member of the Gudivada Taluk Board, *for* "Godavari Taluk Board" *read* "Gudivada Taluk Board."

Kistna Collector's Office,
8th December 1917.

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Collector.

In the notification published on page 782 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 13th November 1917, relating to the appointment of Mr. P. Krishna Rao as a member of the Peddapuram Taluk Board, *for* "R. H. Burkitt, President," *read* "D. Seshagiri Rao, President."

Godavari District Board's Office,
7th December 1917.

D. SESHAGIRI RAO,
President.

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Published by Authority

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Part I-B.—Educational.

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HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Education.)

PROMOTION.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1917.

No. 142.—Mr. Herbert Alfred Hart, to be provisional in the second grade of the Provincial Educational Service with effect from the 2nd July 1917 in consequence of the suspension of the lien of Dr. P. S. Chandrasekhar on his appointment in the Provincial Educational Service, and to act in the Indian Educational Service in the vacant post of Junior Professor in the Government Training College, Rajahmundry, until further orders.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, November 30, 1917.

No. 139.—Subject to there being places available at the Institute, the Government propose to award not more than three scholarships, of the value of Rs. 30 each per mensem, tenable by natives of this Presidency at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, for a period of four years commencing on the second Monday in June 1918 for the study either of Textile Manufacture, Technical and Applied Chemistry, or Sanitary Engineering and Plumbing. Candidates desirous of applying for these scholarships should submit their applications to the Officer in charge of the Department of Industries, Madras, so as to reach him not later than the 1st February 1918. Each application should be in the candidate's own handwriting and in the form appended.

2. Candidates should be either Graduates in Arts or have passed the Intermediate examination of the Madras University. Candidates will be required to produce satisfactory evidence of the consent of father or guardian to proceed to Bombay, of good character and of physical fitness to undergo the course of life and study that will have to be followed. The applications should show clearly age, nationality and general educational attainments.

5. The holders of the scholarships will not be bound by any engagement to serve Government on the completion of their course, nor will the Government be bound to employ them. Each holder will, however, be required to find two sureties to execute an agreement providing for the refund to the Government of the amount of the scholarship, should he fail to obtain the diploma granted at the end of the course.

4. The scholarships will be disbursed through the Principal of the Bombay Institute. In case the Principal reports adversely about any scholarship-holder, the scholarship will be stopped.

5. The calendar of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute may be consulted by intending candidates at the office of the Department of Industries or on application to the undersigned.

6. The Officer in charge of the Department of Industries will consider the applications received and submit them to Government, with such recommendations as he may see fit to make, not later than the 15th February 1918.

APPENDIX.

APPLICATION FOR SCHOLARSHIP.

[To be in the candidate's handwriting]

To

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES,
Madras.

SIR,

I request that I may be considered a candidate for a scholarship at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay. I am desirous of taking the course in _____* or, if I cannot secure admission to that, in _____†. The required particulars and a certificate that I am physically fit to undergo the course from a qualified medical practitioner are forwarded herewith.

I am,
Sir,
Yours
(Signed)_____

*Date*_____191 .

Particulars.

1. Name_____
   Father's name_____
2. Age_____
3. Religion_____ Caste_____
4. Place of birth_____
5. School or college last attended_____
6. Highest standard studied_____
7. Languages known_____
8. Present occupation_____
9. Name and address of father or guardian
   Name in full_____
   Address in full_____

I solemnly affirm that I possess the pecuniary ability to go through the full course which I desire to take and that I am not likely to leave the institute on account of pecuniary difficulties.

_____
Applicant.

* Here enter one only of the following: Textile Manufacture, Technical and Applied Chemistry or Sanitary Engineering and Plumbing.

† Here enter the course which you would like to enter for in the event of your failure to secure admission to the one entered in the application.

B. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

APPOINTMENT.

With effect from 6th November 1917, the date on which Mrs. C. A. B. Bartels returned to duty as acting Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Godavari Girls' Range, she will be considered to be sub. *pro tem.*, in class I of the *cadre* of Sub-Assistant Inspectresses of Girls' Schools.

Madras, 13th December 1917.

CANCELLATION OF APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of M.R.Ry. P. Ekambaranayudu Naydu, Temporary Assistant, Teachers' College, Saidapet, as temporary Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Attukur range, which was notified in Part I B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th December 1917, is hereby cancelled.

Madras, 15th December 1917.

NOTIFICATION.

Substitute the following *for* the existing rule 69 of the Madras Inspection Code :—

69. Officers will communicate with their subordinates in the memorandum form and will convey orders in the form of a request. Subordinates will address superior officers by letter and will "submit" letters, etc. While communications between officers of whatever grade where one is not under the orders of the other will, when necessary, be in the letter form and letters, etc., will be "forwarded" or "communicated" the undermentioned form should be used, in preference to the letter form, between officers of whatever status whenever that can conveniently be done. Except under the stress of urgency, officers will not communicate directly with subordinates who are not under their orders.

Madras, 6th December 1917.

TEXT-BOOKS AND COURSES OF STUDY FOR EUROPEAN SCHOOL AND SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATIONS, 1918

HIGH SCHOOL AND SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATION.

English.

(1) Shakespeare *A Midsummer Night's Dream.*
(2) *Either*—
Charles Kingsley . *Hereward the Wake* (Abridged edition for schools). (Macmillan & Co.)
Or
R. M. Ballantyne , *The Coral Island* (Blackie's Library of Famous Books edition).
(3) Macaulay : *Essay on Clive*, edited by H. M. Butler (Macmillan's English Literature for Secondary Schools)
Or
William Black : *Goldsmith* (English Men of Letters series)

NOTE :—Questions of a general, not a detailed, nature will be set on the prose works.

Latin.

Livy—*The Seven Kings of Rome* by G. H. Nall (Elementary Classics—Macmillan & Co.).

French.

Michaud—*La Premiere Croisade* (Macmillan & Co.).

Tamil.

Muthumozhi (Longmans, Green & Co.).

Telugu.

The King's Tale (Longmans' Indian Stories for School Reading).

Malayalam.

Seventh Standard Reader by Marsden (omitting the poetry). (Macmillan & Co.).

Urdu.

Seventh Urdu Reader, pp. 1 to 111, Lahore Series (Gulab Singh & Sons, Lahore).

History.

Special periods in English and Indian History—
English History .. From 1487 A.D. to 1714 A.D.
Indian History .. „ 1526 A.D. to 1748 A.D.

MIDDLE SCHOOL AND SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATION.

English.

1. Longer Narrative Poems (16th Century), edited for schools by G. G. Loane.
Morte D'Arthur and *Sir Sir and Ruskin*—
(Macmillan's English Literature for Secondary Schools)

2. Nos. 1 or 2 and 3 or 4 of the following prose works, on which questions of a general, not a detailed, nature will be set :—
(1) *Black Dwarf* by Scott (Victoria Edition, A. & C. Black).
(2) *The White Company* by Conan Doyle (School Edition, Longmans, Green & Co.).
(3) *Maps at Many Lands*, Japan (A. & C. Black).
(4) *A Book of Heroes* (Longmans' Continuous Story Readers, Senior Series).

Latin.

Caesar.—*Invasion of Britain* by Welch and Duffield (Elementary Classics—Macmillan & Co.)

French.

Jules S. Wolff.—*Les Français Peints par eux-mêmes* (Edward Arnold & Co.).

Tamil.

Hitheyadesa Stories, Part I (Macmillan & Co.)

Telugu.

Rama and Sita.—(Longmans' Indian Stories for School Reading, Grade I.)

Malayalam.

Fourth Standard Reader—by Marsden (omitting the poetry). (Macmillan & Co.)

Urdu.

Fourth Urdu Reader, Pages 1 to 56, 134 to 170 and 189 to 197 (Lahore Series, Gulab Singh & Sons, Lahore).

J. H. STONE,
Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 10th December 1917.

SUB-ASSISTANTS AND SUPERVISORS' TESTS FOR 1918.

The Director of Public Instruction hereby notifies that the Sub Assistants and Supervisors' Tests will be held on the 25th and 26th April 1918 at the undermentioned centres :—

Centre.	Superintendent. Assistant Inspector of Schools—	Centre.	Superintendent. Assistant Inspector of Schools—
1. Anantapur ..	Anantapur.	10. Madura	Madura.
2. Bellary ..	Bellary.	11. Mangalore ..	South Kanara.
3. Berhampur ..	Ganjam.	12. Nellore	Nellore.
4. Calicut ..	Malabar.	13. Rajahmundry ..	Godavari.
5. Chittoor ..	Chittoor.	14. Salem	Salem.
6. Coimbatore ..	Coimbatore.	15. Tanjore	Tanjore.
7. Cuddapah ..	Cuddapah.	16. Tinnevelly ..	Tinnevelly.
8. Guntur ..	Guntur.	17. Vizagapatam ..	Vizagapatam.
9. Madras ..	Chingleput.		

2. The tests will be held in the Government Training Schools for Masters in all the centres except Madras, Cuddapah and Madura where they will be conducted in the building noted against each :—

Madras ..	..	Madrassa-e-Azam, Mount Road.
Cuddapah ..	..	Municipal High School, Cuddapah.
Madura ..	..	Native College, Madura.

J. H. STONE,
Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATES.

PUBLIC EXAMINATION—1918.

Notice

1. The ensuing Public Examination in connexion with the Secondary School-Leaving Certificates will be held in March next. A time-table will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, in February next.

2. A supply of forms for the preparation of the nominal roll will be sent to headmasters together with a copy of the instructions for its preparation direct from this office in the second week of January next—vide paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction C. No. 8388/12, dated the 23rd November 1912.

3. A statement furnishing particulars as to (1) total number of pupils, (2) total number of them for each subject, etc., made out on the form supplied from this office for the purpose, should be sent along with the nominal roll.

4. The nominal roll and the statement referred to in paragraph 3 supra should be forwarded by the headmaster *direct* to the undersigned, post paid (preferably, *registered*), superscribed and addressed as follows, so that they may reach this office not later than the 20th January next, after which date no nominal roll will be received :—

[*Nominal roll of pupils for admission to the Public Examination, Secondary School-Leaving Certificates—March* 1918.]

To the Secretary to the School-Leaving Certificate Board,

Old College, Nungambakkam, Madras, S.W.

From the Headmaster,—— High School,——————

Insufficiently stamped packets will not be received.

Headmasters desirous of securing themselves that the nominal rolls sent by them have been received, should enclose an addressed post-card in the respective packets. The post-card should bear the headmaster's address only, and no other writing. Such post-cards will be returned to them in due course with the "Received" stamp of the office impressed upon them. Headmasters who do not receive the post-cards within fourteen days of the despatch of the nominal rolls should address the undersigned.

5. No person will be admitted to the examination as a "private" candidate.

6. A notice as regards the payment of fees will be published in February next.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 11th December 1917.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary, School Leaving Certificate Board.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—JANUARY 1918.

Candidates for the Examinations in Animal Physiology (Intermediate Grade) and Hygiene (Intermediate Grade) to be held in January 1918 are informed that the *Written* examination will be conducted in the order of time and subjects shown in the following table :—

[*N.B.*—The place of examination for the written test will be the Senate House, Chepauk, Madras.]

Days.	Hours.	Subjects.
1918.		
Friday 4th January ..	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Hygiene—Intermediate—First paper.
Saturday, 5th January ..	2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Hygiene—Intermediate—Second paper.
..	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Animal Physiology—Intermediate.

2. The following arrangements have been made for the conduct of the *Oral and Practical* examinations :—

Days with dates.	Subjects.	Grade of examination.	Hour of commencement of examining.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination.
		For all candidates			
		At Madras.			
1918.					
Saturday, 5th January and Monday, 7th January.	Hygiene ..	Intermediate ..	2 p.m. ..	68	Medical College, Madras
Tuesday, 8th January, Wednesday, 9th January and Thursday, 10th January	Animal Physiology ..	Do. ..	2 p.m. ..	76	Do.

3. Candidates are informed that a copy of the nominal list will be posted at the entrance to the examination hall a day or two before the examination and that they will be expected to learn their general numbers from the list.

4. Attention is drawn to the following rules :—

(1) No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room unless he wears a clean and decent dress, and, in all cases where good manners requires it, a suitable covering for the head, nor will he be allowed to keep his shoes on unless they are shoes of English pattern, and socks and trousers are worn also.

No candidate suffering from any contagious disease will be admitted to the examination room.

(2) No candidate will be allowed to quit the examination room on any day until the expiration of half an hour from the time fixed for the commencement of the examination, and candidates arriving after the expiration of that half hour will not be admitted.

(3) No candidate will be allowed to re-enter the examination room during the hours of examination after once quitting it, nor to leave the room without finally giving up his answer papers.

(4) Any candidate detected in seeking to, or in any way communicating with, any other candidate will be at once removed from the room, and the circumstances reported to the Commissioner.

(5) *Any candidate who does not behave properly towards the Chief and Assistant Superintendents or is suspected of having had recourse to malpractice of any kind is liable to have his examination rescinded and also to be debarred from appearing again for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit, or, if the Commissioner is not satisfied for any reason whatever as to the trustworthiness of his results, he may be required to undergo a re-examination at some future date to be fixed by the Commissioner in any one or more of the subjects of the examination for which he appeared, his success or failure being determined on the results of such re-examination.*

(6) *No candidate will on any account, be allowed to take into the examination room ink, slates, books, rough sheets, manuscripts or papers of any kind.* Anyone detected in the violation of this rule, or having recourse to any unfair practices will be removed from the room and the occurrence reported to the Commissioner. Candidates will, however, be allowed the use of mathematical instruments for drawing figures or ruling lines.

(7) Candidates whose names are not in the printed list furnished to the Superintendent must submit a written declaration through the Superintendent, giving full particulars in regard to themselves *including their address* and furnish such evidence as may be possible of their having applied for admission to the examination at the proper time and paid the prescribed fees. The answer papers of such candidates will not be valued unless it is clear that the omission of their names is due to no fault of theirs.

(8) A candidate having completed his paper will rise from his seat and remain standing until the Superintendent takes his answer papers. Any candidate wishing to ask any question of the Superintendent will pursue the same course, but will on no account leave his place.

(9) Any answer paper sent up without the candidate's name and number affixed will not be valued.

(10) Candidates will not be allowed to take any papers, except their question papers, out of the examination room.

(11) Candidates are forbidden to tear up papers or to throw ink or papers on the floor. All "spoilt copies, etc.," should be left on the desk where the candidate has been writing.

(12) Candidates are forbidden to note down the answer to any question on the question paper itself; they will not be allowed to take any papers except their question papers out of the examination room.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations.
Madras, 13th December 1917.

D. A. HOSDAY,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—APRIL 1916.

NOTICE REGARDING PERMISSION TO APPEAR.

It is hereby notified that the following candidates for the ensuing Technical Examinations to be held in April next *are not required* to obtain the previous permission of the Commissioner to apply for admission to the examinations :—

I. For the Elementary Grade—

(1) Candidates who have studied up to the Seventh Standard of an elementary school and qualified for an Elementary School-leaving Certificate.

(2) Candidates who have passed the late Middle School Examination or the compulsory portion of the late Lower Secondary Examination.

(3) Candidates who have not qualified or passed as above but are reading in the Fourth or any higher form in a *recognised* high school, or who have completed, as pupils or otherwise, the course of instruction prescribed for the Third or any higher form ; *provided* that, in the former case, they submit along with their applications for admission to the examination a certificate * to the effect that they are pupils of the Fourth or Fifth or Sixth Form from the headmaster of the school to which they belong, and in the latter case, a certificate * from the head of a *recognised* college or high school or from an Inspecting officer of the Educational Department not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Inspector to the effect that their qualifications are up to or above the Third Form Standard. In the case of candidates, however, who having completed the Third Form course as pupils of a recognised Secondary School with the third as the highest form were found fit, after a careful examination, for promotion to the Fourth Form, a certificate * to that effect from the headmaster of the school concerned will be accepted.

II. For the intermediate Grade—

(1) Candidates who hold completed Secondary School-leaving Certificate.

(2) Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination or the compulsory portion of the late Upper Secondary Examination.

(3) Candidates who have not qualified or passed as above but have passed the Elementary Examination in the particular subject for which they wish to appear.

III. For the Advanced Grade—

(1) Candidates who hold completed Secondary School-leaving Certificate.

(2) Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination or the compulsory portion of the late Upper Secondary Examination.

[*N.B.*—Candidates for the Advanced Examination in any subject who have not qualified or passed the tests specified above should apply for the necessary previous permission even though they may have passed the Intermediate Examination in that subject.]

IV. For any grade—Elementary, Intermediate or Advanced—

(1) Employees under Government, Local Boards, Municipal Councils, Mercantile Firms etc., who do not possess the required General Education qualifications but are required to pass in any of the subjects included in the notification, *provided* they submit along with their applications for admission to the examination a certificate * from the head of the office in which they are employed to the effect that they are required to pass in that subject, the grade being specified in the certificate.

(2) Candidates who do not possess the required General Education qualifications but once appeared and failed in a particular subject for a particular grade, or were once permitted to come up for a particular subject and for a particular grade, *provided* that they are appearing in the same subject and for the same grade, and that in the former case, they quote in their *applications for admission to the examinations* the year in which they failed and the examination centre at which they appeared, and in the latter case, the number and date of the order of the Commissioner granting them permission.

(3) Pupils *of a recognised* Technical school or class, *provided*—

(*a*) they are certified by the head of the institution to which they belong to have completed the prescribed course in the subject and for the grade, and

(*b*) the school or class is recognised by the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, for that subject and grade.

2. All *other* candidates who do not come under any of the above heads should obtain the previous permission of the Commissioner and should accordingly submit their applications for permission on or before the 15th January next in the annexed form, submitting along with such applications a certificate * from the head of a recognised college or high school, or an Inspecting officer of the Educational Department not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Inspector as regards their general education attainments and another certificate * from a competent person to the effect that their knowledge of the particular technical subject taken up is up to the standard of the grade for which they wish to appear. The applications should be made out clearly in English. No printed copies of the form are available.

Form of application for permission to appear for the Government Technical Examinations.

1. Name of applicant
2. Occupation or profession of applicant, or appointment held by him.
3. Age.
4. General Education Test passed, if any, with date and page of the Gazette.
5. Technical subjects (with grades) already passed in, if any, with date and page of the Gazette.
6. Highest form of which applicant was pupil, and name of school. (1) Form. (2) School.
7. Technical subjects (with grade) for which permission is sought. (1) subject. grade. (2) (3)
8. *Address in full*

Station _____

Date _____

Signature of applicant.

(1) (*Form of certificate to be signed by the head of a recognised college or high school or an Inspecting officer of the Educational Department not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Inspector.*)

I hereby certify that the general education attainments of the applicant are up to the standard of the _____ Form.

Station _____ *Signature* _____

Date _____ *Designation (in full)* _____

(2) (*Form of certificate to be signed by a competent person, that is, by one who is professionally qualified or has made a special study of technical subjects and is accordingly by his knowledge and attainments competent.*)

I hereby certify that the knowledge possessed by the applicant of the technical subject specified in column 7 *supra* is up to the standard of the grade for which permission is sought.

Station _____ *Signature* _____

Date _____

(1) *Designation (in full)* _____

(2) *General and special qualifications, examinations passed, etc.* _____

* The certificates should be submitted *in original* and will under no circumstances be returned.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 13th December 1917.

D. A. HOSDAY, *Secretary.*

SPECIAL EXAMINATION UNDER THE SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATE BOARD FOR THE BENEFIT OF TEACHERS WHO HAVE FAILED IN THE MATRICULATION OR THE UPPER SECONDARY EXAMINATION AND ARE DESIROUS OF BEING ADMITTED FOR SECONDARY GRADE TRAINING—MARCH 1918.

It is hereby notified that the next Special Examination mentioned above will be held in March 1918.

2. The examination will be held at the same time as and the question papers will be the same as those of the public examination held under the secondary school leaving certificates scheme. A time-table will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* in February next.

3. The examination will be held at all secondary schools in the Presidency which present pupils for the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate Public Examination.

4. The following are the subjects of the examination :—

[Candidates must take all the subjects of Group A and at least two subjects from Group C.]

Group A.

Elementary Mathematics.
English.
Vernacular Composition and Translation including a paper on Text-books.

Group C.

Languages—
(a) Classical—
Sanskrit.
Arabic.
(b) Indian Vernaculars—
Urdu (Hindustani).
Kanarese
Tamil.
Telugu.
Malayalam.
Uriya.

History of England and British India.
History of India.
Geography.
Algebra and Geometry.
Practical Mathematics.
Botany.
Physics.
Chemistry.

Note.—Candidates who take Sanskrit or Arabic under Group C, may not take Vernacular Composition and Translation under Group A.

5 (i) As regards the special period prescribed for History of England and British India candidates are referred to this office notice published in Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 17th July 1917.

(ii) The examination in History of India and Geography will be conducted in accordance with the syllabuses prescribed for the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University and published at pages 130 and 438 *et seq* of Volume I of the Madras University Calendar for 1918, the Pre Musalman Period being the *special* period prescribed for the examinations of March 1918.

Note.—Acquaintance with the History of India in outline is also required ; the examination in other subjects will be conducted in accordance with the courses of study prescribed for the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate scheme.

6. The examination is open only to bona fide teachers who have failed in the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary examination and are desirous of being admitted for secondary grade training.

7. The fee prescribed for admission to the examination is Rs. 12 which must be paid in every case into a Government Treasury, or, if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras on or before the 20th

January next, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the Bank of Madras, attached to the application. On no account will the fees be received in the Commissioner's Office whether sent in cash or by Post Office orders.

8. The fee paid will, in no case whatsoever, be refunded, nor will it be reserved for subsequent examination. Neither will any excess fee that may have been inadvertently paid be returned.

9. Applications for admission to the examination made out in *manuscript* in the form prescribed in this notification, should be submitted sufficiently early to the Circle Inspector or Inspectress of Schools concerned so that they may countersign and forward them to the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations *on or before the 20th January next.*

10. Candidates should submit not later than the 31st January a statement furnishing particulars as regards their educational and teaching career under the different heads in the accompanying form in view to the particulars being mentioned in the certificate to be issued to each candidate. The statement should be submitted through the Assistant Inspector or Inspector of schools concerned according as the candidate is a teacher of Elementary or Secondary school.

Form of application for admission to the Special Examination under the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Board for the benefit of teachers who have failed in the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary Examination—March 1918.

1. Candidate's name in (full).
(The word *f w/o* should be added in the case of female candidates.)
2. Father's name (in full).
3. Age (years).
4. Class of community to which candidate belongs.
(The candidate will here enter Brahman, Non-Brahman Caste Hindu, Panchama, Mahomedan, Indian Christian, European or Eurasian as the case may be).
5. Secondary school at which candidate desires to be examined
(The Secondary school selected should be one nearest to the place where he is employed.)
6. Name of school in which candidate is a teacher
(Full particulars, postal address, etc., should be given.)
7. Particulars regarding candidate's failure at the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary Examination:
(1) Name of institution from which candidate appeared for the examination.
(2) Register number.
(3) Year and centre.
8. Subject in which candidate wishes to be examined—

Group A (all subjects). (1) Elementary Mathematics. (2) English. (3) Vernacular Composition and Translation. (Language).

N.B.—The particular language whether Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Kanarese, Urdu (Hindustani) or Uriya for "Vernacular Composition and Translation" should be specified here, even if it happens to be a language brought up under Group C.

Group C (not less than 2 subjects) (1) (2)

N.B.—If Sanskrit or Arabic is brought up, the Vernacular language through the medium of which the paper will be answered, should be specified thus: Sanskrit (Tamil) or Arabic (Urdu)

9. Whether the candidate has attached the Treasury Officer's receipt for the fee of Rs. 15 paid by him.

Station _____
Date _____

Signature of candidate _____

(1) (*Form of certificate to be signed by the head of a recognised college or Secondary School, or an Inspecting Officer of the Educational Department not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Inspector.*)

The applicant was a candidate for the Matriculation / Upper secondary Examination and failed in it.

Station _____
Date _____

(Signature) _____
Designation (in full) _____

(2) *Form of certificate to be signed by the Circle Inspector or Inspectress of Schools.*
The applicant is bona fide teacher in the school mentioned in column 6.

Station _____
Date _____

Signature of Inspector / Inspectress of Schools _____
_____ Circle.

Form of statement for furnishing particulars as regards the educational and teaching career—Special Examination (for teachers) under the Secondary School-leaving Certificate Board, 1918.

(1) Examinations passed
(2) Year in which appeared for the Matriculation / Upper Secondary Examination _____
(3) Professional Certificate
(4) Subjects and standards or classes taught.
(5) Length of service as teacher.

Station _____
Date _____

Signature of Applicant.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 13th December 1917.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary.

THE LAW COLLEGE, MADRAS.

II. TERM OF 1917-18.

There will be no admissions in the college during this term except for Special Students.

2. The following rate of term fees for this term should be paid into the *Bank of Madras* only, and the bank receipts filed in the college office on or before Saturday, the 19th January 1918 :—

M.L. classes	..	..	..	..	..	60
B.L. and P.L. classes	..	..	..	..	..	30
Pleadership class	..	..	..	..	..	75
						50

3. The athletic fee of one rupee by each student should be paid in the college office.

Madras, 4th December 1917.

A. DAVIES,
Principal, Madras Law College.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

RULES AND DIRECTIONS OF THE SYNDICATE FOR THE ADMISSION OF HOLDERS OF SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATES TO UNIVERSITY COURSES OF STUDY.

1. Admission of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates to University courses of study in the academic year 1918-19 and subsequent years shall be made only in accordance with the revised rules and directions of the Syndicate herein contained.

2. Such holders only of completed secondary school-leaving certificates may be admitted to University courses of study, and will be registered as matriculates under Regulation 166 (a) as have been declared eligible for such admission by the Syndicate.

3. A complete list of certificate-holders declared eligible for admission to University courses of study will be published annually in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and a copy of this list will be furnished to each Principal of an affiliated college. In no circumstances may any certificate-holder not included in one of these lists be admitted to an affiliated college other than a College for Women, nor will any such certificate holder be permitted to registration as a matriculate under Regulation 166 (a) except as provided in paragraph 9 below.

4. In the case of certificates issued under the authority of the Government of Madras those holders of certificates who qualify under either of the two following sets of rules will be included in the list of those declared eligible by the Syndicate for admission to University courses of study.

I

1. Secondary school leaving certificate-holders shall be eligible for admission to University courses of study whose marks in the Public Examination or whose marks after moderation are not less than the Presidency average in the Public Examination in each of the subjects in Group A (except Vernacular Composition and Translation in the case of school pupils who study a classical or a foreign language under Group C and are therefore exempted the study of the former subject under Group A) and in two of the subjects of Group C (one of which subjects being Algebra and Geometry, or Physics, or Chemistry, or English History), provided that the examination or moderated marks obtained are at least 5 above the Presidency average in English and also 5 above the Presidency average in one of the above-mentioned subjects in Group C.

2. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to obtain marks equal to the Presidency average in Vernacular Composition *or* in Elementary Mathematics shall be eligible for admission, provided he obtains excess marks in English and the other subject taken together equal in number to twice the number of marks by which he is deficient in the one subject.

A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to obtain marks equal to the Presidency average in Vernacular Composition *and* in Elementary Mathematics shall be eligible for admission, provided he obtains excess marks in English equal in number to twice the total number of marks by which he is deficient in the two other subjects.

3. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who obtains 5 marks above the Presidency average in one of the four selected subjects in Group C but who fails to obtain marks equal to the Presidency average in a second subject of that group shall be eligible for admission, provided that in the former subject he obtains excess marks equal in number to twice the number of marks by which he is deficient in the latter subject.

4. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to obtain marks equal to the Presidency average in Vernacular Composition, or Elementary Mathematics, or in both, and also in a second subject of Group C may be declared eligible for admission, provided that he obtains excess marks as above both in the other subject or subjects in Group A and in the other subject of Group C.

II

1. Secondary school-leaving certificate holders shall be eligible for admission to University courses of study whose marks in the Public Examination or whose marks after moderation are, of the total marks, not less than 40 per cent in English 35 per cent in Vernacular Composition and Translation (except in the case of school pupils who study a classical or a foreign language under Group C and are therefore exempted the study of Vernacular Composition and Translation under Group A), 35 per cent in Elementary Mathematics, 40 per cent in one subject of Group C (such subject being either Algebra and Geometry, or Physics, or Chemistry, or English History) and 35 per cent in any other subject of that group.

2. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to obtain 35 per cent of the marks in Vernacular Composition *or* in Elementary Mathematics shall be eligible for admission, provided he obtains excess marks in English and the other subject taken together equal in number to twice the number of marks by which he is deficient in the subject in which he fails.

A secondary school-leaving certificate holder who fails to obtain 35 per cent of the marks in Vernacular Composition *and* in Elementary Mathematics shall be eligible for admission, provided he obtains excess marks in English equal in number to twice the total number of marks by which he is deficient in the two other subjects.

3. A secondary school leaving certificate-holder who obtains 40 per cent of the marks in one of the four selected subjects in Group C but who fails to obtain 35 per cent of the marks in a second subject of that group shall be eligible for admission, provided that in the former subject he obtains excess marks equal in number to twice the number of marks by which he is deficient in the latter subject.

4. A secondary school leaving certificate holder who fails to obtain 35 per cent of marks in Vernacular Composition, or Elementary Mathematics, or in both, and also in a second subject of Group C may be declared eligible for admission, provided that he obtains excess marks as above both in the other subject or subjects in Group A and in the other subject of Group C.

5. In the case of certificates issued under the authority of Native States in the territorial jurisdiction of the University similar standards for admission will be applied.

6. The moderation of the marks obtained by a holder of a secondary school-leaving certificate for the purpose of the above rules will be effected as follows:—

The individual mark gained by him for the last year at school in each subject will be multiplied by the average mark for the school at the Public Examination and the result divided by the average mark of his class for the last year at school. The figure thus obtained will be added to the individual mark gained by him at the Public Examination and the total will then be divided by two to obtain the final moderated mark.

7. Candidates for admission to colleges, who are holders of certificates completed prior to 1917, must submit their certificates to this office *for* inspection not later than the 30th April. Every such certificate will be judged according to the rules in force for certificates completed in the year in which it is submitted for inspection except that in the case of certificates completed prior to 1917 the best performance in each subject in any year will be taken into consideration.

8. Any candidate for admission to University courses of study who in any year fails to qualify by reason of deficiency in any subject or subjects in which he has undergone examination will be required to undergo a supplementary course at school in all the subjects of Group A and in two subjects of Group C. He must again appear at the final examination in a future year and his eligibility for admission will subsequently be determined as if he had then appeared for the examination for the first time.

9. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rules the Principals of Colleges for Women will be permitted to make admissions at their discretion of female holders of secondary school leaving certificates whether or not the names of such holders of certificates are included in the published list of certificate-holders eligible for admission to University courses of study. Certificate-holders so admitted to Colleges for Women will be registered as matriculates under Regulation 186 (a).

10 The lists published annually in the *Fort St. George Gazette* will contain the names of all certificate-holders found to be eligible for admission to University courses of the study in affiliated colleges, other than Colleges for Women, under the rules and directions issued by the Syndicate. It is, however, to be clearly understood that inclusion in the lists confers on no certificate-holder the right of admission in any affiliated college The Principals of Colleges are at perfect liberty to restrict admission to such applicants as they may select and are moreover required strictly to confine admission to such eligible certificate holders as, judged by their certificates, may be expected to profit by the particular courses of study upon which they propose to enter in the college selected.

Senate House, 5th December 1917.

COURSE OF SPECIAL LECTURES.

A course of six special lectures on the Beginnings of the South Indian History will be delivered by M E Rt. Rao Sahib S. Krishnaswami Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., M.R.A.S., F.R.H.S., University Professor of Indian History and Archæology in the Senate House on Mondays and Fridays commencing from Friday the 18th January 1918.

The lectures will be open (1) to students of the University taking the B.A. Honours courses and the B.A. (Pass) courses in Groups (v) and (vi)—Dravidian Languages, recommended by the Principals of their respective colleges, (2) to graduates of the University and (3) to the general public.

Admissions to the lectures will be by tickets only. Applications for tickets should be made to the Registrar, University of Madras. The Principals of colleges are requested to forward a list of eligible students recommended for admission to the lectures. Graduates should state their degree in their application.

Senate House, 10th December 1917.

NOTIFICATION.

The Syndic to has appointed Mayuram to be an additional centre for the written examinations of the B.A. Degree Examination of 1918.

Senate House, 14th December 1917

SUBJECTS FOR EXAMINATION.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1918.

English.

Selections in Poetry and Prose to be published by the University in June 1918. Further Selections in Prose will be announced later.

Languages.

Selections will be published or announced later

History

History of Great Britain and Ireland: The Tudor and Stuart Periods.
History of India. The Mediæval Period.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1918

PART I-A.

English.

Detailed study:

Shakespeare: Richard III.
Rosetti: The King's Tragedy.
Goldsmith: The Deserted Village.
Wordsworth: The Character of the Happy Warrior
Sonnets—Milton: On His Blindness.
Arnold: On Shakespeare
Wordsworth: The World is too much with us.
White: Night and Death.
Songs: From Tennyson's Princess—Break, Break, Break; As through the Land at Eve we went; Sweet and Low; The Splendour Falls on Castle Walls, Tears, idle tears; O Swallow; Home they brought the Warrior Dead.
Macaulay: Bunyan and Goldsmith (Oxford Press)
Selected Essays from English Literature by Elizabeth Lee. Omitting Bacon and Cowley: (Edward Arnold).

Non-detailed study:

Archer: Stories of Exploration and Discovery (Cambridge University Press).
Stevenson: Treasure Island.
Patterson: The Man-eaters of Tsavo (Macmillan).
Scott: The Lord of the Isles.

PART I-B

BOOKS PRESCRIBED FOR NON-DETAILED STUDY.

Marathi

Itihāsakvartā Nibandha by V. K. Chipolnkar, B.A. } New Kitābkhāna, Poona.
Wangmaya Vigyāna Nibandha Do.
Krishnaqarita by O. V. Vaidya, B.A., LL.B.

Uriya.

Prabhāta by Chandrashekhara Nanda: } Utkala Sahitya Press, Cuttack.
Bhārata Lalanā by Chintamani Mohanti.

Urdu.

Darbar-i-Akbari. First half (Any bookseller).
Mukhtar-Ashar Part I. (S.P.C.K. Depot, Vepery, Madras).

Tamil.

Vijayakaranyam by Mr. A. Balakrishna, Lecturer, Pachaiyappa's College, Madras.
Panairupalvar-caritram, Mr. Rangaswami Ayyangar, Oxford University Press (English portions to be omitted).
Chaitanya caritram, pages 217—339 by Mr. P. Vijayaratnam Pillai, Vepery.

Telugu.

Vimalā Dēvi by Bhogaraju Narayanamurti, (Vignana Chandrika office, Egmore).
Sitārāma by Venkata Parvateswara Kavulu, (Andhra Pracheenja Grandha Nilayam, Siddavatam).

Kanarese.

Ramānanda,—Satashitaiyai series, published by Satashitaiyai office, Nanjanagud, (Mysore).
Savrata by M. A. Ramanuja Ayyangar, Maharani's College, Mysore.

Malayalam.

Prose:

Tamarasseri; by Sri T. B. Kalyani Amma, B.A.
Macmillan's Ninth Reader. Lessons 9, 11, 13, 14, 15 and 16.

PART II.

Groups (i) and (ii).

Physics and Chemistry.

Books recommended:

(*b*) *Physics*:
Kimball: Introduction to Practical Physics (Macmillan).
Watson, W.: Elementary Practical Physics (Longmans).
Schuster and Lees: Intermediate Course of Practical Physics (Macmillan).
Glazebrook: Hydrostatics, Light and Heat (Cambridge University Press).
Hadley: Magnetism and Electricity for Beginners (Macmillan).

(*c*) *Chemistry*:
Smith and Hale: Laboratory Outline of General Chemistry (Bell).

References:
Smith: Introduction to General Inorganic Chemistry (Bell).
Shenstone: Elements of Inorganic Chemistry, Ed. by R. G. Durrant (Arnold).

Group (iii).

Logic

As a further indication of the scope and standard of the Intermediate Examination, Creighton's "Introductory Logic," Parts I and II, is recommended as a suitable text-book.

Sanskrit.

Dandin: Dasakumaracharita, sections IV.
Kalidasa: Kumarasambhava, cantos I—III.
Sri Harsa: Ratnavali.

Marathi

Waman: Charmagara manjari and Nitisataka (Nirnayasagara Press, Bombay).
Para lakshita kona ghetu, by H. N. Apte.
Tara Natak, by V. M. Mardjani, M.A.
Life of Sambhaji and Rajaraama Maharaja: by E. N. Sane, B.A. } (New Kavyakhana, Poona).
Tukaram:
Selections as given in the latest edition of Navanita, by Parasuraama Pant Godbole.

Uriya

Sparsha Parisa, by Pitambara Das: Dvitiya Ratnakara, pages 25 to 38 (Jadabhsvara carita) (Printing Company, Cuttack).
Prabhasini by Phakir Mohana Senapati.
Panchalipratapanaraya Natuka, by Sri Radhamohana Rajendra Deva. } (Utkala Sahitya Press Cuttack).
Sarmistha, by Nandakisora Bala.
Chikka, by Ba bhaitha Bai.

Greek

Sophocles: Oedipus Coloneus.
Aeschines: In Ctesiphontem.

Latin.

Virgil: Aeneid II.
Horace: Epistles II, without *Ars Poetica*.
Cicero: Pro Ligario.
Livy: XXI (1 to 40).

French.

Racine: Athalie.
R. L. A. Du Pontet: Poèmes choisis—the first 60 pieces (Edward Arnold).
Labiche et Martin: Le Voyage de M. Perrichon (Rivingtons—Blackwell).
Chateaubriand: Mémoires D'Outre-tombe (Oxford University Press).

German.

Text Books will be prescribed when required.

Hebrew.

Kings, Hosea, Joel—the whole (S.P.C.K. Depot, Vepery, Madras).

Arabic.

Tarikhul Khulafa by Suyuti. The whole.
Diwan-i-Ali. First half.

Persian.

Diwan-i-Hafiz: From Radif Zal to end.
Akhlaq-i-Muhsini: First twenty chapters.
Wakiat-i-Nuraisa, by Mirza Jafar (S.P.C.K. Depot, Madras).

Urdu.

Nazmul-Mulk-i-Tani, by Abdur-Razaq (Nami Press, Cawnpore, } Aligarh College Book Depot, Aligarh.
Kulliat-i Akbar: First volume

Tamil

Poetry:
Selections published by the University:—
1. Pattinappalai: pages 103 to 219.
2. Akanaanuru: pages 28 to 42.
3. Tiruvilayadal puranam: pages 258 to 281.

Prose.

(1) Jnâṇavilâsbar by Mr. A. Subrahmanya Bharati (Sri Balasubrahmanyam & Co., Rayapettah).
(2) The War in Europe, pages 118—132 by Mr. G. A. Vaidyarama Ayyar (G. A. Vaidyaraman Co., Madras).
(3) Prince Deoing by Mr. M. Krishnaswami Pavalar, Chintadripet.

Telugu.

Poetry. Nos. 3, 13, 21 and 50 from the Intermediate University Selections in Telugu.
Drama: Harischandra, A Telugu translation from Tamil of Rao Bahadur S. Bhavanandam Pillai. (Abridged Edition)
Prose:
Sri Krishnam Rajubhiramu by D. Suryanarayana Sastrulu and C. Sundararama Sastrulu. (Madras).
Karna Caritramu by Vajjhala Chine Seetaramaswami Sastrulu. (Vizianagaram).

Kanarese

Poetry:—Selections published by the University—pages 156–350.
Prose:—Vaisarâjakathe—Kâvya Kalânidhi series.
Bhakti-vijaya Nâṭaka by Rao Bahadur C. Hanumantha Gowda (R. Venkateswar & Co., Madras).

Malayalam.

Poetry:
Selections published by University:
(i) Bhârata Kilippâṭṭu, by Tunchat Ezhuthachhan Sambhava Parvam—pages 47 to 80.
(ii) Dhruvacaritam, Tullal—pages 206 to 217.
(iii) Nalacaritam, Kathâkali, 1st day's play—pages 382 to 403.
Prose:
Kâdambari Kathâsâram, by T. C. Kelyani Amma (Kerala Chintamani Press, Trichur).
Tarakshathakal by Mr. P. P. Rama Ayyar (Malayala Mayukha Press, Alleppey).

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION—1919.

(UNDER THE NEW REGULATIONS.)

PART I.

English.

(A) *Books set for Comparative—Non-detailed Study:*
Boswell: Life of Johnson, abridged by Watson (Macmillan & Co.).
Thackeray: Esmond.
George Eliot: Scenes from Clerical Life.
Raleigh: The War of Ideas: Oxford Clarendon Press).
Tappan: In Jandal Times (Harrap).
(B) *Detailed Study:*
(1) Shakespeare: One of the following groups:—
(a) Othello. Twelfth Night.
(b) Macbeth: Cymbeline.
(2) Select Examples of 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th Century Verse: One of the following groups:—
(a) Milton: Samson Agonistes.
Dryden. MacFlecknoe.
Goldsmith: Retaliation.
Wordsworth: Tintern Abbey; Ode to Duty; Influence of Natural Objects; Character of the Happy Warrior
Browning: An Epistle of Karshish; Rabbi Ben Ezra; The Bishop orders his Tomb.
(b) Spenser: Faerie Hymnes
Dryden: Song for St. Cecilia's Day, Alexander's Feast.
Pope: Rape of the Lock.
Shelley: Adonais.
(3) 16th, 17th and 18th Century Prose: One of the following groups:—
(a) Bacon's Essays:—Truth, Revenge, Adversity, Simulation and Dissimulation, Marriage and Single Life, Envie, Great Place, Goodness and Goodness of Nature, Nobilitie, Atheism, Superstition, Empire, Counsell, Wisdom for a Man's Self, Friendship, True Greatness of Kingdomes and Estates, Discourse, Studies, Anger, Praise
Milton: Areopagitica.
Johnson on Shakespeare: Selected by Sir W. Raleigh: the whole book (Clarendon Press).
(b) Ascham: Schoolmaster.
Dryden: Essay on Dramatic Poesy.
Gibbon: Autobiography (without the Letters appended).
(4) 19th Century Prose: One of the following groups:—
(a) English Essays selected by Makower and Blackwell (Oxford Press):—Lamb, Hazlitt, DeQuincey, Carlyle, Macaulay, George Eliot, M. Arnold, Swinburne, Pater, Symonds, Jefferies, Stevenson, Francis Thompson.
Ruskin: The Crown of Wild Olive (Four lectures).
Froude: Cæsar (Longmans).
(b) Carlyle: On History
Newman: Literature.
M. Arnold: Marcus Aurelius.
} 19th Century Essays edited by Sampson (Cambridge Press).
Walter Pater: The Renaissance.
Froude: England's Forgotten Worthies, The Science of History.
(C) *The History of Language:*
Chaucer: The Nun's Priest's Tale.

PART II

GROUP (II-A).

Physical Science.

Books recommended :

Physics :

Porter : Intermediate Course in Mechanics (Murray).
Wagstaff : Properties of Matter (University Series).
Edser : General Physics (Macmillan).
Poynting and Thomson : Sound (Griffin).
Catchpool : Sound (University Series).
Edser : Heat (Macmillan).
Edser : Light (Macmillan).
Hadley : Magnetism and Electricity (Macmillan).
Glazebrook. Electricity and Magnetism (Cambridge University Press).
Schuster and Lees : Practical Physics (Cambridge University Press).
Glazebrook and Shaw. Practical Physics (Longmans).

Reference :

Searle : Experimental Elasticity (Cambridge University Press).
Poynting and Thomson : Heat (Griffin)
Watson. Practical Physics (Longmans).

Chemistry :

Smith : Introduction to General Chemistry (Bell).
Holleman. Inorganic Chemistry (Wiley).
Walker : Introduction to Physical Chemistry (Macmillan), omitting Chapters XII, XV, XVI, XVII, XXII, XXVI, XXVII, XXIX, XXX, XXXII, XXXIII, XXXIV and XXXV.
Landenburg, tr. Dobbin : History of Chemistry, Chapters I—VI (Simpkin)
Fenton : Notes on Qualitative Chemical Analysis (Cambridge University Press)
Bailey : Elements of Quantitative Analysis, Chapters I—IV and VII—X (Macmillan)

Reference :

Roscoe and Schorlemmer : Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II (Macmillan).

GROUP (II-B).

Physical Science.

Chemistry :

Smith : Introduction to General Chemistry (Bell).
Holleman : Inorganic Chemistry (Wiley).
Walker : Introduction to Physical Chemistry (Macmillan), omitting Chapters XII, XV, XVI, XVII, XXII, XXVI, XXVII, XXIX, XXX, XXXII, XXXIII, XXXIV and XXXV.
Ladenburg, tr. Dobbin : History of Chemistry, Chapters I—VI (Simpkin).
Fenton. Notes on Qualitative Chemical Analysis (Cambridge University Press).
Bailey : Elements of Qualitative Analysis, Chapters I—IV and VII—X (Macmillan).
Arrhenius, tr. Price : Theories of Chemistry (Longmans).
Coward and Perkins : Exercises in Chemical Calculation.
Caven and Lander : Systematic Inorganic Chemistry (Blackie).
Ostwald, tr. M'Gowan : Scientific Foundations of Analytical Chemistry (Macmillan).
Perkin and Kipping : Organic Chemistry (Chambers).
Zernikan, tr. Sudborough : Organic Chemistry (Blackie).
Thorpe. Essays in Historical Chemistry (Macmillan).
Treadwell and Hall : Quantitative Analysis (Wiley).
Caven : Systematic Qualitative Analysis (Blackie).

Reference :

Alembic Club Reprints.
Treadwell and Hall : Qualitative Analysis (Wiley).
Roscoe and schorlemmer : Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II (Macmillan).

Physics :

Wagstaff : Properties of Matter (University Series), omitting Chapters IX, X, XII and XIV.
Edser : Heat (Macmillan).
Edser : Light (Macmillan).
Glazebrook : Electricity and Magnetism (Cambridge University Press).
Schuster and Lees : Practical Physics (Cambridge University Press).

GROUP (IV).

Logic, Psychology and Ethics.

Text-books recommended

(1) Creighton's 'Introductory Logic' (especially Part III) and Bosanquet's 'Essentials of Logic.'
(2) Angell's 'Psychology.'
(3) Mackenzie's 'Manual of Ethics'

Philosophical work prescribed :

(a) Berkeley's 'Principles of Human Knowledge.'

GROUP (V)

History and Economics (1918 and 1919).

(5) Political Science.

SYLLABUS OF THE COURSE.

The State.—Its characteristics and relation to kindred conceptions, *e.g.*, People Nation, Society, Government, Constitution; its value

The Origin of the State.—The family, patriarchal or matriarchal; primitive headship; slavery or adoption; conquest or amalgamation.

The Ancient City State—Political evolution in Sparta, Athens, Rome—Monarchy, Aristocracy Oligarchy, Tyranny, Democracy.

The Federated City State. The Imperial City State.

The Country State—Break up of the Roman Empire. Political forces of the Middle Ages—Feudalism, the Holy Roman Empire, the Papacy, premature Constitutionalism, the re-appearance of the City State.

The modern period, political influences of the Renaissance, Reformation, Maritime Discoveries. National monarchy in England and France—resemblance and contrast in sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. The Social Contract.

Constitutional Monarchy. Republican Government, e.g., France and U.S.A.

The Federated Country State. The Imperial Country State.

Analysis of the Modern State.—The Legislature, Executive and Judicial powers. The principle of separation of powers (a) as between Federal and Part State organs, e.g. U.S.A. (b) as between the Legislature, Executive and Judiciary, e.g. U.S.A., Great Britain, France.

The Legislature.—Two Chambers—their composition and powers. The representative and the telephone theories. Direct legislation by referendum and initiative. Sovereign and non-Sovereign Legislatures. Rigid and Flexible Constitutions.

The Executive.—Parliamentary and non-parliamentary Executive. The Cabinet.

The Judiciary.—Its relation to the Executive and to the Legislature. The 'Rule of Law.'

Party Government.—Its development in Great Britain and the U.S.A. Its merits and defects.

The Sphere of the State.—The Greek and Roman View, Teutonic individualism.

Mercantile Policy. Laissez Faire.

Modern Individualism and Socialism.

The following books are recommended for study, but are not prescribed.

Fowler: The City State of the Greeks and Romans.

Sidgwick: The development of European Polity.

Leacock: Elements of Political Science.

Low: The Governance of England.

Groups (iv), (v) & (vi).

Languages, other than English.

Sanskrit.

Group (iv).

Kṛṣṇa Miśra: Prabodhacandrodaya.
Mahābhārata, Śāntiparvan, adhyāya 177–182.

Group (v).

Rg-veda, maṇḍala I, 16–21.
Kathā-sarit-sāgara VIII, 474–1350.
Kālidāsa—Raghuvaṃśa, cantos IV and VI.

Group (vi) (1919 and 1920).

(a) Rg-veda, maṇḍala I, 16–21.
Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, pañchikā viii, adhyāya iii (Nirnaya Sagara Press).
Kaṭhopaniṣad, valli i–iii (Anandasrama Sanskrit Series).
Gautama dharma-sūtra, praśna I (Anandasrama Sanskrit Series).

(b) Kālidāsa: Śakuntalā.
Kṛṣṇa Miśra: Prabodhacandrodaya.
Bāṇa: Kādambarī, from Śukanāsopadeśa to the end of Aucheḍyarūpana.
Patañjali: Mahābhāṣya I, i, 1.
Mahābhārata, Śāntiparvan, adhyāyas 177–182 (ed. T. R. Krishnacharya, Madhava Vilas Book Depot).
Kathā-sarit-sāgara: Kāthāsaritsāgara VIII, 474–1350 (ed. Durgāprasāda, Government Central Book Depot, Bombay).

Related subject.

Early History of India to the beginning of the present era (i.e. Christian era).
Books recommended:—
E. J. Rapson. Ancient India (Camb. Univ. Press).
V. A. Smith. Early History of India.

Marathi.

Group (iv).

Hindusthānachā Arvāchīna Itihāsa—Part II (Marāṭhī, Rayāt), by G. S. Sardesai, B.A. (Damodar Savalaram & Co., Bombay).

Group (v).

Same as Group (iv).

Group (vi).

Siva Chatrapati's Life by Sabhāsada.
Dharmapura Jekhla ya vyākhyāne by Dr. Sir R. G. Bhandarkar, M.A. } (New Kitabkhana, Poona)
Sadhārankāshi Nyāyāsha Nibandha by G. G. Agarkar, M.A. }
Moropant. Kavitā.
Jñāneśvari—Chapter IX, edited by A. M. Kanto, B.A., LL.B. (Nirnaya Sagar Press, Bombay).
Marāṭhī bhāshechā Shivāyana, by V. L. Bhave of Thana (New Kitabkhana, Poona).

Related subject.

History of the Marathas up to 1720.
Books recommended:—
M. G. Ranade: Rise of the Maratha Power.
Grant Duff: History of the Marathas (Calcutta, 1912).

Uriya.

GROUP (IV).

Srimadbhagavata by Jagannatha Das: Catturtha Skandha: Dhruvacarita, Adhyatma Ramayana by Baladhara Das: Sundarakanda Patha, Vaidehisa-Vilasa by Upendra Bhanja: cantos 17 and 18 Uttarakamatavata by Madhusudana Rao (Utkala Sahitya Press, Cuttack). } Cuttack Printing Company.

GROUP (V).

Same as group (IV)

GROUP (VI).

Srimadbhagavata by Jagannatha Das: Catturtha Skandha. Dhruvacarita, Adhyatma Ramayana by Baladhara Das: Sundarakanda Patha: Vaidehisa Vilasa by Upendra Bhanja: cantos 17 and 18. Uttara Ramacarita by Madhusudana Rao, Utkala Sahitya Press, Cuttack. } Cuttack Printing Company.

Alankara Bodhadarsa by Sudhala Deva of Bonra, three parts viz: (1) Gunaprakarana, (2) Dosha prakarana and (3) Alankara Prakarana. Kridracandrananda campu by Baldhadra Ratha: Mahabharata by Sarala Das: Adiparva pp. 1 to 136 } Cuttack Printing Company.

Sri Pratapa-Sataka by Sri Radhanatha Rajendra Deva: Megha-duta by Radhanatha Rai: Purva megha: } Utkala Sahitya Press, Cuttack.

Related subject

History of Orissa under Native and Muhammadan Rule.
Book recommended:—
W. W. Hunter: Orissa.

Greek.

GROUP (IV).

Plato: Phaedrus.

GROUP (V).

Thucydides:—The Sicilian Expedition, ed.—Frost (Macmillan).

GROUP (VI).

Homer: Iliad, XXII.
Æschylus: Prometheus Vinctus
Thucydides: The Sicilian Expedition, edited by Frost (Macmillan)
Plato: Phædrus
Jebb: The Attic Orators from Antiphon to Isæus, 2 Vols. (Macmillan).

Latin.

GROUP (V).

Cicero:—Tusculan Disputations IV and V.

GROUP (V)

Tacitus: Historiæ I.

GROUP (VI).

Virgil Georgics I.
Horace: Satires II (omitting 5, 7).
Juvenal: Satires, VII, VIII.
Livy. Introduction and Book I.
Cicero: Tusculan Disputationes, IV, V.
Tacitus: Historiæ I.

French.

GROUP (IV).

Ollé Laprune: La Certitude Morale (Belin Freres, Paris).

GROUP (V).

Thierry: Les Normans en Angleterre et en Gaule (Oxford University Press)

GROUP (VI).

Corneille. Horace.
Victor Hugo. La Legende des Siècles (Oxford University Press).
J. E. Jeanson: Extrait des Prosateurs Français du 16 eme Siecle (1800–1870) (London, Geo. G Harrap & Co.).
Thierry: Les Normans en Angleterre et en Gaule (Oxford University Press,
Ollé Laprune: La Certitude Morale (Belin Freres, Paris).
Erckmann Chatrian: Histoire D'un conscrit de 1813 (Cambridge University Press).

Arabic.

GROUP (IV).

Tahafutul-Falasifa by Al-Ghazzali.
Sab'a Muallaqa. The Qasidas of Imrau-Qays, Tarafa and Zuhayr.
Muqaddima of Ibn Khaldun First half. } (Ghulam Rasul & Sons, Khinji Bazar, Bombay.)

GROUP (V).

Muqaddima of Ibn Khaldun. First half.
Hamasa-Babul-Hamasa } (Ghulam Rasul & Sons, Khinji Bazar, Bombay.)

GROUP (VI).

Maqamat-ul-Hariri. Forth Maqamat.
Sab'a Mualaqa The Qasidas of Imrau-Qays, Tarafa and Zuhayr.
Diwani Mutanabbi (with Ukberi's Commentary). Tathemn' (Hadif Jiu.)

Related subject.

The Arab Conquest of and rule in Spain.

Persian.

GROUP (iv).

Akhlaq-i-Jalali. Excluding the chapter on Music (Nawal Kishore Press, Lucknow).
Masnavi Maulana Rumi. First Daftar.

GROUP (v).

Waqai Nimat Khan Ali To the end of the Seventh Waqai. (Nawal Kishore Press, Lucknow).
Siyarul-Mutakhirin. First half.
Shah Nama. Up to the but not including the Kayanian Dynasty.

GROUP (vi).

Sih-Nasar-i-Zahuri. The whole.
Qasaid-i-Urfi
Diwan-i-Zahir-i-Faryabi.
Roqaati Bedil.

Arabic subject.

The Arab Conquest of and Rule in Spain.

Urdu.

GROUP (v).

Al-Mamun by Shibli,
Ilmul Akhlaq by Karamat Hussain. } (Aligarh College Book Depot, Aligarh).
Diwan-i-Mir Taqi Mir. First Diwan. }
Mukhtar-Ashar. Part I (S.P.C.K. Depot, Madras)

GROUP (v).

Diwan-i Ghalib. The whole.
Ijaz-i-Ishq. (S.P.C.K. Depot, Madras).
Abi Hayat, by Azad. The whole
Hayat-i Sadi by Hali. The whole.

Related subject.

The Mughal Empire, 1526 to 1605.

Tamil.

GROUP (iv).

Poetry: Selections published by the University Vol. I.
(1) Puranaanûru, pp. 97 to 105, stanzas 25 to 40.
(2) Tirukkural pp. 150 to 160 chapter 11 to 25.
(3) Kamburâmâyanam Bâlakândam.

Prose:
Irajaraajappuranjeri.

GROUP (v).

Same as group (iv).

GROUP (vi)

Poetry: Selections published by the University—Vol. I:
(1) Purâṇaanûru, pp. 97 to 105 stanzas 25 to 40,
(2) Tirukkural, pp. 150 to 160, chapters 11 to 25.
(3) Kamburâmâyanam Bâlakândam.
(4) Mullippâṭṭu.
(5) Cilappatikâram, pp. 276 to 300.

Prose:
(1) Irajaraajappuranjeri.
(2) Tiruvalluvar by Mr T. Gopalakrishnaraya Mudaliyar, Perambur.
(3) Cêramân caritram by Mr T. A. Gopinatha Rao, Archæological Survey, Trivandrum.

Telugu.

GROUP (iv).

Selections published by the University Vol. I—Nos. 2, 18, 46, 48 and 60.
Buddha Caritamu by Tirupati Venkateswara Kavulu—Aswâsâs IV, V and VI.

GROUP (v).

Selections published by the University, Vol. I—Nos. 2, 18, 46, 48 and 60.
Vigaṇêswaramu—Vyavahârakândamu Kôtana.

GROUP (vi).

Poetry:
Selections published by the University, Vol. I—Nos. 1, 18, 46, 48 and 60.
Buddha Caritramu by Tirupati Venkateswara Kavulu Aswâsâs IV, V and VI.
Vigaṇêswaramu—Vyavahârakândamu—Kôtana.

Prose.
Modern Telugu Drama (special subject).
Lives of the Telugu Poets—Part I by Rao Bahadur K. Vireshalingam Pantulu.

Kanarese.

GROUP (iv).

Poetry:
Pampâbhârata, Âswâsas 14-16.

Prose.
Madanâbhyudayam Nâṭakam, by Pandit Jayaraochaiya (Kannada Grantha Mala Series).
Sarvata by M. A. Ramanuja Ayyangar.

GROUP (V).

Same as for Group (iv).

GROUP (VI).

Poetry

Pampāramāyaṇa, Āraṇyas 11–13.
Gāḍi Yuddham—Rāmāyaṇam, Sarga, Āraṇāla 1–.
Nalacharitamu Yellā, Āraṇāla 1–2.

Prose:

Madālasāpattiyiya Nāṭakam, by Pandit Jayaraṅgāchārya (Karnataka Granthā Mālā Series).
Sāvitri, by M. A. Ramanuja Ayyangar.

Malayalam.

GROUP (IV).

Poetry

Kēsavīyam, First canto.
Uttarāsvayaṁvaṭṭam, Kathākali.

Prose:

Śīrada, First Part.

GROUP (V).

Same as Group (iv).

GROUP (VI).

Poetry

(1) Selections published by the University, Vol. I:—Rāmacharitam—First sixteen pāṭalams.
(2) Kēsavīyam—First canto, published by P. Narayana Pillai, Mankad, Trivandrum.
(3) Uttarāsvayaṁvaṭṭam, Kathākali by Ravivarman Tampi.
(4) Krishnagāthā, from the beginning up to Kāliyamardanam (K. Narayana Panikkar's Edition).
(5) Charaḍuttam by A. R. Rajaraja Varma.

Prose:

Śīrada, First Part by O. Chandu Menon

THE DRAVIDIAN LANGUAGES.

Related languages.

SANSKRIT.

Kālidāsa: Śākuntala and Raghuvaṁśa, cantos IV and VI.

B.A. (HONOURS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1936.

PART I.

ENGLISH.

(1) *19th Century Prose.*

One of the following groups:

(a) English Essays selected by Makower and Blackwell (Oxford Press).—Lamb, Hazlitt, DeQuincey, Carlyle, Macaulay, George Eliot, M. Arnold, Swinburne, Pater, Symonds, Jefferies, Stevenson, Francis Thompson.
Ruskin: The Crown of Wild Olives. (Four lectures.)
Froude: Cæsar (Longmans).
(b) Carlyle. On History.
Newman. Literature.
M. Arnold. Marcus Aurelius.
Walter Pater: The Renaissance.
Froude: England's Forgotten Worthies, The Science of History.
} 19th Century Essays edited by Simpson (Cambridge Press).

2. *Additional Books set for Composition.*

Boswell: Life of Johnson, abridged by Watson (Macmillan & Co.).
Thackeray: Esmond.
George Eliot. Scenes from Clerical Life.
Raleigh. The War of Ideas (Clarendon Press, Oxford)
Tappan: In Feudal Times (Harrap)

B.A. (HONOURS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1936.

PART II.

Branch II-A.

Physical Science.

Books recommended:

Physics:
Porter: Intermediate Course in Mechanics (Murray).
Wingstaff: Properties of Matter (Clive)
Edser: General Physics (Macmillan)
Poynting and Thomson: Sound (Griffin).
Catchpole: Sound (Clive).
Edser: Heat (Macmillan).
Edser: Light (Macmillan).
Hadley: Magnetism and Electricity (Macmillan).
Glazebrook: Electricity and Magnetism (Cambridge University Press).
Schuster and Lees: Practical Physics (Cambridge University Press).
Glazebrook and Shaw: Practical Physics (Longmans).
Poynting and Thomson: Properties of Matter (Griffin).
Barton: Text-book of Sound (Macmillan).

Books recommended—*cont.*

Physics—cont.
Preston: Theory of Heat (Macmillan).
Poynting and Thomson: Heat (Griffin).
Preston: Theory of Light (Macmillan).
Thomson: Elements of Electricity and Magnetism (Cambridge University Press).
Wheatham: Experimental Electricity (Cambridge University Press)
Campbell: Modern Electrical Theory (Cambridge University Press).
Lamb: Alternate Currents (Cambridge University Press).
Starling: Electricity and Magnetism (Longmans).
Barton: Analytical Mechanics (Longmans).

References:
Searle: Experimental Elasticity (Cambridge University Press).
Watson: Practical Physic (Longmans).
Gray: A Treatise on Physics, Vol. I (Churchill).
Lamb: Dynamical Theory of Sound (Arnold).
Schuster: Theory of Optics (Arnold).
Wood: Physical Optics (Macmillan).
Baly: Spectroscopy (Longmans)
Wheatham: Theory of Solution (Cambridge University Press).
Lehfeldt: Electro-chemistry, Part I (Longmans).
Joant: Electricity and Magnetism (Cambridge University Press).

Chemistry:
Smith: Introduction to General Chemistry (Bell).
Holleman: Inorganic Chemistry (Wiley).
Walker: Introduction to Physical Chemistry (Macmillan) omitting Chapters XII, XV, XVI, XVII, XXII, XXVI, XXVII, XXIX, XXX, XXXII, XXXIII, XXXIV and XXXV.
Ladenburg, tr. Dobbin: History of Chemistry, Chapters I—VI (Simpkin)
Fenton: Notes on Qualitative Chemical Analysis (Cambridge University Press).
Baley: Elements of Quantitative Analysis, Chapters I—IV and VII—X (Macmillan)

References:
Roscoe and Schorlemmer: Treatise on Chemistry. Vols. I and II (Macmillan).

BRANCH II-B.

Physical Science.

Chemistry:
Arrhenius, tr. Price: Theories of Chemistry (Longmans).
Coward and Perkins: Exercises in Chemical Calculation (Arnold).
Caven and Lander: Systematic Inorganic Chemistry (Blackie).
Ostwald, tr. M'Gowan: Scientific Foundations of Analytical Chemistry (Macmillan).
Perkin and Kipping: Organic Chemistry (Chambers).
Berntheen, tr. Sudborough: Organic Chemistry (Blackie).
Thorpe: Essays in Historical Chemistry (Macmillan).
Treadwell and Hall: Quantitative Analysis (Wiley).
Caven: Systematic Qualitative Analysis (Blackie).
Roscoe and Schorlemmer: Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II (Macmillan).
Richter, tr. Smith: Organic Chemistry (Kegan Paul)
Ladenburg, tr. Dobbin: History of Chemistry, Chapters VII—XIII (Simpkin).
Nernst, tr. Travers: Theoretical Chemistry (Macmillan).
LeBlanc, tr. Whitney: Elements of Electro-Chemistry (Macmillan).
Findlay: Phase Rule (Longmans).
Mellor: Chemical Statics and Dynamics (Longmans).
Young: Stoichiometry (Longmans).
Dana: Minerals and how to study them (Wiley).
Williams: Elements of Crystallography (Macmillan).
Groth, tr. Marshall: Chemical Crystallography (Gurney).
Langfeld: Inorganic Chemical Preparations (Macmillan).
Hempel, tr. Dennis: Methods of Gas Analysis (Macmillan).
Findlay: Practical Physical Chemistry (Longmans).

References:
Roscoe and Schorlemmer: Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II (Macmillan).
Alembic Club Reprints.
Treadwell and Hall: Qualitative Analysis (Wiley).
Mendeleef, tr. Kamensky: Principles of Chemistry (Longmans).
Cohen: Organic Chemistry for Advanced Students (Arnold).
Monographs on Bio-Chemistry (Longmans).
Van't Hoff, tr. Lehfeldt: Lectures on Theoretical and Physical Chemistry (Arnold).
Stewart: Stereo-Chemistry (Longmans).
Duhem, tr. Burgess: Thermodynamics and Chemistry (Wiley).
Smiles: Relations between Chemical Constitution and some Physical Properties (Longmans).
Fenton: Outlines of Chemistry, Part I (Cambridge University Press).
Miers: Introduction to the Scientific Study of Minerals (Macmillan).
Perkin: Practical methods of Electro Chemistry (Longmans).
Spencer: Experimental Course of Physical Chemistry (Bell)
Erdmann, tr. Dunlop: Introduction to Chemical Preparations (Wiley).
Fischer, tr. Stanford: Introduction to Preparation of Organic Compounds (Williams and Norgate).
Gattermann, tr. Shober: Practical Methods of Organic Chemistry (Macmillan).
Cohen: Practical Organic Chemistry for Advanced Students (Macmillan).
Low: Technical Methods of Ore Analysis (Wiley).
Lunge: Technical Chemists' Handbook (Gurney).

Physics
Wagstaff: Properties of Matter (Clive) omitting Chapters IX, X, XII and XIV.
Edser: Heat (Macmillan).
Edser: Light (Macmillan).
Glazebrook: Electricity and Magnetism (Cambridge University Press).
Schuster and Lees: Practical Physics (Cambridge University Press).

BRANCH IV.

Mental and Moral Science.

(1) *Syllabus of Logic and Theory of Knowledge*:

(A) Knowledge and Thought:

1. Postulates of knowledge, formal and material. Relation between logical theory and functional psychology, including a detailed consideration of the antecedent conditions, genus and content of judgment. Unity and continuity in intellectual life.
2. The central function of the knowledge-process. Image, idea and meaning as factors in logical thought. Thought and language. Names and their import. Extension and intension of terms and the doctrine of their inverse relation.
3. Nature of judgment. The various theories of judgment. Unity of judgment. Varieties of judgment and their affiliation. Negative and disjunction.
4. Nature of inference. The various theories of inference. Induction. Enumerative induction and analogy.
5. Scientific induction by perceptive analysis. Value of Mill's Experimental Methods as methods of proof.
6. Scientific induction by hypothesis. Different forms of explanation.
7. The varieties of deductive inference. Relation between induction and deduction. Classification of the sciences. Fallacies.
8. Necessity in knowledge.

(B) Knowledge and Reality:

Relation of knowledge to truth and reality. The criterion of truth. Error. Theories of the relativity of knowledge. The conception of degrees of truth and reality. The ideal of knowledge.

(2) *Syllabus of Psychology*:

1. Definition, scope and methods of Psychology. Relation to other sciences. Analysis of mental processes.
2. The nervous system in its relation to psychical states. Psychophysics.
3. Consciousness and sub-consciousness. Hypnotism. Phases of personality.
4. The Senses. Sensation. Perception.
5. Images. Association and suggestion. Noetic synthesis. Memory.
6. Thought. Belief. Psychology of language. Mental development. Influence of society.
7. Affective side of consciousness. Its expression. Pleasure and pain. Instinct. Emotions and their classification.
8. Mental activity. Attention. Desire. Voluntary action. Habit. Higher forms of volition.

(3) *Syllabus of Ethics*:

1. Scope and method of Ethics. Relation to other sciences.
2. The beginnings and growth of Morality—custom; conscience; systematic reflection.
3. Moral development of the individual—Childhood; adolescence; 'conversion'; 'temptation', fixation of character. The moral and the religious life.
4. Psychology of Ethics—Analysis of the moral judgment: the situation which provokes it, the course it follows; the function of moral criteria. Motive, intention; character.
6. Constructive theory—Good and moral good. Obligation. Casuistry. The moral ideal; Discussion of the principal virtues. The moral significance of institutions: the family, the state; property and rights; punishment.
6. Critical study of ethical thought—General characteristics of Indian, Greek and European morality. Ethical systems—hedonistic, rationalistic, psychological, idealistic.
7. Metaphysic of Ethics—The ultimate validity of moral judgment. Free will and responsibility. Morality and religion.

(4) *Syllabus of European Philosophy*:
Pre-Socratic Philosophy (7).
The Sophists and Socrates (4).
Socratic Schools (1).
Plato (6).
Aristotle (6).
Stoics, Epicureans and Sceptics (3).
Neo-Platonism (1).
The Philosophy of the Middle Ages (3).
Philosophical Writers of the Renaissance (3).
Descartes (7).
Transition to Spinoza (1).
Spinoza (7).
Leibnitz (7).
Locke (5).
Berkeley (3).
Hume (6).

(4) *Syllabus of European Philosophy*:—cont.,
Kant (10)
Transition to Hegel (6).
Hegel (15)
Philosophy after Hegel (5).

NOTE.—*The figures in brackets are offered as an approximate indication of the number of days which, in a course extending over 125 lectures, might suitably be given to the respective periods or tendencies or thinkers enumerated.*

(5) *Syllabus of Indian Philosophy.*

I. *Hymns.—Antecedents.*—The world conception characteristic of the Mantra period. Germs of philosophic thought in the later hymns. Development of ritualism in the Brahmanas. Ritual as the means of attaining the ideal of enjoyment here and in Swarga.

II. *Rise and Development of the main currents of Speculation.*—Subordination of ritual to knowledge in the Upanishads due to change of ideal. Tendency of the early Upanishads towards Pantheistic Monism. Germs of Sankhyan thought. Karma and Re-birth. Conception of deliverance. Gnana and Dyana as means for its attainment.

(a) Theism of the later Upanishads and the Gita. The liberal attitude of the Gita in respect of means of salvation. Ethics and Metaphysics of the Gita. Germs of other philosophical schools in the later Upanishads and the Gita.

(b) Jainism and Buddhism. Their independence of authority. Their rejection of a single Supreme Being. Universality of Law and Suffering. Karma and Re-birth. Buddha's view of Nirvana. His rejection of ritual. His emphasis on ethical life as the only means of salvation. Buddhistic Logic, Psychology and Ethics. The Jaina emphasis on *Samyag gnana, Samyag darsana* and *Charitra*.

III. *Resultant Systems.*—Some of the above speculative tendencies in well-defined schools of thought: formation of Sutras. (A) Logical Prolegomena: the study of the Pramanas, Pratyaksha and Anumana, and an investigation of the nature of cause and causal relation. (B) A comparative and critical study: (1) Materialistic, (2) Rationalistic, and (3) Supra-rationalistic systems.

(1) *Materialistic.*—The system of the Charvakas. Perception, the only test of reality. Denial of the Supersensible. Denial of the validity of inference. Denial of the causal relation. Four elements. Mind, only a function of matter. Denial of any real connection between virtue and happiness, vice and misery. Artha and Kama, as the only ends of life.

(2) *Rationalistic.*—The Buddhistic schools. Their common features. Kshana-bhanga Vada, as Atma-bhanga Vada and Bahyartha-bhanga Vada. The Atmakyathi Vada of the Yogachara. The Bahyarthanumeya Vada of the Santantikas. The Bahyarthapratyaksha Vada of the Vaibhashikas. The Sunya Vada of the Madhyamikas. Samvriti Satya.

(3) *Supra-rationalistic* systems, accepting the authority of the Vedas.

(i) *The Nyaya and the Vaiseshika.*—Their standpoints. Their theory of cognition. Theory of atoms. Conception of God as extra-cosmic and personal. Relation of God to the Universe. Nature of the soul and its final destiny. Relation of the individual soul to God. Conception of Moksha and the means for its attainment.

(ii) *The Sankhya Schools (Sankhya and Yoga).*—View of cognition. Conception of reality. Causality. Cosmology and Psychology of the Sankhyas. The doctrine of the plurality of souls: Purusha and Prakriti, the only ultimate realities. Their nature and relation. The attitude of Kapila and Patanjali to the existence of God. Purpose of cosmic evolution. Conception of Kaivalya. Yoga, the only means for its attainment. The condition of Purusha in Kaivalya.

(iii) *The Mimamsa Schools (Purva Mimamsa and Uttara-Mimamsa).*—Purva Mimamsa, as the systematization of the varieties of Vedic ritual. Uttara-Mimamsa (Vedanta), as a philosophy based entirely on the Upanishads. Brahman, the highest reality. Brahman, both upadhana and nimitta kiranam of the universe. Identity of cause and effect. Different schools of the Vedanta.

(a) *Advaita.*—Theory of cognition. Conception of reality. Kinds of reality as Prawbhaika, Vyavahartika and Paramarthika. Causality. Brahman, devoid of all attributes, the only Paramarthika reality. Maya. Iswara. Avidya. Jiva. Relation of Jiva to Brahman: Avachhda Vada and Pratibimba Vada. Relation of Brahman to Maya. Salvation, through the realization of Jiva's identity with Brahman. Jnana Yoga, the only direct means for its attainment.

(b) *Visishtadvaita.*—Conception of reality. Causality. Aprithaksiddha Sambanda (inseparable union). Plurality of souls. Personality of God. Universe, an embodiment of God. The nature of soul. Its relation to God. Moksha. Bhakthi and Prapathi, the direct means of Moksha. Condition of the released soul in Moksha and its relation to God.

(c) *Theistic.*—Its essential features. Points of difference from Visishtadwaita.

(6) Bergson: Creative Evolution.

(7) (a) The Advaita Vedanta, to be studied historically and critically.

(7) (b) The development of philosophy from Plato to Aristotle.

(7) (c) The development of philosophy from Kant to Hegel.

(7) (*f*) *Syllabus of Experimental Psychology:*

1. The Psycho-physical methods. Methods of treating series of observations—average, median, mean variation. Graphic methods.
2. Cutaneous sensations. The compass test and localization.
3. Visual sensations. Colour vision. Mixture. After-Images. Contrast. Visual perception of space. Binocular vision. Illusions.
4. Auditory sensations. Binaural audition.
5. Gustatory and olfactory sensations.
6. Discrimination of movements and of lifted weights. The size-weight illusion.
7. Sensory acuity.
8. Weber's law.
9. Reaction times: simple and complex. Estimation of intervals of time.
10. Experimental investigation of memory and association.
11. Mental work. Fatigue and practice.
12. Feeling. Its expression.

In connection with the respective subjects of examination the following courses of reading are suggested but on no terms prescribed.

(1) Bosanquet: Logic or the Morphology of Knowledge. Dewey: Studies in Logical Theory, chaps. i-v, viii. Joachim: The Nature of Truth.

(2) Stout: Manual of Psychology. James: Principles of Psychology.
Ward: Article on 'Psychology' (*Ency. Brit.*)
McDougall: Physiological Psychology.
Social Psychology.
Body and Mind.
Article on 'Hypnotism' (*Ency. Brit.*)
Myers: Human Personality, abridged edition, chaps. ii-v.

(3) Dewey and Tufts: Ethics.
Stuart: Valuation as a Logical Process (in Dewey: Studies in Logical Theory).
Croce: Philosophy of the Practical.
Green: Prolegomena to Ethics, Bks. ii and iii.
Münsterberg: The Eternal Values, chaps. i-vi; xi. C; xii. C.
Moore: Principia Ethica, chaps. i-iv.
Bradley: Appearance and Reality, chap. xxv.
Mezes: Ethics: Descriptive and Explanatory.
Rogers: Short History of Ethics.

(4) Rogers. Student's History of Philosophy.
Adamson: Development of Greek Philosophy.
Development of Modern Philosophy.
Read. Modern Classical Philosophers, pp. 381-420; 558-588.
Croce. What is Living and What is Dead of the Philosophy of Hegel.

(5) A course of reading is under preparation and will be announced later.

(7) (*a*) Brihadaranyaka and Chandogya Upanishads
Bádarayaṇa's Vedánta-Sutras.
Bhagavadgita:
Selections from Sankara's commentaries on the Upanishads, Sutras and Gita.
Deussen: Philosophy of the Upanishads. The System of the Vedanta.

(7) (*b*) & (*c*) Courses of reading are under preparation and will be announced later.

(7) (*d*) Green: Principles of Political Obligation.
Bosanquet: Philosophical Theory of the State.
Barker: Political Thought from Spencer to To-day.
Rousseau: The Social Contract.

(7) (*e*) Marrett: The Threshold of Religion.
Jevons: Introduction to the History of Religion
Höffding: Philosophy of Religion.
Iverach: Theism in the Light of Present Science and Philosophy.
Webb: Problems in the Relations of God and Man.
Bogue Gibson: God with Us.
Ward: Realm of Ends.
Caldecott and Mackintosh: Selections from the Literature of Theism.

(7) (*f*) Seashore: Elementary Experiments in Psychology.
Meyers: Textbook of Experimental Psychology.
Titchener: Experimental Psychology
Scripture: The New Psychology.
Judd: Psychology, volumes ii and iii.

BRANCH V.

History, Economics and Politics.

Special subjects:—

I. Economic History:
The History of Land Revenue administration in British India.

II. Politics:
The City State-Ancient and Mediaeval

III History:
The French Revolution down to the fall of the Directory.

IV. History:
The Hohenstaufen Emperors.

V. Indian History:
The Mughal Empire between 1605 and 1707.

VI. Economics:
Currency and Banking with special reference to India.

BRANCH VI.

Two Languages other than English.

Sanskrit.

(*a*) Rig-veda, mandals I, 16–21
Aitareya-Brâhmana, pañchikâ viii, adhyâya iii (Nirnaya Sagara Press).
Kathopanishad, vallis i-ii (Anandasrama Sanskrit Series).
Gautama-dharma-sûtra, prasna I (Anandasrama Sanskrit Series).

(*b*) Kalidâsa: Śâkuntalâ.
Bhatta Mâtra: Prabodhachandrodaya
Bâna: Kâdambari, from Sukanâsopadesa to the end of Aśokadavarpanna.
Patañjali: Mahâbhâsya I, i, 1
Mahâbhârata, Śântiparvan, adhyâyas 177–182 (ed. T. R. Krishnacharya, Madhva Vilas Book Depôt).
Kalhana: Râjatarangini VIII, 474–1350 (ed. Durgâprasâda, Government Central Book Depôt, Bombay).

Greek.

Æschylus: Persæ,
Euripides: Hecuba, Alcestis,
Pindar: Nemean Odes.
Aristophanes: Nubes
Thucydides: IV, 1–41.
Plato: Phædrus.
Aristotle: Politics I, II, III,
Demosthenes: Philippic III,
Polybius, III, IV.

Latin.

Virgil: Eclogues,
Horace: Odes, I, II, IV.
Lucretius: II.
Persius: Opera omnia,
Tacitus: Phormio.
Plautus: Captivi.
Quintilian: De Institutione Oratoria, I and II.
Cicero: De Natura Deorum; De Amicta; De Senectute.
Livy: XXI to XL.
Tacitus: Historiæ II.

French, German, Persian and Urdu.

Text-books will be prescribed when required

Tamil.

Poetry: Cintâmani: Nâmakal Lambakam with the Commentary of Naccinârkkiniyar.
Kamba Râmâyaṇam—Sundara Kâṇḍam—Kadal Tâvu Paḍalam and Ur Ilaṇ Paḍalam.
Madurai-k-kâñci with the Commentary of Naccinârkkiniyar.
Puṟanâṉûṟu 1-100 Akaval with the Old Commentary.
Kalittokai—Pâlaikkali, 1-15 with the Commentary of Naccinârkkiniyar.
Nâṟkavirâja Nambi Akapporuḷ Urai.
Puṟapporuḷ Venbâ Mâlai Urai.
Tiruppérundurappuṟaṇam—Perundurâippaḍalam.
Nannûl—Âṇmaikkâ Nâvalar Kâṇḍikai Urai.
Prose: Śaṅkara Vijayam.—Vêḷâyudha Mudaliyâr.
History of the Tamil Language—V. G. Sûryanârâyana Sâstriyâr.
Buddha Caritram—Mahâmahôpâdhyâya V. Swâminâtha Ayyar.

Telugu.

Mahâbhâratamu—Âraṇya Parvamu, Cantu I,
Bhâgavatamu—Canto VII.
Śrîmadra Śâkuntalamu by Pillalamarri Pina Virabhadra Kavi, Cantos I and II (Saraswati O'fice, Coconada).
Satvaiakshaṇasâraśâṅgadharamu, Chapter II (Manjuvani Press, Ellore).
Kâvyâlaṅkâra Chûḍâmaṇi, Chapters IV, V and VII.

Kanarese.

Poetry: Mallinâtha Purâṇa, Âsvâsha 1–5.
Sabhâraṅkara Vijaya
Jagannâtha Vijaya, Âsvâsha 1–4.
Mitravindâ Gôvinda.
Prose: Âdbhuta Râmâyaṇa.
Vêdânta Vivêkasâra (Kâvya Kaḷânidhi Series).

Malayâlam.

Poetry: Bhâratam—Sambhava Parvam, from Kashṭapîḍikâyânam to the end, by Ezhuttachchan.
Panchatantram—Kathakaḷi,
Bhâshâṉaishadha Champu.
Krishṇagâthâ, from the beginning to the end of Rituvarṇanam.
Ôṭṭaṅ Tuḷḷal by Kuñjan Nambiyâr:—(1) Pradôsha Mâhâtmyam. (2) Syamantakam.
Bhâshâbhûshaṇam by A. R. Rajaraja Varma, M.A.
Mayûrasandêsam by Valiya Koil Tampurân.
Prose: Akbar, by Valiya Koil Tampurân
Prâchînâryâvartam by Mr. P. K. Krishna Menon, Trichur.
Gadyamâlika, Part II (S. V. Book Depot, Trivandrum).

BRANCH VII.

English Language and Literature (1918–22 inclusive).

Division (a)—

Gothic.—The Gospel according to St. Mark, i–x.

Old English.—Beowulf, lines 1 to 1251.

Sweet's Anglo-Saxon Reader, Eighth Edition, I, II, IV, V, VIII, IX, X, XI, XV, XVI, XIX, XXII, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, XXX, XXXI-A—F, XXXII, XXXIV.

Middle English—

Chaucer—Canterbury Tales: Prologue, Tales of the Knight, the Nun's Priest and the Pardoner.

Langland—Piers Plowman: Prologue and Passus, I–VII, B Text.

Middle English Reader, Emerson, Part I-A i & ii; B-vii; Part II-A-i, vi; B-iii, C-i, iii.

Sir Gawayne and the Green Knight, lines 1 to 1128.

Division (*b*)—

Candidates are required to show a general knowledge of all the books prescribed in Division (*b*) and a detailed knowledge of books marked with an asterisk.

*Shakespeare**: One of the following groups of plays:—

A. Love's Labour's Lost, Henry IV, Part I; As You Like It, Hamlet, The Tempest.

B. The Two Gentlemen of Verona, Henry V, Much Ado About Nothing, Macbeth, Cymbeline.

Poetry and prose of the sixteenth to the seventeenth century: One of the following groups:—

A. Poetry and Prose Specimens of English Literature 1394 to 1579, edited by Skeat, III, V, VIII, XI, XV, XIX, XXI, XXV, XXVII, XXVIII.

Poetry and the Drama: Marlowe: *Edward II.* Jonson: *Every Man in His Humour.* Beaumont and Fletcher: *Philaster*. Spenser, *The Faerie Queen*, Books *VI and VII**. *Anthology of the Poetry of the Age of Shakespeare*, edited by Young. Milton: *L'Allegro, Il Penseroso, Samson Agonistes, Paradise Lost*, Books III* and IV*. Dryden *Absalom and Achitophel**. Gray, Wordsworth, Keats: Selections in *Ward's English Poets*. Tennyson *The Lady of Shalott, Hymns,** *Tithonus, Morte d' Arthur**. Browning *Pippa Passes*. Morris: *The Defence of Guenevere and other Poems.*

Prose. Craik's Selections from English Prose—Mandeville, Malory, Berners, Fisher Sidney: *Apologie for Poetry**. Bacon: First twelve *Essays*, edited by Abbot, *The New Atlantis*. Browne: *Religio Medici*. Dryden: *Essay of Dramatic Poesy**. Addison: Selections from the *Spectator*, edited by Lobban. Swift: *Gulliver's Travels*. Goldsmith: *The Vicar of Wakefield*. Johnson: *Lives of the Poets, Milton, Dryden, Swift, Addison, Pope and Gray*. Gibbon: *Autobiography*. Hazlitt: *The Spirit of the Age*. Lamb: *Essays of Elia*, First Series. *Nineteenth Century Essays*, edited by Sampson (Cambridge University Press).

B. *Poetry and Prose*. Specimens of English Literature, 1394 to 1579, edited by Skeat, IV, VII, IX, XIII, XIV, XVI, XX, XXIV, XXVII, XXIII.

Poetry and the Drama. Marlowe: *Dr. Faustus*. Webster: *The Duchess of Malfi*. Fletcher: *The Knight of the Burning Pestle*. Spenser. *The Faerie Queene*, Book II. *Anthology of the Poetry of the age of Shakespeare*, edited by Young. Milton. *Paradise Lost*, Books I and II, *Samson Agonistes** Dryden. *Mac Flecknoe*. Pope. *Satires and Epistles of Horace Imitated*. Collins, Blake, Shelley: Selections in Ward's *English Poets*. Tennyson. *The Dream of Fair Women.** *Enoch Arden, The Lotos Eaters** D. G. Rossetti, *The Blessed Damozel, Sister Helen, The White Ship*. Browning. *Men and Women*.

Prose. Craik's *Selections from English Prose*—Mandeville, Malory, Berners, Fisher Daniel: *The Defence of Rime.** Bacon: *Henry VII.** Walton: *Lives*. Dryden: *Selections* edited by Hadow. *The Preface to the Fables** *The Dedication to Aeneid.** Bunyan: *The Life and Death of Mr. Badman*. Swift: *The Battle of the Books** Steel: *Selections from Steele's contributions to the Tatler* (Macmillan). Gibbon: *The Age of the Antonines*. Cowper: *Letters* edited by Lucas. Miss Austen: *Pride and Prejudice*. Lamb, *Essays of Elia*, second series. Wordsworth: *Literary Criticism* edited by M. O. Smith. *Nineteenth Century Essays*, edited by Sampson (Cambridge University Press).

Division (*c*)—Special Period—

1. *Elizabethan Literature* (1558 *to* 1637).

I. *The Drama*: Kyd: *The Spanish Tragedy*; Greene: *Friar Bacon and Friar Bungay*; Marlowe: *Dr. Faustus*; Ben Jonson. *Every man in His Humour*; Beaumont and Fletcher: *Philaster*; Webster: *The Duchess of Malfi*.

II. *Non-Dramatic Poetry*: Spenser: *The Faerie Queene, Book I*; An Anthology of the Poetry of the Age of Shakespeare, chosen and arranged by W. T. Young.

III. *Prose*. Lyly. *Euphues The Anatomie of Wit*, Sidney: *Apology for Poetry*. Hakluyt: *Select Narratives in 'Voyages of Elizabethan Seamen'*, edited by E. J. Payne, First Series. Raleigh *The Last Fight of the Revenge*; Hooker: *Ecclesiastical Polity*, Book I; Bacon: *The New Atlantis*; Dekker: *The Gull's Horn Book*.

2. *The Age of Milton and Dryden.*

(Set books will be announced later if required.)

3. *The Age of Pope and Johnson.*

The books marked with an asterisk to be studied in detail.

Poetry.

Pope *The Essay on Criticism. The Rape of the Lock. The Epistle to Augustus.** *The Epistle to Dr. Arbuthnot.** *The Elegy on an Unfortunate Lady.* Gay: *Trivia*. Swift, *Selections* in Ward's *English Poets*. Smart: *Song to David*. Thomson: *The Seasons—Winter*. Collins: *Odes*. Johnson: *The Vanity of Human Wishes, London*, Goldsmith: *The Deserted Village Retaliation.**

Prose.

Defoe: *Captain Singleton*. Addison: *The Coverley Papers*. Swift: *Selections* in the Scott Library. Richardson: *Pamela*. Fielding: *Tom Jones, Journal of a Voyage to Lisbon.** Sterne: *A Sentimental Journey*. Smollett: *Humphrey Clinker*. Gibbon: *The Crusades.** Burke: *Letter to a Noble Lord*. Walpole: *Letters* Selections by Henry Morley (Cassell) *The Castle of Otranto*. Goldsmith: *She Stoops to Conquer*. Sheridan: *The School for Scandal*. Miss Burney: *Evelina*.

4. *Wordsworth and his Contemporaries*

Poetry. Wordsworth, Coleridge and Landor, Selections in *Ward's 'English Poets'*. Keats, *Hyperion, Isabella. The Eve of St. Agnes*; Shelley, *Prometheus Unbound, Adonais*; Byron, *The Vision of Judgment; Childe Harold*, III and IV; Selections in Palgrave's *Golden Treasury of Songs and Lyrics*, Book IV.

Prose. Coleridge, *Biographia Literaria*, Wordsworth, *Prefaces* (Lord Morley's Edition of Wordsworth's Poems, pp. 849, *et seq.*) *A Guide to the Lakes* Hazlitt, *The English Poets*, Lamb *Essays of Elia*, and Critical Essays (See Poems, Plays and Essays, ed. Alingar). Landor, *The Pentameron*. De Quincey, *Rhetoric and Style Shakespeare, Milton, Pope, Sidney*.

5. *Tennyson and his Contemporaries*

(Set books will be announced later if required.)

6. *Indo-Germanic Philology with special reference to Sanskrit*

A Sanskrit Reader, by C. R. Lanman (Ginn & Co).

A Sanskrit Grammar for Beginners. New edition by A. A. Macdonell (Longmans).

A Sanskrit Primer by G. D. Perry (Glen & Co).

The following books indicate the character and scope of the course :—

A. Thumb : Handbuch der Sanskrit, Vol. I.
C. C. Uhlenbeck : A Manual of Sanskrit Phonetics.
Loewe : Germanic Philology, English Translation by Jones.
L. Armitage : Introduction to Old High German Grammar.
Giles : A short Manual of Classical Philology for Classical students (1907).
L. Bloomfield : An Introduction to the Study of Language.

Reader viii.

Sanskrit Language and Literature.

General Part :—

(1) Siddhānta-kaumudī :
  (a) Pūrvārdha, from Stripratyayaprakaraṇa to the end of Apatyādhikāra in the Taddhitaprakriyā.
  (b) Uttarārdha, the whole, omitting Uṇādi prakaraṇa.
(2) Vidyānātha : Prataparudrayaśobhūshaṇa.
(3) Ṛig-veda, maṇḍala I, 1–10, with Sāyaṇa's commentary; together with Sāyaṇa's Upodghāta.
(4) Yāska : Nirukta, Naighaṇṭuka kāṇḍa, chapter II.
(5) Bhavabhūti : Mālatīmādhava.
(6) Śrī Harṣa : Naiṣadhīya, cantos I–III.
(7) Bāṇa : Harshacarita, ucchvāsas, I–III.

Special Part :—

(1) Bhaṭṭoji Dīkṣita : Prauḍhamanōrama, Saṃjñā-, Paribhāṣh-, Sandhi-, Stripratyaya and Kāraka-prakaraṇa (Benares editions).
(2) Patañjali : Mahābhāṣya, I, 1-1 (Nirṇaya Sāgara Press, Bombay).
(3) Bhartṛihari : Vākyapadīya, kāṇḍa I (Benares edition.)
(4) Ānandavardhana : Dhvanyāloka (Nirṇaya Sāgara Press, Bombay).
(5) Rājānaka Mahima Bhaṭṭa : Vyaktiviveka (Trivandrum Sanskrit Series).

In connexion with Branch VIII of the B.A. Honours Degree Examination the attention of students is invited to the following books, though it must be distinctly understood that they are not prescribed as text-books :—

I Science of Language, History of the Sanskrit Language and History of Sanskrit Literature.

Books recommended for study :—

Giles : Short Manual of Comparative Philology for classical students (Macmillan).
Tucker : Introduction to the Natural History of Language (Blackie & Son).
Sweet : The History of Language (Temple Primers)
Bloomfield : Introduction to the study of Language (H. Holt & Co., New York)
Macdonell : Vedic Grammar for students (Oxford University Press).
Whitney : Sanskrit Grammar (Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co.).
Uhlenbeck : Manual of Sanskrit Phonetics (Luzac & Co.).
Kaegi : The Rigveda : the oldest Literature of the Indians (Ginn & Co., Boston).
Macdonell : History of Sanskrit Literature (William Heinemann).
Max Müller : History of Ancient Sanskrit Literature (Reprint, Panini Office, Allahabad).

Books recommended for consultation :—

Brugmann : Comparative Grammar of the Indo-Germanic languages. Translated by Wright Conway and Rouse.
Bopp : Comparative Grammar of the Sanskrit, Zend, Greek, Latin, Lithuanian, Gothic, German and Sclavonic languages Translated by Eastwick.
Schleicher : Compendium. Translated by Bendall.
Whitney : Life and Growth of Language.
Whitney : Language and its Study.
Whitney : Oriental and Linguistic Studies
Max Müller : Lectures on the Science of Language.
Max Müller : Biography of Words.
Delbrück : Introduction to the Study of Language.
Carl Abel : Linguistic Essays
Lefèvre : Race and Language.
Gray : Principles of Indo-Iranian Phonology.
Thumb : Handbuch der Sanskrit.
Wackernagel : Altindische Grammatik.
Macdonell : Vedic Grammar.
Beames : Comparative Grammar of the modern Aryan languages of India.
Hoernle : Comparative Grammar of the Gaudian languages.
Arnold : Vedic Metre.
Bloomfield : The Atharvaveda.
Rk-, Yajuh and Atharva-prātiśākhyas.
Goldstücker : Pāṇini : his place in Sanskrit Literature
Weber : History of Indian Literature Translated by Mann and Zachariae.
Muir : Original Sanskrit Texts.
Stein : Kalhaṇa's Chronicle of the Kings of Kaśmīr.
Rogozin : Vedic India.
Rhys Davids : Buddhist India
V. A. Smith : Early History of India
Rapson : Ancient India
R. C. Dutt : History of Civilization in Ancient India.
C. V. Vaidya : Epic India
C. V. Vaidya : Riddle of the Rāmāyaṇa.
Bhandarkar : Early History of the Dekkan.
Schrader : Pre-historic Antiquities of the Aryan Peoples.
Langlois and Seignobos : Introduction to the Study of History. Translated by Berry.

II. Special Part :—
Books recommended for study :—
Goldstücker : Pāṇini : his place in Sanskrit Literature.
Belvalkar : Systems of Sanskrit Grammar.
Aristotle : Poetics.
Bain : English Composition and Rhetoric.
Vaughan : Literary Criticism.
Books recommended for consultation :—
Mammaṭa : Kāvyaprakāśa.
Dhanañjaya : Daśarūpa.
Courthope : Life in Poetry and Law in Taste.
Saintsbury : History of Literary Criticism.

BRANCH IX.

Arabic Language and Literature.

General Part—
1. The Commentary of al Baiḍawi, Surea 1-3.
2. Saba Muallakat.
3. Hamasa, first half
4. Yatimatu'l-Dahr., Vols. I & II.
5. Diwan of Mutanabi, Vol I (Ukbari's Commentary).
6. Makamat of Hariri and Badi-al-Zamin-al Hamadhani.
7. Sahihu'l-Bukhari 1st quarter.

Grammar, Prosody and Poetics—
8. Asraru'l-Balaghat by Abu Kahir Jurjani.
9. Dalailu'l-Ajaz by Abu Kahir Jurjani
10. Wright's Arabic Grammar, Vols. I & II.
11. Wright's Comparative Grammar of the Semitic Languages.
12. Nicholson's Literary History of the Arabs.

Special Part—
1. Life of Mohammad (Ibn Hisham).
2. Tarikhu'l-Khulafa (Siyuti).
3. Fathu'l-Kussi-fi-Fathi'l Kadir (Imādu'd din-al-Katib).
4. Prolegomena of Ibn Khaldun

In connection with Branch IX—Arabic Language and Literature—B.A. (Honours) Degree Examination the attention of students is invited to the following books, though it must be distinctly understood that they are not prescribed as text-books

I. *Books recommended for study with reference to the General Part.*
1. The Kamil of Mubarrad (Ed. by Wright).
2. Majmu'a-ul-Bahrein.
3. Diwans of : Farazdak, Hasan ibn Thabit, Jarir, Abu Tammam, Abu Nuwas, Abu'l-Ala-Al Ma'arri.
4. History of Islamic civilisation (Zaidan).
5. Al-Masalik Wa'l-Mamalik,
6. Milal wa'n-Nihal (Shahristani)
7. Al Aghani, Vols. 1-4
8. Oriental and Linguistic studies (Whitney).
9. History of Arabic Literature (Huart).
10. Shawawa Nasraniya,
11. Translation of Arabian Poetry (C. P. Lyall).
12. Lectures on the Religion of the Semites (Robertson Smith).
13. Kinship and Marriage in early Arabia.
14. Kitabu'l-Amali, Vols. I & II (Abu Ali-al Kali).

II. *Be is recommended for study with reference to the Special Part* :
1. The annals of Tabari.
2. Al-Fakhri.
3. Ibn Khallikan's Biographical Dictionary.
4. Yakut's Dictionary of Learned Men (Ed. by Margoliouth).
5. Ar Raudatin
6. Ibn Khaldun.
7. History of the Seljuks
8. Mukhtasaru'd-Duwal (Abu'l Faraj).
9. The Spirit of Islam (by Amir Ali)
10. History of the Saracens (by Amir Ali).
11. Rise, decline and fall of the Caliphate (Muir).
12. History of the Mamlukes in Egypt (Muir).
13. History of the Mahammadan dynasties of Spain (Nafhau't-Tib) (Makkari).
14. The Moors in Spain by Stanley Lane-Poole (History of the Nations Series).
15. History of the Mongols (Ed. Blochet)
16. Life of Timur (Ibn Arabshah).
17. Tarikh-e-Ferishta,
18. Al-Biruni's India.

ORIENTAL TITLES EXAMINATION.

Uriya.

When Uriya is taken as the principal language (vide Regulation 8471).
I. The course in Uriya shall comprise :
(1) Grammar
(2) Elements of Prosody and Poetics.
(3) Prescribed Text-books in Prose and Verse.
(4) Composition in Prose only.
(5) History of the Language and its Literature.

II. A. Text-books:
Srimadbhagavata—canto XI, by Jagannath Das
Vaidehisa Vilasa—chapters I to X, by Upendra Bhanja.
Vidagdha Cintamani—I to XVI, by Abhimanyu Samanta Simhara.
Mahabharata—Adiparva chapters first-half, by Krishna Simha.
Mahayatra, Nandikeswari and Telugu Stavaka, by Rai Bahadur Radhanath Rai.
Buddhavatara Kavya, by Phakirmohan Senapati.
Kanka Vadha, by Gangadhara Mohera
Kishorachandrananda Champu, by Balabhadra Ratha.
Ratnavali, by Viramitrodaya Simha.
Uttararama-Carita Nataka, by Rai Bahadur Madhusudana Rao and Mrityunjaya Ratha.
Vidagdhamadhava Nataka, by Kishorachandra Rajendra Deva.
Prabandhamala by Rai Bahadur Madhusudana Rao.
Carupatha, Part III, by Bichanda Patnaik.

B. Books on Grammar, Prosody and Poetics, etc., for reference:
Vyakarana Pravesa, by Rai Bahadur Radhanath Rai.
Sarvasara Vyakarana, by Ramacharana, Bhattacharya.
Alankara Bodhodaya, by Sri Vasudeva Sachala Deva.
Alankara Sara, by Sachidananda Deva.
Utkala Rachana, by Rai Bahadur Radhanath Rai.

C. Books and Magazines re re History of the Language and its Literature for reference:
Grierson's Linguistic Survey of India—volumes relating to Uriya, Bihari, Bengali and Assamese.
Beames' Comparative Grammar of the Modern Aryan Languages of India.
Hunter's History of Orissa—Vol. II—Appendix relating to the History of Literature only
Sarali Charita, by Mrityunjaya Ratha.
Articles on the History of the Uriya Language and Literature that appeared in the following journals published up to the end of 1916:
(a) Utkala Sahitya, edited by Visvanath Kar.
(b) Mukura, edited by Vrajasundra Das.

Where Uriya is taken as the subsidiary language (vide Regulation 318):—
Jagannatha Das: Srimadbhagavata, the first-half of canto XI
Upendra Bhanj: Vaidehisa-vilasa, chaps. I-V.
Abhimanyu Samanta Simhara: Vidagdha-cintamani, chaps. I-VIII.
Rai Bahadur Radhanath Ray: Mahabharata.
Rai Bahadur Madhusudan Rao and Mrityunjaya Ratha: Uttararama-carita.
Rai Bahadur Madhusudan Rao: Prabandhamala.
Bichanda Patnaik: Carupatha, part III.

EXAMINATIONS IN LAW.

(UNDER THE NEW REGULATIONS.)

Notes.—(1) The Syndicate has purposely refrained from prescribing any special text-books in the case of Acts of the Indian Legislature, but students will be expected to have a mastery of the matter which is usually contained in the best commentaries as well as a knowledge of the bare text of the Act.

(2) Text-books have been prescribed where necessary with a view to indicating the general scope of each subject, but questions will not be confined to the books prescribed.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN LAW

1. *Jurisprudence*—
Austin's Jurisprudence, volume I, omitting Lectures II, III and IV.
J. W. Salmond's Jurisprudence.
Maine's Ancient Law.
2. *Roman Law*—
J. B. Moyle's Institutes of Justinian, except Book III, Titles I to XII (inclusive), and Excursus I and X, and the Latin Text throughout; but including the Author's English translation.
3. & 4. *Contracts*—
Anson's Law of Contracts.
5. *Torts*—
Pollock on Torts.
6. *Indian Constitutional Law*—
Cowell's Courts and Legislative Authorities in India.
Ilbert's Government of India except chapter III (the Digest of Statutory Enactments relating to the Government of India).

B.L. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

1. *The Law of Property with special reference to the Transfer of Property Act, the Indian Trusts Act and the Indian Easements Act*—
Williams's Principles of the Law of Real Property.
Underhill's Private Trusts and Trustees.
Peacock's Easements in British India.
2. *Hindu Law*—
Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage
3. *Muhammadan Law*—
Sir R. K. Wilson's Digest of Anglo-Muhammadan Law.
4. *Criminal Law.*
5. *The Law of Evidence*—
Will's Theory and Practice of the Law of Evidence.
6. Land Tenures in the Madras Presidency.

M.L. DEGREE EXAMINATION (1921).

The following text-books are recommended for the guidance of candidates reading for the above examination; but it must be distinctly understood that questions will not necessarily be confined to the books specified:—

BRANCH I.

The Science and History of Law.

Jurisprudence—
Austin's *Jurisprudence*—
Maine's *Ancient Law*: *Early History of Institutions*; *Early Law and Custom*.
Baden Powell's *Land Systems of British India*: *Indian Village Community*.
Lightwood's *Nature of Positive Law* (Messrs Macmillan & Co.)
Kant's *Philosophy of Law* (Translated by Hastie) (1887) T. and T. Clark, 38, George St., Edinburgh.
Savigny's *System of Modern Law*; Volume I (Translated by Holloway) (1867)—Mr. J. Higginbotham, Madras.
Volume II, Jural Relations (Translated by Rattigan) (1884)—Messrs. Wildy and Sons, Lincoln's Inn, Arkway, W. C., London.
Holmes' *Common Law*.
Roman Law (General)—
Muirhead's *Historical Introduction to Roman Law*.
Salkowskie's *Institutes and History of Roman Law*.
Poste's *Institutes of Gaius*
Mackenzie's Studies in Roman Law (latest edition 1911 published by William Blackwood and Sons, Edinburgh and Madras).
Roman Law (The Digest)—
Ruby's *Introduction to the study of the Digest*.
Digest IX (2). *The Lex Aquilia—Damage to Property*. By Grueber.
Digest XLVII (2). *De Furtis*. By Munro.
Digest XIX (2). *Locati Conducti*. By Monro.
Digest XVII (1). *Mandati*. By Bryan Walker.
Digest XLI (1) and (2). *De acquirendo rerum Dominio De acquirendâ Possessione*. By Bryan Walker.
Digest VII (1). *De Usufructu*. By Ruby.
Digest XII (1) and (2) to (7). *De Condictionibus*.
Digest XIII (1) to (3). *De Condictionibus* By Bryan Walker.
Legislation—
Bentham's *Principles of Moral and Legislation*.
Sidgwick's *Elements of Politics*.
Maxwell's *On the Interpretation of Statutes*.
Public International Law—
Hall's *International Law*.
Wheaton's *International Law* Edited by Boyd.
Pitt Cobbett's *Leading Cases and Opinions on International Law*.
Private International Law—
Dicey's *Conflict of Laws*.
Foy *private International Law*.
Foote's *Private International Law*.
Nelson's *Selected Cases in Private International Law*.
Constitutional Law and History—
Stubbs's *Constitutional History*.
Hallam's *Constitutional History*.
Erskine-May's *Constitutional History*.
Legal History—
Anson's *Law and Custom of the Constitution*.
Dicey's *Law of the Constitution*.
Stephen's *History of the Criminal Law of England*.

BRANCHES II AND III.

It is not deemed necessary to recommend any particular text-books in these branches.

BRANCH IV.

Customary and Statute Law relating to Land Tenure in India.

Maine's *Ancient Law*
Maine's *Early History of Institutions*; *Early Law and Custom*; *Village Communities in the East and the West*.
Baden Powell's *Indian Village Community*; *Land Systems of British India*.
Field's *Landlord and Tenant*.
For other parts of this branch it is not deemed necessary to recommend any particular text-books.

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Practical Chemistry and Bacteriology—
1. A. W. Stewart—A Manual of Practical Chemistry for Public Health students.
2. David McKail—Public Health Chemistry and Bacteriology.
3. Muir and Ritchie—Manual of Bacteriology.
Physics—
Gagot's Natural Philosophy.

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* It is already notified that one of the four persons bracketed will be prescribed yearly in rotation with reference to text-books in Roman Law (Digest)—vide notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 30th September 1921.

General Hygiene—
1 Notter and Firth—Theory and Practice of Hygiene.
2 Blandford—Climates and Weather of India, Burma and Ceylon.
3. Turner—Sanitation in India.

General Pathology—
1. Green's Pathology.
2 Beattie and Dickson's General Pathology.
3. Manson's Tropical Diseases.
Reference—Adami's General Pathology.

Sanitary Law, Vital Statistics and Vaccination—
1. Robertson and Porter's Sanitary Law and Practice
2. Knight's annotated By-laws.
3. Newsholme's elements of Vital Statistics.
4. The sections or rules in the following, relating to Sanitation and Vaccination :
(1) Madras District Municipalities Act of 1884 or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(2) Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(3) Madras City Municipal Act, 1904, or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(4) Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(5) Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Nuisances and adulterations of foodstuffs) or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(6) Town Nuisances Act, 1850, or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(7) Plague Regulations (city) or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(8) Plague Regulations (mofussil) or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(9) Marine Plague Regulations or any Act, Regulations or rules amending the same.
(10) Civil Medical Code, Section XVII, Sanitation and sections relating to Vaccination.
(11. Vaccination Code (revised).
(12) Manual of Vaccination, by Major Cornwall.
(13) Cholera rules in G.Os. Nos. 1536 M., dated September 9, 1899, 200 L., dated February 8, 1913, and 644 L., dated May 8, 1911.
(14) The English Public Health Act of 1875 and all Acts amending the same.

Sanitary Engineering and Sanitation—
Jones' Manual of Sanitary Engineering.

The following books or books of reference :—
Moore and Silcock's Sanitary Engineering, 2 volumes.
Roorke Treatise on Water-supply.
Reid's Practical Sanitation.
Fletcher's Architectural Hygiene.
Galton's Healthy Dwellings.
Galton's Hospital Construction.

Senate House, 4th December 1917.

F. DEWSBURY, B.A., L.L.B.,
Registrar.

EXAMINATIONS, 1918.

EXAMINATION OF OFFICERS OF THE SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, JANUARY 1918.

The following is the time-table for the examination of officers of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department to be held on the 7th January 1918 and the following days :—

Date.	Hour.	Subject.	Test.
1918.			
Monday, 7th January.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Criminal Law	Test A—Criminal.
	2 to 4 p.m.	Salt Manual, Volume I	Test B-I—Salt.
Tuesday, 8th January.	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Salt Manual, Volume II	Test B-II—Salt.
	2 to 4 p.m.	The Chemistry of Salt and Saltpetre	Test B-III—Salt.
Wednesday, 9th January	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Civil Service Regulations and Civil Account Code.	Test C—Accounts.
	12 noon to 2-30 p.m.	Mensuration	Test D-II—Engineering
	2 to 4 p.m.	Surveying and Levelling	Test D-I—Engineering
Thursday, 10th January.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Plan Drawing	Test D III—Engineering
	2 to 4 p.m.	Estimating	Do.
Friday, 11th January.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Excise Manual	Test F—Excise.
	2 to 4 p.m.	Customs Law	Test G I—Customs.
Tuesday, 14th January.	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Rules under the Customs Act	Test G-II—Customs.
Wednesday, 16th January	10 noon	Languages	Test E—Linguistic.

Office of the Board of Examiners, Chepauk, Madras, 10th December 1917.

J. W. GREATOREX,
Secretary.

TRAINING SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION UNDER THE MADRAS EDUCATIONAL RULES, CHAP. XI, FIFTH EDITION.

With reference to the notification dated 16th November 1917 published on pages 810 and 811 and pages 818 and 819 of the two issues of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 20th November 1917 and

27th November 1917, respectively, it is hereby notified that "Nature study" will include the study of Plant and Animal life only, as defined by the syllabuses found in the current edition of the Scheme of Work in Training Schools.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

M. S. H. THOMPSON,
Acting Inspector of European and Training Schools.

VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited from trained certificated teachers of the secondary grade whose vernacular is Telugu for the undermentioned posts. For appointments Nos. 4 and 6 a knowledge of Canarese is also essential:—

1. Headmaster, Model School, Government Training School, Chittoor, Rs. 25.
2. Headmaster, Government Training School, Rayachoti, Rs 25 plus local allowance Rs. 6.
3. Headmaster, Government Training School, Kurnool, Rs. 25 plus local allowance, Rs. 5.
4. Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Harpanahalli, Rs 30 plus fixed travelling allowance, Rs. 12-8-0.
5. Supervisor, Adoni, Rs 30 plus fixed travelling allowance, Rs. 12-8-0.
6. Do. Jammalamadugu do. do.
7. Do. Rayachoti do. do.
8. Do. Sirigappa do. do.
9. Do. Tadpatri do. do.

Applications containing the following particulars should reach the undersigned not later than 1st January 1918:—

(1) Name in full; (2) caste; (3) age; (4) last previous appointment with salary and consent of immediate superior to take up the post; (5) highest examination passed, both general and professional with class and year; (6) where trained and the date of Teacher's Certificate with number. (7) vernacular and other languages known.

Bellary, 18th November 1917.

A. RAMA RAO,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Third Circle.

WANTED for the Government Higher Elementary Grade Training School, Ellore (temporary), a certificated Gymnastic Instructor on Rs. 15 per mensem. Some working knowledge of English and ability to write a neat hand, are essential. Apply with testimonials from the present and former employers before 20th December 1917 to the Inspector of Schools, Second Circle, Guntur.

Guntur, 30th November 1917.

W. E. BRIERLEY,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Second Circle.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE BOTANICAL BULLETIN.

A limited number of sets (Nos. 1 to 60) of the Presidency College Botanical Bulletin at Rs. 2 per set is available for sale. Each number gives a drawing and description of a common flowering plant.

Applications for copies accompanied by a money order for Rs. 2 should be made to Mr. P. F. Fysoe, Professor of Botany, Presidency College, Madras.

TELUGU SHORTHAND MANUAL.

Copies of this publication by M. Srinivasa Rao, which has been recommended for the use of candidates taking vernacular shorthand as an optional subject are available for sale at the Government Press, Mount Road Branch, Madras, at Rs. 3-8-0 a copy.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

RAJAMUNDRY COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1917-18. Demy 8vo, paper cover. As. 12. (1 s.)

MADRAS LAW COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1917-18. Royal 8vo. As. 12. (1 s. 6 p.)

GODS AND GODDESSES. South Indian Images of—. By Rao Sahib H. Krishna Sastri, B.A., 1916. Royal 8vo, cloth gilt, Rs. 5-8-0 or 8s. 3d. (8 as.)

HARPI KOTAI. Illustrated and described by A. H. LONGHURST. Re. 0 or 4s. 6d. (6 as.)

RULES AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT MUSICAL SCHOOLS, 1917. Royal 8vo, paper cover. ANNA 1 (9 p.).

SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATES RECTIFICATION AND EXAMINATION RULES FOR 1917-19. Royal 8vo, stitched. As. 4 (3 s.).

EXAMINATIONS—ABSTRACT OF THE RULES RELATING TO PUBLIC SERVICE EXAMINATIONS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, corrected up to 31st March 1917. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 4 (3 s.).

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 51.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 18, 1917. [Price, 4 annas.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS—OCTOBER 1917.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the SPECIAL TESTS under which their names appear.

NOTE.—Failure lists will be published in due course.

[Applications for certificates should be made in accordance with the notice that will be published in the FORT ST. GEORGE and DISTRICT GAZETTES in FEBRUARY next.]

[N.B.—*Applications from unsuccessful candidates ask ng for info mation or in the cause of failure or for a re vali ation of their answer papers will not be attended to.*]

Number in order of seniority.	Number in general Register.	Name of candidate.	Place of examination	Age.	Highest General education test passed	Designation of office held.

THE TRANSLATION TEST (HIGHER GRADE).

TAMIL.

FIRST CLASS.

				Yrs.		
1	1984	V. R. Viswanatha Ayyar	Madura.	27	B.A. ..	Pleader, Madura.
2	1316	Poonamallee Ramakrishnan.	Chittoor.	27	B.A. ..	Revenue Inspector, Vellimgai.
3	1074	M. S. Sitaramaa ..	Coconada.	24	Matricula tion.	Sanitary Inspector, Provincial holera Party C, Madras
4	2736	K. Stanislaus ..	Madras ..	27	B.A. .	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
5	2187	N. Ramabhadrao ..	Tanjore.	26	B.A .	Sub-Inspector of Police, Police Training School, Vellore.
	2767	K. Gopalaswami Rao.	Madras ..	22	B.A. .	Nil.
7	1378	A. Krishna Achari ..	Vellore ..	24	S S.L.C. .	Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Vellore.
	2378	Balakrishnampatti S. Sankara Ayyar	Trichinopoly.	36	Matricula tion.	Clerk, Srirangam District Munsif's Court at Trichinopoly.

SECOND CLASS.

	695	K. S. Bhaskan ..	Cuddapah.	22	B.A. ..	Nil.
	742	S. Srinivasa Achari.	Anantapur	30	B.A. ..	Clerk, Collector's Office, Anantapur.
	743	Sanjivi Venugopal Sarma.	Do.	27	Matricula tion.	Clerk, Police Office, Anantapur.

Number in order of precedence.	Provisional number.	Name of candidate.	Place of residence.	Age.	Highest general standard of Test or test passed.	Designation of office held.
		THE TRANSLATION TEST (HIGHER GRADE)—*contd.*				
		TAMIL—*contd.*				
		SECOND CLASS—*contd.*				
	1085	Udamalpet V. Natesayana Rao.	Coimbatore.	Yrs. 28	Matriculation	Sub-ordinate First Clerk, District Court, Coimbatore.
	1086	C. Sivasubbiah ..	Do.	2	Do.	Typist, District Court, Coimbatore.
	1087	T. S. Thanu Ayyar	Do.	29	B.A. ..	Head Clerk, First Additional District Munsif's Court, Coimbatore.
	1088	S. Krishna Rau ..	Do.	31	Matriculation.	Third Clerk, Principal District Munsif's Court, Coimbatore.
	1089	T. Subba Rau ..	Do.	27	S.S.L.C. ..	Clerk, Principal District Munsif's Court, Coimbatore.
	1923	Vriddhachalam K. Venkatramana Ayyar.	Cuddalore.	43	B.A. ..	First Grade Pleader, Vriddhachalam.
	1814	T. L. Srinivasavarada Achari.	Chittoor.	39	Matriculation	Clerk, District Court, Chittoor.
	1815	C. Krishnaswami Ayyar.	Do.	41	Do.	Head Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Madanapalli.
	1568	S. Subba Rao ..	Madura ..	29	Do.	Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Sattur.
	1570	M. Venkatswami Ayyar.	Do. ..	34	Do	Head Clerk, First Additional District Munsif's Court, Madura.
	1572	R. Y. Srinivasa Ayyar.	Do. ..	23	S.S.L.C. ..	Acting Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Sattur.
	1574	S. Ramaswami Ayyangar.	Do. ..	45	Matriculation.	Copyist Superintendent, Ramnad District Court at Madura.
	1575	P. S. Ramachandra Ayyar.	Do. ..	27	B.A. ..	Clerk, District Court, Madura.
	1854	Y. Subbarama Sarma.	Cuttack-mandi.	34	Matriculation.	Translator, Sub-Court, Cuttackmandi.
	1950	William Clerk Whitchurch	Palamcottah.	30	B.A. ..	Superintendent of Copyists, District Court, Tinnevelly.
	1951	A. Sabhapathiah ..	Do.	30	B.A. ..	Clerk, District Court, Tinnevelly.
	1954	C. K. Krishna Ayyar	Do.	27	Matriculation.	Clerk, Additional District Munsif's Court, Tinnevelly.
	1955	M. Subrahmanya Ayyar.	Do.	37	Do.	Clerk, District Court, Tinnevelly.
	1956	P. Subrahmanya Ayyar.	Do.	28	Do.	Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Koilpatti.
	2082	M. S. Vijayaraghava Achari	Salem ..	25	B.A. ..	Vakil, Salem.
	2195	T. Srinivasa Ayyar	Tanjore ..	42	B.A. ..	Head Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Mayavaram.
	2196	V. Srinivasa Rao ..	Do. ..	42	F.A. ..	Head Clerk, Sub-Court, Tanjore.
	2197	P. Venkataramma Ayyar.	Do. ..	30	F.A. ..	Clerk, District Court, Tanjore.
	2199	M. G. Visvanatha Sastri.	Do. ..	31	Matriculation.	Clerk, Sub-Court, Tanjore.
	2201	S. Rama Mudali ..	Do. ..	27	F.A. ..	Head Clerk, Stationary Sub-Magistrate's Office, Kumbakonam.
	2273	A. C. Krishnaswami Ayyangar.	Trichinopoly	26	B.A. ..	Pleader, Trichinopoly.
	2274	S. Venkateswaran	Do.	24	B.A. ..	Revenue Inspector, Thiruvarankulam Firka.
	2279	D. Gopala Achari ..	Do.	32	B.A. ..	Protestionary Prosecuting Inspector of Police, Trichinopoly.
	2280	M. V. Ramaswami Ayyar.	Do.	38	Matriculation.	Clerk, Subordinate Judge's Court, Trichinopoly.
	2689	Tirumalai M. Rajagopala Achari.	Madras ..	24	B.A. ..	Nil.
	2716	K. T. Lakshmana Rao.	Do. ..	29	B.A. ..	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2717	Jupalpore Chakrapani Naydu	Do. ..	30	Matriculation.	Clerk, Taluk Office, Saidapet.
	2722	Conch V. Janakiram,	Do. ..	24	Intermediate.	Acting Clerk, Small Cause Court, Madras.
	2725	S. P. Srinivasa Rao.	Do. ..	37	Matriculation.	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2727	Jiruvallur Pachchavalchadi Gopala Achari.	Do. ..	26	B.A. ..	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2728	J. Nagarajan ..	Do. ..	27	Matriculation.	Salem Clerk, High Court, Madras.

Number in order of precedence.	Number in general register.	Name of candidate.	Place of examination.	Age.	Highest general education test passed	Designation of office held.

FREE TRANSLATION TEST (HIGHER GRADE)—*cont.*

TAMIL—*cont.*

SECOND CLASS—*cont.*

				YRS		
	2730	S. Swaminadha ..	Madras ..	29	F.A. ..	Chief Clerk, Statistics, High Court, Madras.
	2731	Sesha Narasimhulu Nayudu.	Do. ..	38	Upper Secondary	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2733	Tirumala Ramakrishna Nayudu.	Do. ..	34	Matriculation	Deputy Nazir, Small Cause Court, Madras.
	2734	Pingali Tyagaraja Rao	Do. ..	25	S.S.L.C. ..	Clerk, Small Cause Court, Madras.
	2736	Tiruvellur Gopala Mudali.	Do. ..	27	Matriculation.	Clerk, Office of the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Madras, Madras
	2737	Viriyambekkam Tiruvenkata Pillai	Do. ..	48	Do.	Nil.
	2738	Tiruvattur A Krishnaswami Ayyar.	Do. ..	46	Do.	Superintendent of Notices, High Court, Madras.
	2741	Attipedu Kasturi Chakrapani Nayudu.	Do. ..	33	Do.	Interpreter, Police Court, Madras.
	2743	J Subrahmanyam ..	Do. ..	28	B.A. ..	Nil.
	2746	Salem J. Nagaratna Mudali.	Do. ..	33	Matriculation.	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2748	Pattanam M. Kumaravelu Pillai	Do. .	27	Do	Assistant Accountant, High Court, Madras.
	2749	N Mani Ayyar ..	Do. ..	28	B.A. ..	Assistant Budget Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2752	R. Srinivasa ..	Do. ..	24	B.A. ..	Nil.
	2754	Casarigakkam Vakyam Ramakrishna Ayyar	Do. ..	34	Matriculation.	Head Clerk, District Munsif's Court, Ranipet.
	2765	N. Subrahmanyam	Do. ..	26	B A ..	Acting Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2766	Narasimhapuram Chakravarti Gopalaswami Ayyangar.	Do. ..	22	Matriculation.	Head Clerk Deputy Tahsildar's Office, Poonamallee
	2768	Naralpakkam Ranga Achari	Do. ..	30	Do.	Clerk High Court, Madras.
	2763	K. N. Panchapakesa.	Do. ..	32	B A. ..	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2764	S. E. Srinivasaraghavan.	Do. ..	16	F.A. ..	Clerk, Inspector-General of Police Office, Madras
	2768	R. Rama wami Ayyangar.	Do. ..	37	B.L. ..	Assistant Librarian, Government Oriental Manuscripts Library, Madras
	2761	Kalambur Venkata Rao.	Do. ..	41	Matriculation.	Clerk, Official Referee's Office, High Court, Madras
	2770	T. V. Abhirama Mudali	Do. ..	29	B.A. ..	Clerk, Court of Small Causes, Madras.
	2772	N. Viswanatha Ayyar.	Do. ..	33	B A ..	Clerk, Collector's Office, Saidapet.
	2773	S. Anjaneyan ..	Do. ..	23	B A. ..	Clerk, High Court, Madras.

MALAYALAM.

FIRST CLASS.

1	915	Kottarathil Govinda Nayar.	Calicut ..	31	Matriculation.	Head Clerk, Additional Palghat Munsif's Court, Badagara.
2	2769	Chittur V. Mahadeva Ayyar.	Madras ..	24	B A. ..	Nil.

SECOND CLASS.

	1082	G. S. Sesha Ayyar..	Coimbatore.	31	B.A. ..	Vakil, Palghat.
	1092	Vaniyamparambath Narayana Menon.	Do.	27	Matriculation.	Second Clerk, First Additional District Munsif's Court, Coimbatore.
	2783	Chittot V. Vasudevan.	Madras ..	28	Do.	Clerk, High Court, Madras.
	2804	Peruvemba S. Ramachandra Ayya .	Do. ..	24	B.A. ..	Nil.

LISTS OF FAILURES.

(*Note* 1.—Candidates who were absent from part of the examination are regarded as having failed in the subjects or subjects from which they absented themselves.

Note 2.—Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the causes of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer papers will not be attended to.)

THE TRANSLATION TEST (HIGHER GRADE).

HINDUSTANI.

Translation from English into Hindustani .. .. a
Translation from Hindustani into English .. .. b

Register number.	Subjects failed in
2310	a b

THE TRANSLATION TEST (LOWER GRADE).

TAMIL.

Translation from English into Tamil .. .. a
Translation from Tamil into English .. .. b

Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.	Register number.	Subjects failed in.
457	a b	1350	a b	1963	b	2390	b
916	a	1481	a b	1967	a	2392	a b
1094	a b	1483	a	1968	a b	2393	b
1098	b	1517	a b	1979	a	2394	a b
1097	b	1529	a b	2095	b	2395	a b
1098	b	1541	b	2099	a b	2396	b
1100	b	1592	a b	2104	b	2396A	b
1101	b	1593	b	2105	b	2399	a b
1103	b	1598	b	2106	b	2400	b
1107	a b	1605	b	2110	b	2401	b
1110	a b	1608	a b	2113	a	2401A	a b
1111	a b	1597	a b	2114	a b	2402	a
1224	a b	1603	b	2116	a b	2511	a b
1227	a b	1604	a b	2203	a	2512	a b
1228	a	1605	a	2208	b	2513	a
1232	a b	1611	a b	2208	b	2514	a b
1232	a b	1619	a b	2209	a b	2515	b
1235	b	1624	b	2212	b	2807	a
1317	a b	1628	a b	2215	b	2698	b
1318	a	16 0	a b	2216	b	2814	b
1319	a	1631	b	2218	b	2816	a b
1351	a	1635	b	22 9	b	2819	b
1383	a b	1637	b	2220	b	2822	b
1384	b	1634	a	2221	b	2821	a b
1385	b	1639	b	2223	a b	2829	a b
1386	b	1640	b	2224	b	2830	b
1387	a b	1641	a	2225	b	2835	a b
1388	a b	1643	a b	2226	b	2837	b
1391	a b	16 5	a b	2227A	b	8585	a
1395	a b	1646	a	2228	a b	2838	b
1398	b	1650	b	2264	a	2810	a b
1677	a b	1652	b	2286	a b		
1678	b	1653	b	2288	b		

HINDUSTANI.

Translation from English into Hindustani .. .. a
Translation from Hindustani into English .. .. b

Register number.	Subject failed in.
2673	b

(By order)

Office of the Commr for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 14th December 1917.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 51.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 18, 1917. [Price, 6 pice

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS.

The following candidates are declared to have qualified for the GROUP CERTIFICATES in the subjects mentioned opposite to their names:—

Name of candidate.	Subject.
M. B. Das	Building Construction.
P. S. Kalahasti ..	Do.
G. D. Prabalanathan ..	Machine Construction.
Shaikh Abdul Hafiz	Do.
M. Vadivelu	Do.
T. M. Natarajan	Mechanical Drawing.
T. R. Sadagopan	Do
T. C. Sankaralingam	Do
T. H. Soyasundara Ayyar ..	Do.
Y. S. Viswanathan	Do.
S. Andi Ayyar	Draftsman's Group Certificate in Mechanical Drawing.
V. Bhima Rao ..	Do.
T. M. Natarajan	Do.
L. Ramaswami Ayyar	Do.
Sripurambudur Rangaistha Mudali.	Do
T. R. Sadagopan	Do.
T. C. Sankaralingam .. .	Do.
B. S. Venkatachalam .. .	Do.
T. Venkatarama Ayyangar ..	Do.
Y. S. Viswanathan	Do.
L. A. Gopala Ayyar	Surveying.
V. Gopalakrishna Mudali ..	Do.
Nanvinkere Gopinath ..	Do.
S. Govindarajulu Nayudu ..	Do.
M. Gururaj	Do.
Yerramsetti Hanumanta Rao Nayudu.	Do.
M. Harihara Ayyar	Do.
S. Krishna Ayyar	Do.
Kolluru Lakshminarayana	Do.

Name of candidate.	Subject.
A. Mahadeva Ayyar	Surveying.
M. Mariyadas	Do.
Ayalasomayajula Narasimhaiu ..	Do.
K. G. Narayana Pendkar ..	Do.
P. S. Narayanamurti	Do.
N. Narayanan	Do.
Uyyuru Papayya	Do.
Tirumanraiyar Punnambala Mudali.	Do.
Koka Ramachandra Rao ..	Do.
D. Ramaswami Ayyar	Do.
Tanapala Rangasayi Nayudu ..	Do.
N. T. Sadagopa Pillai	Do.
T. R. Sadagopan	Do.
V. K. Sanjivi Nayudu	Do.
T. V. Sundararajulu Nayudu ..	Do.
M. J. Savarimuthan	Do
Josyula Sitaramayya . ..	Do.
D. Solomon	Do.
Gangisetti Venkatasubbayya ..	Do.
Damaraju Venkatakameswara Rao.	Do.
Jonnamuttu Michael William ..	Do.
Ullatil Achyuta Menon ..	Hydraulic Engineering.
M. R. Das	Do.
Madireddi Kanakachala Rao Nayudu.	Do.
D. Solomon	Do.
T. R. Vitthal Rao	Do.
M. Hariuara Ayyar	Bridge Construction.
S. Krishna Wariyar	Do
A. Mahadeva Ayyar	Do
S. Menavalaswami	Do.
N. Narayanan	Do.
D. Ramaswami Ayyar ..	Do
V. K. Sanjivi Nayudu .	Do.
T. C. Sankaralingam .. .	Do.
T. S. Srinivasan	Do.

Name of candidate	Subject.
T. R. Vithal Rao	Bridge Construction.
K. P. Ramanathan	Electrical Engineering
S. Swaminatha Ayyar ..	Do.
A Pakiri Chetiyya	Drawing.
Kazi Fazlud din Ahmad ..	Do.
S. Hariharn Ayyar	Do
Asael N. Jathanna	Do
G. Jnanasikhamani	Do.
S Kumaraswami Asari ..	Do.
V. Nagaraja Rao	Do.
Ambadi Nana Menon	Do.
T. S. Ramalingam Ayyar ..	Do.
A. Sromani	Do.
S Sivarama Pillai	Do.
M. K. Yatavajulu Nayadu ..	Do.
A. Chidamburam	Shorthand.
N. S. Ganapati	Do
S. Gopalan	Do.
S. Gopalaswami	Do
P. Govindarajan	Do.
R. Haliyar	Do.
Yallapantula Krishnayya ..	Do.
S. Lakshminarayanan	Do.
B. Nageswara	Do.
J. Padmanabha	Do.
Papatla Purnayya	Do.
K. E Rajagopala Achari ..	Do.
L. D Rajagopalan	Do.
Tyagarajapuram S Ramayya ..	Do.

Name of candidate.	Subject.
K. K Rama Ayyar	Shorthand.
Karumuru Ramakotayya ..	Do.
L. Ramanathan	Do.
S. Ramaswami Ayyangar ..	Do.
G. Ranga Achari	Do.
Cakkalur Sadatchara Mudali ..	Do.
N Sitarama Ayyar	Do.
Kankipati Srinivasa Rao ..	Do.
A. Sundararavadan	Do.
M. Vaidyanathan	Do
H. Venkatarama Ayyar ..	Do.
G Viswanathan	Do
P. Yajnarama Ayyar	Do.
S. Gopalan	Correspondence
M. Gopala Ayyar	Do.
S. Krishnamurti	Do
Karumuru Ramakotayya ..	Do.
P. V. Rajagopal	Do.
V Venkataraman	Do.
Madabhushi Ananta Acharyulu ..	Book-keeping
M Ramakrishna	Do.
S Gopalan	Do.
M. Gopala Ayyar	Do.
R Krishnamurti	Do.
Sukkapatnam Narasimha Acharlu.	Do.
T V. Rajagopal	Do.
Karumuru Ramakotayya ..	Do.
V. Venkataraman	Do.

The following candidates are declared to have qualified for the Diploma in Commerce:—

Lawrence Dominic de'Rozario.	S. Ramaswami Ayyangar.
S Gopalan	A Srinivasa Rao.
Kotipalli Rajamani	P. Yajnarayya Ayyar.
Karumuru Ramakotayya.	R. Sankar.
Sridhara Ramalingayya.	V. Sundararajan.

The following candidate is declared to have qualified for the Diploma for Chemists and Druggists:—

C. Bhaktavatsalu Nayudu.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 13th December 1917.

D. A. HOBDAY, *Secretary*

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Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, &c.

Registration.

Postings.—The following postings of Sub-Registrars are ordered:—

M.R.Ry. Madura Ramachandra Rao Krishna Rao, to be Joint Sub-Registrar I, Trichinopoly (Trichinopoly district)—To join on the 3rd January 1918.

M.R.Ry. Venkatasubba Sastri Gopala Sastri, to Swamimalai (Tanjore district)—To join on the 3rd January 1918.

M.R.Ry. Rajaman Chinna Sahib Sooray, to Valuvur (Tanjore district)—To join on the 3rd January 1918.

M.R.Ry. Vaiangimun Ramaswami Ayyar, to Tiruvalur (Tanjore district).

M.R.Ry. Panchapakesa Sikar Natesa Ayyar, to Nannilam (Tanjore district,—to join on the 3rd January 1918.

M.R.Ry. Narayanaswami Ayyar Krishnaswami Ayyar, to Mangalampettai (South Arcot district)—To join on the 3rd January 1918.

M.R.Ry. Avasarala Chinna Venkata Rao, to Ramachandrapuram (Godavari district)—To join on the 3rd January 1918.

M.R.Ry. Pundi Madabushi Sesha Acharya, on return from leave, to Komaralchi (South Arcot district).

M.R.Ry. Mukkada Ravichan, to be Sub-Registrar, Dharmapuri (Salem district)

(This cancels his posting to Mulanur notified on page 1790 of Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 6th November 1917.)

M.R.Ry. Vemba Ayyar Sambasiva Ayyar, on return from leave, to Sindupatti (Madura district)

Madras, 13th December 1917.

M.R.Ry. Vemparla Venkatasubbayya, to be Joint Sub-Registrar, Nellore (Nellore district).

M.R.Ry. Easarabada Venkatachalapati Rao, to be Joint Sub-Registrar II, Cocanada (Godavari district).

M.R.Ry. Proddatur Narasinga Rao, to be Joint Sub-Registrar, Masulipatam (Kistna district)—To join on the 3rd January 1918

Madras, 14th December 1917.

M.R Ry. Kanumilli Radrayya, to Amalapuram (Godavari district). To join on 3rd January 1918.

M.R Ry. Uppaluri Krishnamurti, to Alamur (Godavari district). To join on the 3rd January 1918.

G. M. SCHMIDT,
Inspector-General of Registration.

Madras, 17th December 1917.

JUDICIAL.

No. 73.—Transfers.—The following transfers of District Munsifs have been ordered by the High Court :—

1. M.R.Ry. Burra Venkateswara Rau Pantulu Garu, from Rajahmundry (Principal) to Gudur (Temporary) at Nellore.

2. M.R Ry. Tadepalli Venkata Narayanayya Pantulu Garu, from Gudur (Temporary) at Nellore to Chingleput (Additional).

3. M.R Ry. Gavarapet Ramaswami Ayyar Subbaraya Ayyar Avargal, from Chingleput (Additional) to Rajahmundry (Principal).

(All the officers to join on the reopening of their respective courts after the Christmas holidays.)

No. 78.—M.R.Ry. Cattoor Norasa Ayyar Kuppuswami Ayyar Avargal to join the Kallakurchi Court on the expiry of the annual term of the Court of the second Additional District Munsif of Coimbatore on 31st December 1917.

No. 80.—In continuation of the High Court notification No. 74, dated the 13th November 1917, published at page 1874, Part II of the *Fort St George Gazette*, dated the 20th November 1917, the High Court directs that Mr. T. C. Batho, District Munsif of Aska, do join at Ongole on the 1st February 1918, and Mr. K. Kalyanaswami at Aska on relief.

C. G. MACKAY,
Registrar.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
17th December 1917.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Leave.—Under articles 233, 360 and 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. Srungaram Balaramakrishnulu Garu, Inspector, is granted combined leave for two years (privilege leave for one month and twenty-six days and furlough for one year, ten months and four (days) from 14th November 1917.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 8th December 1917.

Leave.—Under article 269 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. William Arthur Brito, Inspector, is granted privilege leave for three months from date of relief by Mr. Ernest William Truter.

E. GRAHAM,
Secretary.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 11th December 1917.

FOREST.

Posting.—Consequent on the deputation of Mr. F. W. Fernandez, Ranger, fifth grade, in charge of Kanigiri range, Nellore district, to put in his drills under Indian Defence Force Act at Berwada, the following posting is ordered :—

Mr. D. E. Lewin, Ranger, sixth grade, working in South Cuddapah, is transferred and posted to the charge of Kanigiri range. He should join forthwith and relieve Mr. F. W. Fernandez.

Appointments.—(1) M.R Ry. A. Ranganayakulu, Ranger, fourth grade, in charge of Sanipaya Range, West Cuddapah district, is appointed as Senior Instructor of the Vernacular Training School of the Central Circle for the 1918 session to be held in the same district.

(2) Kuttappan Pillai, probationary Deputy Ranger, third grade, North Cuddapah, is appointed to act as Deputy Ranger, first grade, and is posted as Assistant Instructor, Vernacular Training School, Guntur of 1918. To join immediately on relief in time to open the school on 1st February 1918.

(3) P. M. Mathew, M.R.H. and probationary Deputy Ranger, first grade, South Cuddapah district, is appointed as Ranger, sixth grade, on probation for six months vice Ranger S. A. Ramakrishna Nayudu dismissed and is posted to the charge of Sanipaya range and to relieve No. (1) immediately after the Christmas holidays.

(4) K. S. Raghavachari, a M.R.H. student, is appointed to act as Ranger, sixth grade, vice No. (1) on other duty as Senior Instructor or until further orders and is posted to the charge of Muddanur range, West Cuddapah district.

Madras, 11th December 1917.

Cancellation of Leave.—The unexpired portion of the ten days' privilege leave granted to Mr. D. E. Lewin, Ranger, sixth grade, on special duty, Kodur range, South Cuddapah district, granted in this office Service Order No. 174, dated 17th November 1917, is cancelled.

H. B. BRYANT,
Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.

Madras, 17th December 1917.

Postings.—M.R.Ry. S. Rameswami Ayyar, Ranger, first grade, is posted for the charge of the Rajahmundry range in addition to his charge to relieve Ranger V. S. Subramanya Ayyar appointed as Special Forest Officer, Golgonda and Hill Madgole

M.R.Ry. S. Jothinayagam, Ranger, fifth grade, on expiry of the leave granted to him is posted to the Gokavaram range of Lower Godavari.

Waltair, 4th December 1917.

H. A. LATHAM,
Acting Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle

Leave and Posting.—(1) M.R.Ry. A. K. Kandan, Ranger, fifth grade, South Vellore division, is granted privilege leave for one month from 19th January 1918.

(2) M.R.Ry. G. N. Subba Rao, Probationary Ranger, sixth grade, is posted to the charge of Polur range during the absence of No. (1).

Trichinopoly, 8th December 1917.

P. M. LUSHINGTON,
Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle

PUBLIC WORKS.

Transfer.—M.R.Ry. P. L. Sankaranarayana Pillai, temporary Upper Subordinate on Rs. 60, from the II to the V Circle To join immediately The transfer carries with it sanction to his transit pay.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

Transfer.—The following transfer is ordered.—

M.R.Ry. P. K. Gopalaratnam Ayyar, temporary Upper Subordinate on *Rs.* 70, from the II to the IV Circle. To join immediately. The transfer carries with it sanction to his transit pay.

Madras, 13th December 1917.

Transfers.—The following officers and subordinates who were employed on the gauging operations in the IV Circle and at the Upper Anicut are transferred to the Office of the Chief Engineer for Irrigation with effect from the dates noted against each.—

(1) M.R.Ry. G. Srinivasa Achari, Overseer, second grade, temporary rank—25th October 1917 forenoon.

(2) M.R.Ry. S. Suryanarayana, temporary Upper Subordinate on Rs. 100—23rd October 1917 forenoon.

(3) M.R.Ry. V. Sekhara Menon, temporary Upper Subordinate on Rs. 100—23rd October 1917 afternoon.

(4) T. A. Daud Badshah Sahib, temporary Upper Subordinate on Rs. 40—18th November 1917 forenoon.

The transfer carries with it sanction to transit pay in the case of the three temporary Upper Subordinates.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

Leave.—Under articles 533, 260 and 338, Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. A. Kuppuswami Ayyar, Supervisor, second grade, temporary, Nellore division, V Circle, is granted, with effect from the 2nd January 1918, combined leave for two years, viz., privilege leave to the extent due and furlough for the remaining period.

Transfer.—M.R.Ry. Nelakanti Sundarasiva Rao, Supervisor, second grade, temporary rank, Godavari Eastern division, I Circle, is transferred to the V Circle

Madras, 15th December 1917.

S. B. MURRAY,
Chief Engineer, P.W.D.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. C. S. Gopalakrishna Rao, Supervisor, first grade, temporary, Godavari Northern division, is, on return from leave, posted to the office of the Superintending Engineer, I Circle, as a temporary measure

Vizagapatam, 15th December 1917.

M. R. KHAREGAT,
Superintending Engineer, I Circle

Erratum.—The following erratum is issued for the revised notification issued in this office No. 736-61., dated 2nd December 1917:—

For "privilege leave for twenty-one days with effect from the 3rd December 1917," *read* "privilege leave for twenty-two days from 1st December 1917."

Bezwada, 12th December 1917.

J. B. LUTMAN,
Superintending Engineer, II Circle.

Reposting.—M.R.Ry. K. Palaniappa Pillai, Overseer, first grade, and Supervisor, first grade, temporary rank, is reposted to the charge of the Tank Restoration Scheme Investigation subdivision of the Cuddapah division in relief of M.R.Ry. P. S. Narasimha Aryar Avargal. To join forthwith. (This cancels his posting already ordered to the charge of the Adoni section of the Bellary division.)

Transfer.—M.E.Ry. T. G. Krishna Ayyar Avargal, temporary Sub-Engineer, on relief at Penukonda by Mr. J. S. Mullen is transferred to the charge of the Cuddapah subdivision of the Cuddapah division. To join expeditiously. (This cancels his posting already ordered to the charge of the Tank Restoration Scheme Investigation Subdivision, Cuddapah.)

L. D. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, III Circle.

Bellary, 10th December 1917.

Transfers.—M.E.Ry. K. Pandaranga Rao Avargal, Supervisor, first grade, temporary rank, from the West Coast to the Salem division for the charge of the Salem subdivision in succession to M.E.Ry. U. Venkata Rao Avargal, Sub-Engineer, transferred to III Circle. To join expeditiously.

M.E.Ry. C. S. Subrahmanya Ayyar, temporary Upper Subordinate on Rs. 60, from the Salem to the West Coast division. To join expeditiously.

C. T. MULLINGS,
Superintending Engineer, IV Circle.

Coimbatore, 15th December 1917.

Leave.—Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for thirty-four days with effect from 21st November 1917, with permission to affix Christmas holidays, is granted to M.E.Ry. R. Mahadeva Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, sixth grade, North Presidency division.

Madras, 16th December 1917.

Transfer.—M.E.Ry. G. Narayana Rao Avargal, Sub-Engineer, second grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer from the North Presidency Division to the V Circle office as Personal Assistant to Superintending Engineer, V Circle. To join on relief by M.E.Ry. R. Mahadeva Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, sixth grade, after his return from privilege leave.

J. M. LACEY,
Superintending Engineer, V Circle.

Madras, 17th December 1917.

Transfer.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 8313, dated 29th November 1917, published on page 194 of Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th October 1917, M.E.Ry. M. N. Ramakrishna Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, V Circle, is transferred to the Madura division for charge of the Uthamapalayam Subdivision.

(This cancels the posting of M.E.Ry. V. Sundaram Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, to the Uthamapalayam Subdivision ordered in this office Notification No. 8955, dated 14th November 1917.)

Leave.—M.E.Ry. Venkatasubba Sundaram Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, is granted, under article 260, Civil service Regulations, privilege leave for three months with effect from 1st December or date of relief of the charge of the Madura Subdivision of the Madura Special division.

P. HAWKINS,
Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

Trichinopoly, 10th December 1917.

Leave.—M.E.Ry. C. Krishna Ayyar, Overseer, first grade, temporary, Vennar division, is granted, under article 260, Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for two months from 10th December 1917 forenoon or date of relief.

M.E.Ry. K. Raghava Achari, temporary Upper Subordinate, Tank Restoration Scheme division, is granted, under article 260, Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for fifteen days from 18th November 1917.

Madras, 11th December 1917.

Reposting.—M.E.Ry. M. R. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, fourth grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer posted to this Circle in Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 7818 C., dated 11th December 1917, is reposted to the Cauvery division for charge of the Mayavaram subdivision (The transfers of Messrs. N. S. Venkataramana Ayyar Avargal, to the Mayavaram subdivision and P. S. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, to the Vriddhachalam subdivision, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th October 1917, are cancelled).

Postings and Transfers.—(1) M.E.Ry. K. Ranganatha Ayyangar Avargal, temporary Sub-Engineer, on recure from privilege leave, to the Tindivanam subdivision of the Tank Restoration Scheme division.

(2) M.E.Ry. N. Thangavelu Mudaliyar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, fifth grade, from the Tank Restoration Scheme division, to the North Arcot division, for the charge of the Arni subdivision on relief by No. (1).

(3) Sub-Conductor J. H. Thomas, Sub Engineer, sixth grade, from the North Arcot division, to the Vennar division, for the charge of the Vennar subdivision on relief by No. (2).

A. V. RAMALINGA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, VII Circle.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

MEDICAL.

Appointments and Postings.—M.R.Ry. T. Balakrishnan, M.B., B.S., on the expiry of the period of his House Surgeoncy, is substantive as a temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon in the department on Rs. 100 plus allowances attached to the appointment and posted to Government General Hospital, Madras, to fill a vacancy.

Civil Assistant Surgeon M. Seshadri Reddi, L.M. & S., from Government General Hospital, Madras, is appointed assistant to the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Nellore, vice Civil Assistant Surgeon V. Govindan Nayar, L.M. & S.

Civil Assistant Surgeon V. Govindan Nayar, L.M. & S., on relief at Nellore, is placed at the disposal of the President, District Board, Nellore, vice Civil Assistant Surgeon M. P. Peter, L.M. & S., transferred.

M.R.By. R. Subbayya, M.B., B.S., entertained as a temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon in the department on Rs. 100 plus allowance attached to the appointment on posted to Government General Hospital, Madras, to fill a vacancy.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

Appointments.—Civil Assistant Surgeon L. I. DeRozario, L.M. & S., from Local Fund Hospital, Ramnad, is appointed Port Health Officer, Pamban, and to be in charge of the Local Fund Hospital, Pamban, vice temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon C. Ommen, L.M. & S.

Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon C. Ommen, L.M. & S., on relief at Pamban, is placed at the disposal of the Chairman, Municipal Council, Palni, vice Civil Assistant Surgeon S. Balavelayudham, L.M. & S.

Civil Assistant Surgeon S. Balavelayudham, L.M. & S., on relief at Municipal Hospital, Palni, is placed at the disposal of the President, District Board, Ramnad, vice Civil Assistant Surgeon L. I. DeRozario, L.M. & S., transferred.

Posting.—Civil Assistant Surgeon A. Rangaramanujayya, L.M. & S., from Local Fund Hospital, Narsapur, Kistna district, is posted to Government General Hospital, Madras, to fill a vacancy.

(By order)

O. A. F. HINGSTON, Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

AGRICULTURE

Leave.—John A. Mulvel, Assistant in Entomology on probation, is granted privilege leave for eighteen days in continuation of the Christmas holidays.

G. A. D. STUART,
Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 17th December 1917.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PATENTS.

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 8 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act of 1911, have been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Record Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House street, Calcutta, at the price of eight annas per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

3810. J. M. D. Wrench. Improvements in safety locks for railway carriage doors.

3218 A. E. Stroud. Improvements in and relating to vertical looms.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

Fort St. George, 18th December 1917.

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NOTICE.

It is hereby notified, for the general information of the public, that all objections relating to entries in, or omissions from, the draft electoral rolls so far as the electoral rolls of the Nilgiri district are concerned under the Provincial Schedules III, IV, V and VI, presented within the prescribed date, i.e., the 31st day of January 1918, will be heard by the Collector of the Nilgiris in his office at Ootacamund on Friday the 16th day of February 1918 at 11 a.m.

A. R. CUMMING,
Collector.

The Nilgiri Collector's Office, Ootacamund,
18th December 1917.

FOREST REST-HOUSE.

Notice is hereby given that Forest rest-house at Tirukkalikkunram is unfit for occupation and will not therefore be available for occupation until further orders.

R. A. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR,
Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

Madras, 25th November 1917.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

A public examination for admission to the Assistant Surgeon Branch of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department will be held on 1st February 1918, at the undermentioned stations and places. Only Europeans and Anglo-Indians will be allowed to appear at the examination. Copies of the prospectus and any further information may be obtained from the Officer Commanding, Station Hospital, at these stations and from (1) the Deputy Director-General, Indian Medical Service, Simla; (2) The Personal Assistants to the Surgeons-General with the Governments of Bengal, Madras and Bombay; (3) All Administrative Medical Officers and the Principals of the Medical Colleges at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

Calcutta.	Wellington.	Jhansi.
Dinapore.	Quetta.	Sialkot.
Allahabad.	Shillong.	Fyzabad.
Agra.	Peshawar.	Aden.
Lucknow.	Kasauli.	Akyaub.
Meerut.	Ajmer.	Karachi.
Bareilly.	Simla.	Bombay.
Jubbulpore	Bangoon.	Mhow.
Ambala.	Madras	Poona.
Lahore Cantonment.	Cotacamund.	Kampti.
Rawalpindi.	Bangalore	Mandalay.
Secunderabad.	Trichinopoly.	

Simla, the 21st November 1917.

H. F. CLEVELAND, Col., V.H.S., I.M.S.,
Deputy Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

EXAMINATION FOR ENGINE-DRIVERS.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the examination held by the Board of Examiners on the 16th, 20th and 21st November 1917:—

CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY.

First Class.

Order of merit.	Register number and name.	Order of merit.	Register number and name.
1	30. Henry Graves Raymond.	2	48. Kovvila Somarajn.

Second Class.

3	32. Gulam Khader.	9	42. M. Munuswami Pillai.
4	45. E. Swaminathan Mudali.	10	31. Eppili Appanna.
5	35. James Theodore Noone.	11	33. P. David.
6	37. S. Thiruvengadam Nayakar.	12	34. M. M. Gnanu.
7	49. Bodapati Rangnayya.	13	44. Mahaboob Khan Sahib.
8	54. Salava Basava Raju.	14	38. C. Gnanamani.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE.

1	45. E. Swaminathan Mudali.	5	44. Mahaboob Khan Sahib.
2	32. Gulam Khader.	6	52. T. Srirangu Achari.
3	57. C. Joseph.	7	53. Duivasagayam David.
4	61. T. A. Narayanaswami Nayudu.		

Madras, 23rd November 1917.

W. HUTTON,
President, Board of Examiners, and Superintending Engineer, Sanitary Engineer to Government.

EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY FOR WATER WORKS FITTERS.

Notice is hereby given that, under G.O. No. 1426 M., dated 6th August 1912, an examination for Certificate of Competency for Water Works Fitters will be held at the Public Works Workshops near Seven Wells, Madras, on the 11th and 12th February 1918 commencing at 8 a.m.

2. Candidates must send in their applications on printed forms so that they may reach the Sanitary Engineer's office on or before the 15th January 1918, after which date no application will be considered. Applications for admission to the Examination for Certificates of Competency must be drawn up in accordance with rule 9 of the Rules for grant of Certificates of Competency for Water Works Fitters published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 27th August 1912, pages 444 and 445, and must be supported by the accompaniments referred to in that rule.

3. The prescribed fee must be paid into a Government Treasury or, if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras on or before the 15th January 1918, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the Bank of Madras must be securely fastened to the application together with other enclosures.

4. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned post paid, superscribed and addressed as follows.

[*Application for admission to the Examination for Water Works Fitters.*]

The Sanitary Engineer to Government of Madras and President, Board of Examiners,
Chepauk, Madras.

Insufficiently stamped covers will be rejected.

5. Candidates should fill in their applications legibly and write their names and address distinctly and in full and fill in the application form correctly to the best of their knowledge and belief. Any candidate who makes any false representation for the purpose of seeking admission to the examination will be prosecuted. Applications defective in any particular will be returned.

6. For any information that may be required candidates are referred to the rules published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 27th August 1912, pages 444 and 445.

7. Application forms and copies of the rules for the examination may be had on application to the undersigned.

W. HUTTON,
President, Board of Examiners,
and Superintending Engineer,
Sanitary Engineer to Government.

Madras, 7th December 1917.

TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified under section 6 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on or about the 14th day of June 1917, a treasure consisting of silver coins and contained in a mud pot was found by Pappaboyan, Devaboyan and Pongiammal while the bovans were demolishing the northern wall of the house of Ramaya Gounden of Karattupalayam, hamlet of Ponjai Palathottam and that the below mentioned portion of it has been recovered.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or a portion thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Coimbatore on Monday the 4th March 1918 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Description.	Number.	Value. Rs. A. P.
Half rupee—British	1	0 8 0
Quarter rupee—British	15	6 12 0
Do. —Muhammadan ..	5	
One-eighth rupee—British	21	2 12 0
Do. —Muhammadan ..	1	
Quarter anna piece	1	0 0 3
One pie	1	0 0 1
	Total ..	9 0 4

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
3rd October 1917.

N. MACMICHAEL,
Collector.

It is hereby notified, under section 6 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that, on or about the 30th July 1917, treasure consisting of the undermentioned article was found by some people in a well known as Chaganti Timmaraya well in Geddanapalli in Peddapuram taluk :—

A bronze idol of Sri Venu Gopalakrishna in a standing posture with one leg crossed against the other, with a flute in two hands and sanku and chakram in the other two. The whole body is coated with silver and the flute and the crown with gold. Weight of the idol is 782 tolas. Height is 16 inches.—Approximate value Rs 60.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Godavari at his office at Cocanada on 12th February 1918 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Godavari Collector's Office,
31st August 1917.

C. B. COTTERELL,
Acting Collector.

It is hereby notified, under section 6 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that on or about the 22nd February 1917 a gold rod weighing 4 ½ varagunidai and valued at about Rs. 28-7-0 was found by Veeraya Nayackan son of Painiappa Nayackan, of Nilakottai village, Nilakottai taluk, Madura district, in S. No. 191-5 of Maleyagoundanpatti village, Nilakottai taluk, belonging to one Meriyanayagam Ammal. All persons claiming the said treasure or a part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Madura at his office at Madura on the 15th March 1918 with a view to the matter being enquired into or determined according to law.

Madura Collector's Office,
16th October 1917.

G. F. PADDISON,
Collector.

Notice is hereby given under section 6 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that while Uppuvar Yellamanda, Chavalam Yelligonda and Singamsetti Pattenna of Chandalore, Darsi division, were digging the foundation of the wall of Tatikonda Nagudu's house on 8th May 1917, a pot which contained rupees is reported to have been found by Yellamanda. A sum of Rs. 30 of this find has been recovered from the three coolies and the daughter of the owner of the house, Suri, and secured in the Darsi sub-treasury.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorised agent before the Collector of Nellore at his office in Nellore on the 4th March 1918 in order that their claims may be enquired into and disposed of according to law.

Nellore Collector's Office,
16th August 1917.

C. A. SOUTER,
Acting Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that, on the 21st June 1917, treasure consisting of Rs. 46 of the description noted below was discovered in the wall of the house of Perumal Nayudu, when it was demolished for reconstruction in the village of Chinna Koliyur, Kallakurchi taluk, South Arcot district, Madras Presidency :—

Full rupees of the year	1852	.. 16	Full rupees of the year	1900	.. 1
Do.	1877	.. 2	Do.	1901	.. 2
Do.	1878	.. 2	Do.	1903	.. 3
Do.	1879	.. 1	Do.	1904	.. 1
Do.	1882	.. 2	Do.	1905	.. 1
Do.	1887	.. 2	Do.	1906	.. 5
Do.	1891	.. 1	Do.	1907	.. 2
Do.	1892	.. 4	Do.	1910	.. 1
Do.	1893	.. 1			
			Total Rs.		.. 46

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Arcot at his office in Cuddalore on 4th March 1918 in order to have the matter enquired into and determined according to law.

South Arcot Collector's Office,
6th October 1917.

J. K. LANDASHIRE,
Acting Collector.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found by Krishnamurti, son of Chinna Ratna Padayachi of Tirukkolakaval, Shiyali taluk, while removing earth on 27th July 1917, in house No. 172, North street, Tadalankol, Shiyali taluk, belonging to Siva Chidambaram Pillai :—

Name.	Weight.	Value.
		Rs. A. P.
(1) Chombu	6½ soors	1 9 0
(2) Twenty-two full sovereigns	.....	330 0 0
(3) Eight half sovereigns ..	.....	60 0 0
	Total ..	391 0 0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore, at his office on Saturday the 9th March 1918, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found on 22nd February 1917 by Ageram and Govindan, while digging earth in S.F. No. 339-A (patta dry land) of Pernuthottam village, Shiyali taluk, belonging to Muhammad Naina Marakkayar, pattadar No. 1 of the village :—

Name.	Weight.	Value.
		Rs. A. P.
(1) Ramar with arrow ..	9⅞ soors ..	12 0 0
(2) Lakshmanar with arrow ..	3⅛ „ ..	9 0 0
(3) Seethai	2½ „ ..	6 0 0
(4) Hanuman	2½ „ ..	4 0 0
(5) Krishnan	2½ „ ..	7 0 0
(6) Radha	½ soor ..	1 8 0
(7) Rukmani	½ „ ..	1 8 0
(8) Peedam	⅛ „ ..	0 8 0
	Total ..	41 8 0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore, at his office on Saturday the 9th March 1918 in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
23th October 1917.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found on 16th February 1917, by Vaithilinga Thevan, Mari Padayachi and Ramayya Gurukkal of Kothangudi village, Tirutturaippundi taluk, while digging earth in the Ardhamantapam of Sri Agastiswaraswami temple situated in S.F. No. 66-3 (classed as Iswarankoil poramboke) of the village :—

Description of treasure.	Weight in Mors.	Value.	Description of treasure.	Weight in soors.	Value.
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.
Big Amman	27½	15 0 0	Pedestal, small	42	6 0 0
Small Amman	27½	18 0 0	Pipe	3½	1 0 0
Chandrasekharar ..	6½	4 0 0	Stone Images of Durgai Amman and Bairavar.	mutilated.	
Hunter Davar	21	3 0 0			
Pedestal, big	65	9 0 0			

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore, at his office on the 9th March 1918 in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
23th October 1917.

J. R. HUGGINS,
Collector.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Return showing the Births and Deaths registered in the Municipalities of the Madras Presidency containing 25,000 inhabitants and upwards and in the Cotacamund Municipality for the week ending 2nd November 1917.

Municipalities.	Population according to the Census of 1911	BIRTHS. Class. Christians	Hindus	Mahomedans.	Others.	Total Births. M	F	Total	DEATHS. Class. Christians	Hindus	Mahomedans.	Others.	Total Deaths. M	F.	Total	Causes of Death. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Diarrhœal and Bowel complaints.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population per Annum. Total Births	Total Deaths
Madura ..	134,130	4	84	2	..	40	50	90	3	116	2	..	65	60	125	24	12	..	27	15	3	1	84	48·9	48·9
Trichinopoly ..	123,318	10	42	9	7	30	37	67	3	105	31	4	82	26	108	47	5	..	2	12	3	1	80	28·3	62·5
Calicut ..	78,417	5	93	83	..	87	43	73	5	81	30	1	38	31	97	3	6	..	3	11	3	..	34	52·5	44·6
Kumbakonam ..	54,847	1	43	3	..	32	35	52	..	70	4	..	40	34	74	12	..	..	3	15	3	..	44	41·6	59·7
Tanjore ..	60,241	6	35	2	..	23	20	13	4	24	..	..	14	14	28	..	1	..	3	3	..	..	21	37·2	54·3
Negapatam ..	60,188	1	21	9	..	20	12	31	4	14	13	..	32	20	31	3	6	..	3	3	1	..	38	28·3	52·9
Salem ..	59,153	1	47	1	..	28	28	42	1	43	2	..	44	25	33	1	2	19	1	2	3	3	31	46·3	60·8
Cuddalore ..	56,674	..	61	9	..	18	13	34	4	49	1	..	24	30	54	2	..	..	5	7	3	1	36	31·4	49·8
Cocanada ..	54,110	..	58	1	..	25	23	54	..	31	..	..	16	15	31	..	..	..	4	3	1	..	20	52·0	29·8
Conjeveram ..	53,864	..	46	2	..	23	25	48	..	42	2	..	26	18	44	1	2	..	..	11	4	1	26	44·5	43·8
Vellore ..	46,742	..	82	8	..	23	18	39	..	26	6	..	18	13	31	4	..	..	..	2	3	..	10	43·6	32·5
Rajahmundry ..	46,417	1	25	4	..	20	10	30	..	46	..	..	28	20	48	..	..	..	31	4	..	1	28	32·8	48·6
Mangalore ..	46,412	23	17	0	..	12	21	33	3	14	1	..	11	7	18	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	12	38·5	18·4
Coimbatore ..	47,097	2	27	2	..	14	17	31	1	22	4	..	18	23	37	..	3	1	..	13	..	1	33	34·4	41·0
Palamcottah ..	46,809	3	21	7	..	10	18	31	1	18	..	..	10	10	20	..	..	..	2	7	3	..	8	36·0	53·8
Tunnevelly ..	44,805	1	32	3	..	20	15	34	2	24	8	..	16	16	32	..	5	..	3	1	1	..	22	44·2	37·2
Palghat ..	44,318	1	20	12	..	25	14	33	..	27	7	..	12	25	34	..	1	1	7	9	..	..	18	44·3	46·0
Guntur ..	40,812	0	32	14	..	23	30	53	3	36	7	..	24	21	45	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	34	56·3	33·8
Vizagapatam ..	45,613	1	41	..	..	24	16	42	..	37	1	..	20	15	38	..	..	..	8	10	1	..	18	30·4	43·3
Ellore ..	42,531	1	61	3	..	25	14	39	..	24	2	..	8	17	28	..	..	..	3	3	1	..	18	47·9	52·9
Masulipatam ..	42,123	..	20	2	..	7	16	22	..	37	5	..	24	18	42	11	..	..	3	1	..	..	32	27·2	52·0
Tuticorin ..	40,165	2	24	2	..	22	13	35	7	23	1	..	21	20	41	..	..	..	3	4	1	..	23	45·4	40·2
Vizianagram ..	37,550	1	46	3	..	29	19	48	..	26	3	..	18	10	28	..	..	..	4	11	2	1	10	66·7	35·9
Bellary ..	34,356	1	3	0	..	2	2	4	3	35	48	..	52	36	100	..	..	62	7	2	4	..	23	26·2	149·2
Nellore ..	33,216	1	14	0	..	8	10	18	1	21	6	..	17	8	25	..	..	1	4	3	..	..	17	28·2	32·3
Bezwada ..	32,867	1	23	4	..	14	12	26	3	38	2	..	18	30	38	1	..	..	8	..	8	1	21	44·4	21·9
Adoni ..	31,618	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93	19	..	90	75	165	..	..	160	..	..	..	..	..	..	271·9
Berhampur ..	31,453	..	26	..	..	14	14	28	..	11	1	..	7	5	12	..	..	..	2	2	3	..	6	46·4	18·9
Tellicherry ..	29,258	1	13	0	..	10	13	23	4	11	11	..	12	11	23	..	1	..	..	4	0	..	12	41·8	41·8
Srivilliputtur ..	28,066	2	25	..	..	12	12	27	..	28	..	..	16	7	23	..	..	..	5	3	1	..	12	48·4	41·8
Cannanore ..	28,987	1	5	3	..	3	6	14	3	9	7	..	11	6	18	..	..	..	4	1	0	..	10	25·2	34·2
Mayaveram ..	27,121	1	17	1	..	10	9	19	1	25	..	..	11	15	26	..	0	..	3	6	..	..	15	36·5	60·0
Karoor ..	26,040	..	14	15	..	4	21	29	..	12	13	..	16	9	25	..	2	1	8	..	1	1	12	63·1	48·1
Dindigul ..	25,289	3	20	4	..	12	13	27	2	21	4	..	16	12	27	..	..	..	8	6	..	..	9	59·2	59·2
Ootacamund ..	18,849	5	3	2	6	9	10	18	1	4	1	1	5	6	7	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	4	44·8	19·4
Total ..	1,470,438	81	999	193	13	638	642	1,276	62	1,260	290	9	679	749	1,618	107	55	266	180	182	60	12	781	53·8	39·8

Office of the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras,
15th December 1917.

N. ANNAJI RAO,
Manager and Assistant.

RETURN showing the BIRTHS and DEATHS registered in the MUNICIPALITIES of the MADRAS PRESIDENCY containing 25,000 inhabitants and upwards and in the Cotacamund Municipality for the week ending 9th November 1917.

Municipalities	Population according to the Census of 1911.	BIRTHS. Castes. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Other classes.	Total Births. M.	F.	Total	DEATHS. Castes. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Other classes.	Total Deaths. M.	F.	Total.	Causes of Death. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respiratory Diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum. Total Births.	Total Deaths.
Madura ..	134,130	4	74	5	..	43	34	83	5	105	9	..	65	59	119	24	13	..	19	14	5	..	44	32·5	46·9
Trichinopoly ..	123,512	4	56	5	2	26	41	67	11	83	26	15	64	76	136	45	..	..	6	12	2	1	76	28·3	47·4
Calicut ..	78,417	3	33	35	1	44	28	72	6	25	25	..	13	28	82	..	1	..	2	8	..	..	41	47·8	34·9
Kumbakonam ..	84,647	..	43	1	..	20	24	44	..	71	..	..	36	35	71	13	..	..	12	7	6	..	31	25·5	47·8
Tanjore ..	60,841	6	42	6	..	30	30	60	9	67	4	..	26	35	61	1	..	..	6	9	..	..	14	51·8	54·4
Negapatam ..	30,188	1	21	6	..	13	18	31	1	39	8	..	24	24	48	6	3	..	6	4	..	..	29	26·6	41·2
Salem ..	59,153	..	24	3	..	17	9	26	..	55	12	..	27	65	80	3	1	26	2	16	4	1	28	22·9	70·5
Cuddalore ..	56,574	2	31	1	..	14	20	34	3	55	1	1	22	18	40	1	..	..	1	5	1	..	31	31·5	38·9
Cocanada ..	54,110	..	26	3	..	12	18	30	..	60	1	..	13	18	31	..	..	..	6	7	6	..	12	28·6	29·6
Conjeeveram ..	53,364	..	45	6	..	21	26	47	..	40	2	..	17	25	42	1	1	..	3	9	12	1	16	45·6	40·7
Vellore ..	49,748	6	28	6	..	23	14	37	..	20	4	..	12	14	26	2	..	..	6	1	..	..	20	38·6	27·9
Rajahmundry ..	48,417	1	25	6	..	19	10	29	..	23	1	..	10	6	24	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	15	31·2	25·6
Mangalore ..	48,412	14	22	6	..	16	24	40	2	12	3	..	7	10	17	..	..	..	1	6	2	..	8	43·1	18·5
Coimbatore ..	47,107	1	30	1	..	21	11	32	5	51	4	..	32	20	54	..	5	3	1	9	2	3	35	35·5	54·5
Palamcottah ..	44,908	2	29	7	..	14	24	38	..	21	9	..	10	15	26	..	..	..	2	6	2	..	16	44·1	30·2
Tinnevelly ..	44,805	1	28	6	..	16	17	33	..	33	7	..	24	15	39	..	1	..	4	8	1	..	25	40·7	45·4
Palghat ..	44,310	6	16	7	..	16	12	28	..	21	6	..	13	13	26	2	1	..	7	8	..	..	13	32·9	30·6
Guntur ..	43,612	..	15	6	..	7	14	21	1	26	11	..	16	24	40	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	30	20·1	47·6
Vizagapatam ..	43,413	..	33	2	..	26	11	35	1	36	4	..	21	22	43	..	..	..	9	16	5	..	14	42·9	51·6
Ellore ..	42,231	..	22	4	..	15	19	34	..	16	3	..	10	6	25	..	1	..	6	2	..	..	17	46·1	30·6
Masulipatam* ..	42,224	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tuticorin ..	40,155	13	60	1	..	13	21	34	11	18	..	..	13	16	30	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	23	44·2	38·9
Vizianagram ..	37,050	1	29	1	..	17	14	31	..	55	1	..	15	21	36	..	..	..	11	12	..	..	14	49·6	50·0
Bellary ..	34,956	..	10	10	..	13	7	20	3	77	75	1	77	76	153	1	..	99	12	12	7	1	30	29·6	228·5
Nellore ..	33,246	2	18	4	..	9	14	23	2	27	7	..	16	20	36	..	..	..	6	4	..	..	26	36·1	54·5
Bezwada ..	32,867	1	20	6	..	6	11	17	1	23	1	..	15	10	25	..	..	..	5	3	6	..	19	50·1	39·7
Adoni ..	31,655	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74	151	..	88	107	205	..	..	205	..	..	..	..	..	..	337·5
Berhampur ..	31,436	..	24	..	..	11	13	24	..	13	..	..	9	8	13	..	..	..	2	4	5	..	2	39·8	21·6
Tellicherry ..	25,288	2	7	..	..	5	10	15	1	10	5	..	6	8	15	..	..	..	1	1	5	..	8	28·7	28·5
Srivilliputtur ..	25,000	..	16	2	..	8	8	16	3	24	..	..	13	13	25	..	..	..	4	6	2	..	13	32·5	45·5
Cannanore ..	18,857	6	6	..	..	7	5	12	1	3	4	..	5	3	8	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	5	38·9	14·6
Mayuram ..	27,121	1	27	..	..	16	13	28	1	19	..	..	8	12	20	1	1	..	4	4	..	..	10	53·6	38·5
Kumool ..	26,010	..	4	6	..	6	3	9	..	20	16	..	19	16	35	..	5	1	11	3	1	..	15	18·9	70·1
Dindigul ..	25,052	4	21	3	..	48	10	28	1	27	4	..	10	12	22	..	2	..	2	4	..	..	14	58·3	46·8
Cotacamund ..	18,920	3	1	..	6	6	4	10	6	6	2	5	13	6	19	..	..	..	..	3	6	..	7	27·7	41·3
Total ..	1,628,318	71	860	159	10	859	841	1,700	89	1,191	382	18	790	860	1,650	132	36	328	176	180	78	6	785	35·2	53·6

* Not received.

Office of the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras,
14th December 1917.

N. ANNAJI RAO,
Manager and Assistant.

Statement showing Plague Seizures and Deaths in each district of the Madras Presidency from August 1898 to 16th December 1917

[D = Deaths; S = Seizures.]

	Anantapur.	Bellary.	Chingleput.	Chittoor.	Coimbatore.	Cuddapah.	Ganjam.	Godavari.	Guntur.	Kistna.	Kurnool.	Madras City.	Madura.	Malabar.	Nellore.	Nilgiris. The	North Arcot.	Ramnad.	Salem.	South Arcot.	South Kanara.	Tanjore.	Trichinopoly.	Tinnevelly.	Cochin State.	Sandur State.	Travancore State.	Banganapalle.	Pudukkottai State.	Total.
First period (August 1898 to June 1899).	D 238 S 346	238 357																												8,788 9,966
Second period (July 1899 to June 1900).	D — S —	136 —																												1,115 854
Third period (July 1900 to June 1901).	D — S —	— —																												1,172 1,172
Fourth period (July 1901 to June 1902).	D 57 S 69	6,887 9,389																												9,033 9,158
Fifth period (July 1902 to June 1903).	D 146 S 160	8,336 9,258																												17,016 18,008
Sixth period (July 1903 to June 1904).	D 1,852 S 1,995	8,280 1,004																												20,231 20,329
Seventh period (July 1904 to June 1905).	D 1,761 S 1,966	10,371 9,240																												13,270 14,956
Eighth period (July 1905 to June 1906).	D 4 S 4	2,750 3,170																												3,928 5,005
Ninth period (July 1906 to June 1907).	D 12 S 12	809 892																												921 979
Tenth period (July 1907 to June 1908).	D 164 S 179	2,776 3,211																												8,472 4,466
Eleventh period (July 1908 to June 1909).	D 34 S 34	216 181																												7,816 7,988
Twelfth period (July 1909 to June 1910).	D — S —	4 4																												5,972 6,746
Thirteenth period (July 1910 to June 1911).	D 16 S 16	1,189 1,324																												10,861 8,807
Fourteenth period (July 1911 to June 1912).	D 288 S 288	19,887 19,240																												12,894 10,197
Fifteenth period (July 1912 to June 1913).	D 279 S 304	476 500																												4,472 4,546
Sixteenth period (July 1913 to June 1914).	D 81 S 81	967 962																												8,280 9,383
Seventeenth period (July 1914 to June 1915).	D 284 S 288	1,940 1,981																												5,961 6,571
Eighteenth period (July 1915 to June 1916).	D 1,204 S 1,204	1,240 1,240																												9,262 9,966
Nineteenth period (July 1916 to June 1917).	D 416 S 1,178	2,277 2,277																												10,456 12,456
Twentieth period (1st July to 16th December 1917).	D 2,179 S 2,478	15,844 20,000																												17,453 19,457
Grand Total	D 10,396 S 11,295	71,807 87,540	1 1	1 1	30,284 33,011	1 1	1 1	1 1

Statement showing Plague Seizures and Deaths in each infected place in the Madras Presidency for three weeks ending 18th December 1917.

Districts, towns and ports.	Reported during the week ending 27th November 1917.						Reported during the week ending 4th December 1917.						Reported during the week ending 11th December 1917.					
	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.
Anantapur district	1	1	1874	1401	1875	1402	1	1	132	141	133	142	7	4	240	224	247	228
Bellary district			1001	788	1001	788			866	865	866	865	4	4	1001	1001	1005	1005
Chingleput district																		
Chittoor district			4	3	4	3									1	1	1	1
Coimbatore district	1	1	198	170	199	171	1	1	6	6	7	7	1	1	180	91	181	92
Cuddapah district																		
Ganjam district																		
Godavari district																		
Guntur district and port																		
Kistna district																		
Kurnool district	3	3	4	3	7	6	1	1	3	3	4	4	1	1	1	1	2	2
Madras City																		
Madura district			1		1													
Madras Town			15	11	15	11	6	6	3	3	9	9	1	1			1	1
Mangalore																		
Nellore district																		
The Nilgiris			1	1	1	1			1	1	1	1						
North Arcot district			15	10	15	10	10	10	33	33	43	43	37	36	37	36	37	36
Ramnad district																		
Tanjore district																		
Salem district	1	1	23	16	24	17	3	3	23	21	26	24	6	4	72	41	78	45
Salem Town			46	27	46	27	1	1	38	27	39	28	1	1	56	45	57	46
South Arcot district																		
South Kanara district			1	1	1	1												
Mangalore port															8	3	8	3
Tanjore district			11	11	11	11												
Trichinopoly Town																		
Srirangam Town and Fort																		
Tinnevelly district																		
Tuticorin Port	1				1													
Trichinopoly district			1	1	1	1												
Vizagapatam Port			3	3	3	3			2	2	2	2			1	1	1	1
Karikal Port			1		1													
Total	7	6	3,201	2,566	3,208	2,572	23	23	1,470	1,430	1,493	1,453	68	53	1,610	1,450	1,678	1,503

Madras, 27th December 1917.

W. A. JUSTICE, Major, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Madras.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Under section 28 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, as amended by section 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1885, and further amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to invest M.R Ry. Peddapalayam Venugopala Nayudu Garu, District Munsif of Nellore, in the Nellore district, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts arising within the local limits of his jurisdiction up to the amount of Rs. 200.

2 The powers given by this notification are personal and will be exercised by the District Munsif only so long as he continues to be District Munsif of the said Court.

3 This notification will have effect from the date of its publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
11th December 1917.

C. S. MACKAY,
Registrar.

Under section 192 of the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (1 of 1908), and section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officers shall, in cases to which an appeal is allowed under the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), take down the evidence with their own hand in the English language :—

M.R.Ry. Krishnagiri Krishna Rao Hanumantha Rao Avargal, Headquarters Deputy Collector, Vizagapatam.

M.R Ry. Mutyala Venkanna Nayudu Garu, Revenue Divisional Officer, Bhimavaram.

M.R Ry. Pichchu Ayyar Ramachandra Ayyar Avargal, Revenue Divisional Officer, Tiruvallur.

M.R Ry. Chiramal Kuriyan Mathai Avargal, Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjore.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
14th December 1917.

Under section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914) the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officer shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed, take down the evidence with his own hand in the English language.

M E Ry. Bail Gopalakrishnayya Avargal, District Munsif, Pattur.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
17th December 1917.

C. S. RAMACHANDRA AYYAR,
Assistant Registrar, Appellate Side.

NOTIFICATIONS

Under the provisions of section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the following amendments of and additions to the Civil Rules of Practice, 1908, are published for the information of all persons interested; and it is hereby notified that the said amendments and additions as well as any objections to or suggestions regarding them which may be received from any person interested in the matter will be taken into consideration by the High Court on or after the 17th January 1918, namely:—

Substitute the following for the existing rules 51 and 52 of the Civil Rules of Practice.

Production of records in the custody of a Court.

"51. (1) An application for the production of records in the custody of a court shall specify the particular documents required to be produced. Unless it is made to appear to the court that the production of the original documents is necessary, the party shall be required to obtain and file copies thereof and the original shall not be sent for. If the court dispenses with the affidavit mentioned in Order XIII, rule 10 (2) of the Code of Civil Procedure, it shall record in writing the reasons for so doing.

(2) When a court finds it necessary to require the production of the records of another court, it shall address a letter of request as in form No. 14 to the presiding judge of that court.

Form No. 14.

Rule No. 51 (2).

Letter of request by the court to the presiding judge of another court for the production of records.

To

(Cause-title)

The Judge of the Court of

Whereas upon the application of the above-named plaintiff, appellant / defendant, respondent it has been made to appear to this court that a perusal of the undermentioned papers, now in your custody, is of material importance in the above suit / appeal / matter now before this court and it is found that the production of the original documents is necessary for the purpose of justice, you are hereby requested to cause the said papers to be produced in this court / or to transmit the said papers to this court on or before the day of

(Enter description of papers.)

(Signed)

Judge.

Production of records in the custody of a public officer other than a court.

51A. (1) A summons for the production of records in the custody of a public officer other than a court shall be in form No. 14A and shall be addressed to the head of the department concerned and in the case of a summons to a District Registrar or a Sub-Registrar of Assurances, it shall be addressed to the Registrar or Sub-Registrar in whose office or sub-office, as the case may be, the required records are kept. A summons for the production of revenue papers kept in any office in a district shall in all cases be directed to the Collector of the district.

(2) Every application for such summons shall be made by a verified petition setting out (i) the document or documents the production of which is required, (ii) the relevancy of the document or documents (iii) and, in cases where the production of a certified copy would answer the purpose, whether application was made to the proper officer for a certified copy or copies and the result of such application.

(3) No court shall issue such a summons unless it considers the production of the original necessary or is satisfied that the application for a certified copy has been duly made and has not been granted. The court shall in every case record its reasons in writing and shall require the applicant to deposit in court, before the summons is issued, to abide the order of the court, such sum as it may consider necessary to meet the estimated cost of making a copy of the document when produced.

(4) On production of the document in obedience to the summons, the court, unless it thinks it necessary to retain the original, shall direct a copy to be made at the expense of the applicant, and shall with all convenient speed return the original returning the copy.

(5) Unless the court requires the production of the original, every such summons to a public officer shall state that he is at liberty to produce instead of the original a copy certified in manner prescribed by section 76 of the Evidence Act.

(6) Nothing in the above rules shall prevent a court of its own motion from issuing a summons for the production of public records or other documents in the custody of a public officer if it thinks it necessary for the ends of justice to do so. The court shall in every case record its reasons in writing.

Form No. 14-A.

Rule No. 51-A.

Summons for the production of public records and other documents in the possession of a public servant other than a Court.

To

(Cause-title).

Whereas upon the application of the above-named plaintiff, appellant / defendant, respondent, it has been made to appear to this court that a perusal of the undermentioned papers, now in your custody, is of material importance in the above suit / appeal / matter now before this court and that the production of the original documents is necessary for the purpose of justice, or that the said applicant cannot obtain a duly authenticated copy of the same without unreasonable delay or expense, you are hereby requested to cause the said papers to be produced in the court / or to transmit the said papers to this court / or to forward to this court a duly authenticated copy of the said document on or before the day of

(Enter description of papers.)

(Signed)

Judge.

52 Whenever an original document has been produced under rule 51 or rule 51-A supra, the court shall, unless it sees fit to proceed under Order XIII, rule 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure, return it to the custody from which it was produced, without any application under the provisions of Order XIII, rule 7 (2) or rule 9 of the said code, for its return. The provisions of Act V of 1917 and the rules framed thereunder shall not apply to such a document until it has been returned to the court or the public officer by whom it was produced."

Return of original document.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
5th December 1917.

C. G. MACKAY,
Registrar.

Under section 10 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, III of 1873, and in pursuance of the notification by Government, No. 821, published at page 1163 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th December 1917, the District Judge hereby directs that the Court of the Additional Temporary Subordinate Judge, Guntur, shall continue to have and exercise local jurisdiction over the village of Budampad only in the Guntur taluk and over no other area, and that the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge, Guntur, shall continue to have and exercise local jurisdiction over the whole district of Guntur except the village of Budampad in Guntur taluk.

District Court, Guntur,
10th December 1917.

S. SRINIVASA RAO,
District Judge.

UNCLAIMED DEPOSITS.

Notice is hereby given that parties having any claims to the undermentioned amounts lying in deposit for more than three years in the City Civil Court, Madras, are hereby required to appear before the said Court and establish their claims thereto on or before the 31st January 1918, or that the sanction of the High Court will be obtained for crediting such deposits to Government on the 15th February ensuing.

Number of suit or petition	Names of parties. Plaintiff or petitioner.	Defendant or respondent.	Nature of the amount deposited.	By whom deposited.	When deposited.	Amount in deposit.
O.S. 198-1916.	Kthirajammal ..	E. C. Rajagopala Chetti and others.	Maintenance.	E. C. Rajagopala Chetti, first defendant.	1916. 16th Mar .	rs. a. p. 2 8 0
O.S. 346-12, Ex. 417-13	The Administrator-General of Madras.	K. Varadarajulu Naycker	Sale balance.	C. Dorairangamma Pillai, purchaser.	2nd April.	1 0 10
O.S. 302-11, Ex. 454-13	Rangayya Chetty, insolvent, sole defendant, by Official Assignee.	Sahib Ram and Ram Rattan, plaintiffs.	Do.	H. Parthasarathi Pillai, purchaser.	5th do.	5 7 0
M.S.C. 24647-1912, Ex. 51-1914	E Venkatachalamayya Raja.	G Virayya Setti-ar.	Sale deposit.	E Venkatachalamayya Raja, purchaser.	3rd May ..	16 6 8
M.S.C. 17262 and 18038, 1913, Ex. 61 and 62 of 1914	C. Arunachala Mudaliyar.	P. Appanandra Mudaliyar (in 17.63-13); P. Sambanavan and others (in 18038-13).	Do	P. Venkatesha Mudaliyar, purchaser	13th do. ..	337 0 8
Do.	Do	Do	Sale balance.	Do	18th July ..	3,400 0 0
M.S.C. 16-03-1913, Ex. 57-1914.	E. Venkatachalamayya Raja.	G. Virayya Setti-ar	Do	E. Venkatachalamayya Raja, purchaser.	19th do. ..	49 6 3
O.S. 240-13, Ex. 133-14.	Haji Muhammad Akbar Sahib.	Chithappan ..	Costs, etc.	Chinnayyan, defendant.	24th July ..	7 5 11
O.S. 2[illegible]-11, Ex. 59-14	Perumpa Chetti, plaint S. M. Arunachalam Chetti, T. plaintiff.	Vadivammal .	Sale Sa amou	Ambaji Rao, purchaser.	4th Aug	46 5 0
O.S. 202-1914	Papathi Ammal	Nalyappaswami Naycker.	Decree amount.	Papathi Ammal, plaintiff	24th Sep. .	6 5 1
O.S. 118-11, Ex. 131-14.	Talpa Ammal plaintiff, T. V. Lakshmana Chetti, T. plaintiff.	Janaki Ammal	Sale balance	J. Rajamanikkam Gramani, purchaser.	6th Oct. ..	19-13 9
O.S. 316-14, C.M.P. 1230-14	R. Ramaswami Chetti	Narayana Chetti and others.	Security ..	R. Ramaswami, first plaintiff	24th Nov. .	50 4 9
O.S. 316-13 C.M.P. 1230-14	S. Narayana Chetti	Chokkalingam and another.	Costs ..	Rukmani Ammal, second defendant.	29th do ..	11 6 0
O.S. 362-1913, Ex. 5-0 1914	M.S.S.O. Nidhi by its Secretary K. A. Srinivasa Rao	P. Varadaraja Naycker	Sale balance	K. A. Srinivasa Rao, Secretary, M.M.S.O. Nidhi, Ltd., purchaser	23rd Dec ..	7 12 9
M.S.C. 1655-1911, Ex. 254-1911.	Ambasankar Dayey.	H. Gopala Rao	Do	R. Dattaya of Ayyur purchaser	1915 5th Jan ..	7 0 9

City Civil Court, Madras,
3rd December 1917.

C. R. TIRUVENKATA ACHARIYAR,
City Civil Judge.

NOTICES.

The services of T. Somayya, a third-class amin of the Central Nazarat, District Court, Vizagapatam, having been dispensed with, with effect from 1st December 1917, for absenting himself from duty from 16th October 1916, he or any person or persons legally entitled to claim the Provident Fund of Rs. 243-1-11 standing to his credit are invited to apply to the undersigned on or before the 15th February 1918.

District Court, Vizagapatam,
11th December 1917

K. T. FORBES,
District Judge.

A dividend is intended to be declared in the undermentioned matters. All creditors who are mentioned in the debtor's schedule but have not yet proved their debts are hereby notified that if they do not do so before the 15th day of January 1918 they will be excluded from this dividend.

Petition number.	Names of Insolvents.	Number of dividend.
235 of 1910	T. Chenlappa Buthudu and T. Veeriah Buthudu	First.
51 of 1911	Polari Srinivasa Rao	"
109 of 1911	Paramasthi Nagalingam and Gouravaram Kamatchiah	"
225 of 1911	Charles James Freeman Joyce	"
180 of 1912	John Albert Dow	"
314 of 1914	K. Ranganayaki Ammal	Second.

Official Assignee's Office, Madras,
11th December 1917.

F. H. WILSON,
Official Assignee.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 9 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge Bellary.

Matada Virabhadrayya, son of Matada Virupakshayya, residing at Davapur, Hospet taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has filed this petition to adjudicate him an insolvent and that the 23rd day of January 1918 has been fixed for final hearing. All persons who intend objecting to the petition are required to appear on the said date in person or by vakil and they are to submit grounds of their opposition in writing three clear days before the day of hearing exclusive both of the day of giving such notice and of the said day of hearing.

District Court, Bellary,
13th December 1917.

H. R. HARDSWELL.
District Judge.

No. 29 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Cuddapah.

Gudamantti Surayya and Tangatur Asathu .. .. .. *Petitioners (Creditors).*
Donta Venkata Subbayya, son of Subbayya of Proddatur .. .. *Respondent (Debtor)*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, that the petitioners abovenamed have put in a petition to declare the respondent an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 9th January 1918 for hearing.

District Court, Cuddapah,
11th December 1917.

J. W. HUGHES,
District Judge.

No. 5 of 1917 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Guntur.

Jandhyala Hanumayya .. .. *Petitioner.*
Atchuta Gurudhara and nine others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19, clause 7 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court this day and that the creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver.

No. 7 of 1917 in the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge, Guntur.

Karugumalla Venkatasubbayya .. .. *Petitioner.*
Thammana Kamayya and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 19, clause 7 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 10th December 1917, and that the creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver.

Temporary Sub-Court, Guntur,
11th December 1917.

A. S. KRISHNASWAMI AYYAR,
Acting Subordinate Judge.

No. 27 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Neti Subbayya and Neti Janardanaswami .. .. .. *Petitioners.*
Vasireddi Venkatarubhayya and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioners named above have applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvents and that the petition stands posted to 9th January 1918.

2. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

No. 28 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Chavali Raghupati Rao, resident of Chavali, Tenali taluk .. .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chalavadi Kotayya & Co., and twenty-seven others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 4th January 1918.

2. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

No. 33 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Ravuru Nagabhushanam, Viswa Brahman of Rajupudy, Guntur taluk. *Petitioner.*
Gaddo Abadhan of Thallur and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 4th January 1918.

2. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

No. 35 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Paladugu Kotayya and Paladugu Seshayya .. .. .. *Petitioners.*
Maddineni Venkayya and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioners named above have applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvents and that the petition stands posted to 9th January 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

No. 36 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Ravuri Sobhanadri .. .. *Petitioner.*
Gaddo Ramaswami and seven others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 30th January 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

District Court, Guntur,
12th December 1917.

K. SRINIVASA RAO,
District Judge.

No. 17 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Kistna.

Tadepalli Viswanadham .. .. *Petitioner.*
Sama Ramabrahmam, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under clause 7 of section 18 of Act III of 1907, that the aforenamed petitioner Tadepalli Viswanadham of Sirelapet, Masulipatam, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on the 1st day of December 1917, and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

District Court, Kistna,
10th December 1917.

J. J. COTTON,
District Judge.

No. 2 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Kurnool.

Baya Matha Lingadu of Mallappachintakunta, Sirvel taluk .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 28 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907, that the petitioner named above was adjudged insolvent by this Court by order dated the 27th November 1917, that his creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered cover to this Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 3 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Kurnool.

Abdul Gaffoor, Contractor, Pets, Kurnool .. .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 28 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907, that the petitioner named above was adjudged insolvent by this Court by order dated the 1st December 1917,

that his creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered cover to this Court, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

District Court, Kurnool,
12th December 1917.

R. A. JENKINS,
District Judge.

No. 6 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, North Malabar.

Saidumarakath Abdul Kadir of Padinarungadi desam, Mahé amsam .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Pottakkakath Abdurahiman ankutty Haji and eight others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is given hereby that the aforesaid petitioner has applied to be declared an insolvent and that his petition has been posted for hearing to 25th January 1918.

District Court, Tellicherry,
13th December 1917.

H. D. C. REILLY,
District Judge.

No. 12 of 1917 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Bobbili.

Goobayi Subbarao .. .. *Petitioner.*
Gana-thayyarma, Narasinga Padhi, Narayana Panigrahi, Sri Mahanti Sanja Dora Bavaji Garu and Dasharadha Tradhi .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that the said application is posted for hearing to 11th January 1919.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Bobbili,
8th December 1917.

A. BHIMESWARA RAO,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 59 of 1917 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Coimbatore.

Sathi Goundan, aged 40, son of Nanjappa Goundan, Vellala, Cooly, residing at Kalappanpalayam, hamlet of Nagamam village, Pollachi taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Mariappa Chetti and nine others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and the said application will be heard by the Principal District Munsif, Coimbatore, on the 15th day of January 1918.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Coimbatore,
10th December 1917.

N. KAILASAM AYYAR,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 19 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Ellore.

Take notice that Gampina Narasimulu, son of Achayya, age 38, Vysya, coolie, of Ellore, has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and that his application stands posted to 22nd January 1918.

ಆ-ಶಾಖ್ಯ ಕೋರ್ಟು No. 19 of 1917.

ಕೋರ್ಟು ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಯ ಕಛೇರಿ ಅಳ್ಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೋರ್ಟಿನ 35 ನೇಯ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿಯಾದ ಪಕ್ಷದವನು ಆಗಿರುವ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಆ-ಶಾಖ್ಯನು ಇವನಿಂದಲೂ ಇವನ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೋರ್ಟು 1918 ನೇ ಇಸವಿ ಜನವರಿ 22 ನೇ ತಾರೀಖಿಗೆ ಕರೆಯಲಾಗಿದೆ ತಿಳಿಯಬೇಕು.

District Munsif's Court, Ellore,
13th December 1917.

B. VENKATA RAO,
District Munsif.

No. 3 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Gudalur (The Nilgiris).

Jowra Mestri, son of Chennayya .. .. *Petitioner.*
Dharmaraja Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner Jowra Mestri has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent under section 16 of Act III of 1907 and that his application is posted for hearing to the 25th February 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by a pleader at 11 a.m. on the said date.

District Munsif's Court, Gudalur, the Nilgiris,
13th December 1917.

N. SUBBA AYYAR,
District Munsif.

No. 14 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Kurnool.

Yeddula Narasi Reddi of Peremula chettiyam, Dhone taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Pratikalapati Pullayya and seven others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 18 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907, that the petitioner above named was adjudged an insolvent on the 9th day of December 1917 and that his creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered cover to this Court an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Insolvency Rules.

District Munsif's Court, Kurnool,
10th December 1917.

C. VIRASWAMI REDDI,
District Munsif.

No. 5 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Shiyali.

Kolandavelu Chettiyar, Gopaleswami Chettiyar, Arumuga Chettiyar and Venkatachala Chettiyar .. .. *Petitioners*
Arunachalathe Ayyangar and two others .. .. *Respondents*

Under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners, sons of Kappuswami Chettiyar (petitioners 1 and 4 residing in Sathamangalam Puthoor, petitioners 2 and 3 residing in Sathankudi, Shiyali taluk) have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents and their application stands posted to 22nd day of January 1918 for hearing.

(No. 6 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Shiyali.

Raja Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ennamthoo Konan and fourteen others .. .. *Respondents.*

Under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner Raja Pillai, son of Ranguswami Pillai, residing in the Bazaar street of Shiyali Town has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent and his application stands posted to 22nd day of January 1918 for hearing.

District Munsif's Court, Shiyali,
11th December 1917.

G. J. QURAISHI SAHIB,
District Munsif.

No. 4 of 1917 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Srivilliputtur.

Pappu Nayudu, son of Subba Nayudu, residing at Periasuruhkapatti, Pulayapalaiyam, Rajapalaiyam village, Srivilliputtur taluk .. *Petitioner.*
Sankara Raja and six others .. .. *Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under clause 7, section 18 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged by this Court an insolvent on the 30th day of November 1917 and that further proceedings in the matter will be heard by the Official Receiver of Ramnad at Madura, on the 23rd day of January 1918.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Srivilliputtur,
7th December 1917.

T. K. GOVINDA AYYAR,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 15 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Vridhachalam.

Sadaya Padayachi, son of A. Velayutha Padayachi, of Kotteri, Vriddhachalam taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Under sect on 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to be adjudged an insolvent and that his application is posted to the 25th day of January 1918 for hearing the objections of the creditors, if any in the matter.

District Munsif's Court, Vriddhachalam,
17th December 1917.

S. GOPALA AYYAR,
District Munsif.

No. 47 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

Mayandi Mudali and Veduchala Mudali, sons of Sayala Mudali, residing in Walajabad, Conjeeveram taluk .. .. .. *Petitioners.*
Chinnaswami Mudaliyar, etc. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is here by given that under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioners were adjudicated insolvents on 7th December 1917. All their creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or by registered post to the Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

Official Receiver's Court, Chingleput,
7th December 1917.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 4 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Kuttuparamba.

Puthiyaparamban Kochi Kannan, ryot of Kotteyam amsom, Kimbikel desom of Kottayam taluk .. .. .. *Defendant (petitioner).*
Puthilon Kannath Kuchi Kannan and five others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by this Court on the 7th December 1917.

District Munsif's Court, Kuttuparamba,
14th December 1917.

U. RAMAPPA,
District Munsif.

No. 48 of 1917 (No. 17 of 1917 on the file of the District Court, Cuddapah) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Cuddapah.

Thumbalam Basayya and Virayya residing at Gudikallu, Adoni taluk .. .. *Petitioners (Debtors).*
Garavala Venkannah and others .. .. .. *Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that under section 16, clause (7) of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioners (debtors) were adjudicated insolvents by an order of this Court, dated the 8th December 1917. The creditors of the said insolvents should prove their claims on or before the 31st day of January 1918. A claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the undersigned an affidavit in Form III of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, Cuddapah,
11th December 1917.

M. W. ELLIOT,
Official Receiver.

No. 41 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Guruswami Raja .. .. *Petitioner.*
Gopala Ayyangar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Guruswami Raja, son of Peraelli Raja, residing at Pudupalayam, Srivilliputtur taluk, the petitioner above named was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 13th November 1917 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Ramnad at Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 31 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Saravanai Chetti .. .. *Petitioner*
Nagappa Nayakkan and others .. .. *Creditors*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Saravanai Chetti son of Manikkam Chetti, residing at Virudapatti, Sattur taluk, the petitioner above named was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 15th November 1917 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Ramnad at Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 45 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Ambalam Mokkaya Mukkandan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muruganam Pillai, alias Murugu Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Ambalam Mokkaya Mukkandan, son of Chinnadaka Mukkandan, residing at Tirupachetti, Manamadura taluk, the petitioner above named was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 15th November 1917 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 46 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

S. Narayana Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muthu Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that S. Narayana Ayyar, son of Sankara Ayyar, residing at Manamadura, the petitioner above named was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 21st November 1917 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 37 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Ramanuja Ayyangar .. .. *Petitioner.*
N. Ve Nachiyappa Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Ramanuja Ayyangar, son of Appana Ayyangar, residing at Ellukottai, Sattur taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 15th November 1917 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 80 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Manikkam Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muthurakku Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Manikkam Pillai, son of Muthurakku Pillai, at Ramalingapuram, Sattur taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that his petition is posted to 7th January 1918. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 70 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Ramaswami Reddi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Subba Reddi and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that Ramaswami Reddi, son of Pudam Subba Reddi, residing at Pommakottai, Pattumadam taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that his petition is posted to 4th January 1918. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 74 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad.

Ramaswami Chettiyar.. .. .. *Petitioner.*
Mr. M. Palaniyappa Chettiyar and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Ramaswami Chetti, son of Arunachalam Chetti, residing at Athikadu Thukkoor, Tiruppattur taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that his petition is posted to 10th January 1918. Any creditors wishing to oppose same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 75 of 1917 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Ramnad, Madura.

Shanmukhasundaram Pillai .. .. *Petitioner,*
Sabapayya Nayakkan and others .. .. *Creditors,*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Shanmukhasundaram Pillai, son of Subrahmanya Pillai, residing at Annappangulam, Sattur taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that his petition is posted to 10th January 1918. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Ramnad, Madura, 6th December 1917. T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR, *Official Receiver.*

No. 73 of 1915 (No. 25 of 1915 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Rangaswami Pillai .. .. *Insolvent.*
Rathinam Pillai and twenty two others .. .. *Creditors,*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 (1) of Act III of 1907, that the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent, who have not yet proved their debts should do so on or before 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. failing which a final dividend will be distributed without regard to their claim.

No. 128 of 1916 (No. 54 of 1916 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Abboy Nayakar .. .. *Insolvent.*
Thirumal Nayakar and twelve others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 30 (1) of Act III of 1907, that the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent, who have not yet proved their debts, should do so on or before 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. failing which a final dividend will be distributed without regard to their claim.

No. 102 of 1917 (No. 11 of 1917 on the file of the Temporary Sub-Court, Cuddalore) in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Rajagopala Pathan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Subrahmanya Pillai and fifteen others .. .. *Respondents*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 18 of Act III of 1907, that Rajagopala Pathan, son of Ratnaswami Pathan, residing at Chidambaram, Chidambaram taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 17th November 1917 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1915. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 106 of 1917 (No. 7 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tirukkoyilur)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Bappu Reddi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muthumalla Reddi and ten others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Bappu Reddi, son of Balakrishna Reddi, residing at Kilkanur, Tirukkoyilur taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 1st December 1917, and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 24th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 124 of 1917 (No. 23 of 1917 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Palania Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muttukrishna Ayyar and twenty-two others .. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Palania Pillai, son of Srinivasa Pillai, residing at Chidambaram, Chidambaram taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 1st December 1917, and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 18th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 127 of 1917 (No. 9 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mannargudi)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Sundaram Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Venkatachala Mudali and fourteen others .. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Sundaram Pillai, son of Ponnambala Pillai, residing at Aniyippettai, Chidambaram taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 24th November 1917, and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 129 of 1917 (No. 15 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Villupuram)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Subrahmanya Ayyar and Raja Ayyar .. .. *Petitioners*
Chidambaram Chetti and four others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Subrahmanya Ayyar, son of Sundara Ayyar, and Raja Ayyar Venkatarayar, both residing at Villupuram, Villupuram taluk, the petitioners above named, were adjudged insolvents by this Court on 6th December 1917 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 135 of 1917 (No. 9 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Chidambaram)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Ananthi Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Subraya Chetti and four others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Ananthi Pillai, son of Thyagaraja Pillai, residing at Porto Nova, Chidambaram taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 1st December 1917, and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 142 of 1917 (No. 2 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tirukkoyilur)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Subbaa Chetti .. .. *Petitioner.*
Manikka Nayakkan and fourteen others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Subbaa Chetti, son of Chidambara Chetti, residing at Ottampet, Tirukkoyilur taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 24th November 1917, and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 148 of 1917 (No. 24 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Panruti)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Ramu Reddi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Minar Muthia Chetti and three others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Ramu Reddi, son of Sanivasa Reddi, residing at Kool Thaniyalampet, Tirukkoyilur taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 24th November 1917 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 149 of 1917 (No. 16 of 1917 on the file of the Temporary Sub Court, Cuddalore)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Mangalam Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Nataraja Pillai and fourteen others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Mangalam Pillai, son of Nataraja Pillai, residing at Panruttikuppam, Vriddhachalam taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 9th December 1917 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 153 of 1917 (No. 22 of 1917 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Kadir Sahib .. .. *Petitioner*
Kumma Chetti and eleven others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that Kadir Sahib, son of Bava Sahib, residing at Moongilanthangal, Kallakurichi taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 11th December 1917 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 19th January 1918 at 7 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908. The debtor's examination will also take place on the said date at 7 a.m.

No. 163 of 1917 (No. 23 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Panruti)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Duraiswami Asari and Swaminatha Asari .. .. .. *Petitioners.*
Vellayan Chetti and ten others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Duraiswami Asari, son of Villuparam Apparao Asari, and Swaminatha Asari, son of first petitioner, now residing at Somakottai, Cuddalore taluk, have applied for being declared insolvents and that their application is posted for hearing to 19th January 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

No. 165 of 1917 (No. 7 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Mannargudi)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Kaliaperumal Padayachi .. .. *Petitioner,*
Kuppuswami Pillai and twelve others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Kaliaperumal Padayachi, son of Subbaraya Padayachi, residing at Kurunkudi, Chidambaram taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 19th January 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

No. 169 of 1917 (No. 20 of 1917 on the file of the Temporary Sub-Court, Cuddalore)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, South Arcot.

Gopala Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Subbapati Chetti and five others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Gopala Pillai, son of Chinnatiu Pillai, residing at Virapperumalnallur, Cuddalore taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 19th January 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

No. 180 of 1917 (No. 33 of 1917 on the file of the District Court, South Arcot)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, SOUTH ARCOT.

Subbachari .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ramachandrachari and thirty others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Subbachari, son of Sadhagiri Achari, residing at Tirukkoyilur, Tirukkoyilur taluk has applied for being declared insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 19th January 1918. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 7 a.m. on the said date.

Official Receiver's Court, South Arcot,
Cuddalore, 10th December 1917.

P. R. RANGA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 81 of 1917 (No. 33 of 1917 on the file of the District Court, Tinnevelly)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, TINNEVELLY.

In the matter of A. S. S. Kandappa Pillai, son of Sankaranarayana Pillai, Kokkarkulam, Tinnevelly taluk .. .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 3rd November 1917 to the District Court for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 and the same has been transferred to me for disposal. The same is fixed for hearing before me on 15th January 1918 (1 p.m.) or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

No. 83 of 1917 (No. 16 of 1917 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tuticorin)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, TINNEVELLY.

In the matter of Sundaram Chetti, son of Shanmukham Chettiyar, Bungalow Street, Tuticorin .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 19th November 1917 to the Tuticorin District Munsif's Court for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 and the same has been transferred to me for disposal. The same is fixed for hearing before me on 16th January 1918 (2 p.m.) or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

Official Receivers' Court, Tinnevelly,
Vannarpet, 14th December 1917.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 11 of 1913 in the Court of the District Munsif, Kulittalai

P. Muthuveerama Reddi, son of Krishna Reddi, living in Lankodi village, Musiri taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
P. K. Arumugam Pillai and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the abovenamed petitioner are required to tender proof of their claim on or before 17th January 1918. If they fail to do so, a final dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

No. 14 of 1914 in the Court of the District Judge, Trichinopoly.

Muthusami Goundan, son of Kandasami Goundan, living in Sulthanpettai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Panchalingam Maalmangam Paramathi Namakel, K. Kaliyana Goundan and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the abovenamed petitioner are required to tender proof of their claim on or before 24th January 1918. If they fail to do so, a dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

No. 14 of 1915 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly.

Kandasami Goundan, son of Ramasami Kathanar, living in Sulthanpettai Panchalingam Maalmangam Paramathi Namakel .. *Petitioner.*
Lakshmanan Chetti and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the abovenamed petitioner are required to tender proof of their claim on or before 25th January 1918. If they fail to do so, a final dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

No. 33 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Trichinopoly.

Venkatachalam Pillai, son of Ramasami Kathanar, living in Manoppa Naicken street, Woriur, Trichinopoly .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chinnaiha Devan and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the abovenamed petitioner are required to tender proof of their claim on or before 28th January 1918. If they fail to do so, a final dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

No. 11 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Trichinopoly.

Kuppa Sabha Nayer, son of Sankara Ayyar, living at Andavanoor village, Karur taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muthukaruppan Chettiar and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 4th December 1917. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly, an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

Official Receiver's Court, Trichinopoly, 10th December 1917. T. S. PALANISWAMI PILLAI, *Official Receiver.*

NOTICE.

O.P. No. 94 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Madura.

In the matter of the minors (1) *Ramanathan, son of late Ramakrishnaiya Ayyar, residing at Thanappa Mudali agraharam, Madura,* (2) *Meenakshi and* (3) *Ramalakshmi, sisters of the above.*

Rama Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
V. N. Gopalaswami Ayyar .. .. *Respondent.*

Whereas the petitioner abovementioned had applied to this Court as the above petition for the appointment of a guardian for the persons of minors (1) and (2) and for the properties of minors (1) to (3) above and whereas the said petition is posted for hearing to 17th January 1918, notice is hereby given that all persons who have any objections thereto, may appear before the said Court on or before the said date and submit their objections to the said petition.

District Court, Madura, 7th December 1917. F. A. COLERIDGE, *District Judge.*

SUIT NOTICE

No. 1 of 1917 in the Court of the District Judge, Madura.

The Official Assignee of Rangoon by agent Kalappa .. .. *Plaintiff*
Sukhdev Desai and others .. .. *Defendants.*

To

P. L. Muthia Chetty at Pannyapatty, Pudukkottai State, Trichinopoly zillah.

Whereas the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for recovery of Rs. 62,180-12-3 you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the 29th day of January 1918 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 4th day of December 1917.

F. L. J. WILLIAMSON, *District Judge.*

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 15TH DECEMBER 1917.

Liabilities.	Rs.	A.	P.	Assets.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	75,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	94,06,600	12	9
Reserve Fund	50,00,000	0	0	Other authorised Investments ..	4,94,102	1	6
Public Deposits at Head Office .. Rs. 39,36,365-12-0				Loans on Government and other authorised Securities	3,12,99,617	7	11
Public Deposits at Branches .. Rs. 84 28,750-11-1	85,26,126	13	1	Accounts of credit on Government and other authorised Securities	2,40,35,673	7	9
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	16,89,90,804	3	6	Bills discounted and purchased ..	1,87,89,887	5	7
Bank Post Bills, etc.	1,88,319	4	11	Balances with other Banks	24,24,722	11	5
Madras	14,80,461	10	11	Bullion	15,068	11	0
				Dead Stock	11,41,875	0	0
				Stamps	37,886	4	1
				Sundries	7,67 267	4	0
					7,43,60,852	12	9
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches *	5,15,37,192	0	0
Total ..	18,59,26,721	3	5	Total ..	12,59,26,721	3	5

* Includes 15,000 Sovereigns at Rs. 2,36,011-8-0.

(By order of the Directors)

H. E. HOLMES, *Chief Accountant.* W. B. HUNTER, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

Rate for Demand Loans—6 per cent.

Percentage of Cash to Liabilities payable on demand—72 84.

Bank of Madras, Madras, 17th December 1917.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Balances held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of November :—

1915	..	Rs.
1916	..	12,46,47,000
1917	..	16,53,87,000
	..	16,50,05,000

Madras, 11th December 1917.

A. NEWMARCH,
Accountant-General.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATIONS.

UNCLAIMED SUMS.

Unclaimed wages of the following coolies for 16th to 31st July 1917 in Public Works Stores division, if not claimed within one month, will be credited to Government :—

No. and name of coolies.		Amount.		
		Rs	A.	P.
369.	A. Murugesan	0	2	3
373.	Saiyid Muhammad	0	0	6
371.	Arokiaswami	0	2	9
370.	Joseph	0	2	9

Madras, 23rd November 1917.

H. F. DECOUROY,
Superintendent, Public Works Stores.

Notice is hereby given that an amount of Rs. 6-2-3 has been outstanding in the accounts of this division since May 1917 in favour of Pandit Madhavachari, Agent Vannamalaimutt of Mangamur, Tinnevelly district, being the balance of deposit taken from him for conveying 18 carts with bullocks, etc., across the river Godavari and the whereabouts of the party are not known. If the amount is not claimed within a month from the date of the publication of this notice it will be credited to Government.

H. R. DOGRA,
Executive Engineer, Godavari Head Works Division.

Dowlaishwaram, 28th November 1917.

It is hereby notified that the undermentioned sums are outstanding for over three months in this division and that the parties concerned may appear before the undersigned and take payment within three months from the date of this notification failing which the amounts will be finally credited to Government :—

Item No.	Name.	Amount for what purpose.	Date from which outstanding.
		Rs. A. P.	
1	Kadar Batcha Sahib	7 0 0 Salary and T. A. for June 1917.	July 1917.
2	Koppuswami Nayudu	0 5 5 Contracting a store and mamidi room in the Revenue Divisional office, Tiruvannamalai.	February 1916
3	T. N. Sundram Ayyar	1 9 1 Arrears of pay for April and May 1917.	November 1916.

Chepauk, 20th November 1917.

K. V. SANKARA AYYAR,
Executive Engineer, T. & S. Division, VII Circle.

MADRAS TANKS TO BE REPAIRED.

List of tanks in Madras which will be emptied for repairing between 15th March 1918 and 15th August 1918, if they receive any supply then :—

Perambur large tank.	Vyasarpadi tank.
Madowakkam tank.	

R. A. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR,
Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

Madras, 27th November 1917.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

It is hereby notified, under section 62 of the Madras Court of Wards Act I of 1902, that Zubdatal Ayyan Rammanderaya Satyanarayana Varaprasada Rao Nayudu Bahadur Garu, Zamindar of the South Vallure estate in the Kistna district, having attained his majority on the 24th November 1917, the Court of Wards has released the said South Vallure estate and the person of the said zamindar from its superintendence with effect from the said date.

Board of Revenue (Court of Wards),
Madras, 10th December 1917.

H. E. PATE,
Secretary.

In virtue of the power delegated to him in Government Notification No. 495, dated 13th July 1908, and in modification of Notification No. 1, dated 3rd January 1906, published on pages 234 to 240 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 31st January 1906, Part II, the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue hereby directs that the following addition shall be made after the words 'local areas' at the end of clause II of the notification :—

"but that the pass granted for payment of duty under the Land Customs Act, 1814, shall be accepted as a permit for purposes of this notification."

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 7th December 1917.

E. GRAHAM,
Secretary.

JANMAM REGISTRATION.

Under section 4 of the Malabar Land Registration Act, 1886, it is notified hereby that an inquiry into the janmam title to S. No. 16-4 of Oravil Desam No. 207 of Kurumbranad taluk, which was treated as unregistered and unassessed at the time of settlement but a portion of which is now found to be occupied, will be held by the Tellicherry Divisional Officer in order that the name of the janmi may be registered.

All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the land are required hereby to apply to the Divisional Officer in person or by duly authorized agent under section 3 of the aforesaid Act on or before 10th March 1918 to have their names registered as such.

Malabar Collector's Office,
13th December 1917.

F. B. EVANS,
Collector.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

REPORTS OF DESERTION.

Report of an absentee without leave from the Deccan British War Hospital, Poona, dated the 7th day of December 1917

Name, Levitt, Stanley Robert; age, 21 years 9 months; height, about 5 feet 10½ inches; build, slim; complexion, fair; hair, brown; eyes, brown; wearing slight brown moustache; marks, gunshot wound scar on left lower leg; dress when last seen, serge uniform, brown boots, service dress cap. Able to ride motor cycle well. Ambling gait when walking. Believed to be in possession of a fair amount of borrowed money.

Report of an absentee from the 4th Battalion, South Wales Borderers, 13th Division, 40th Brigade, dated at Poona, this 14th day of December 1917.

Number, rank and name, 3/25990, Private Brown, George; age, 32 years; height, 5 feet 9 inches; colour of complexion, fresh; hair, ginger; date of absence, 12th December 1917; place of absence, Deccan British War Hospital, Poona (whilst a patient in hospital); marks, scar right elbow (after operation); under 10 years' service.

H. E. WINTER, Lieut.-Col., R.A.M.C.,
Commanding Deccan British War Hospital.

Report of a deserter from the Remount Training Depot, dated at Bangalore, this 10th day of December 1917.

Number, rank and name, 21052, Indian driver Jarmano Ali, 110rd Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Trimulgherry; father's name, Bismilla Sahib; caste, Mohammadan; village, Sumsadilla, Jallagan, district, Hyderabad (Deccan); enrolled at Trimulgherry on 17th September 1917; age on enlistment 20 years; height, 5 feet, 4¼ inches; chest measurement, 32 inches; identification marks on body, scar above left eyebrow, scar middle left eyebrow; joined the Remount Training Depot, Bangalore on the 1st November 1917.

J. LYNCH, Lieut., R.H.A.,
Commandant, Remount Training Depot, Bangalore.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT SANDALWOOD IN NORTH COIMBATORE DISTRICT.

The following approximate quantities of cleaned sandalwood (billets, roots, chips and dust) will be put up to auction by the District Forest Officer, North Coimbatore, at the Forest depot at Satyamangalam, 42 miles by road from the Coimbatore railway station, on Monday the 7th January 1918 at 10 a.m.

2. The sandalwood will be sorted and classified into the different classes noted below and each class will be put up to auction separately in one lot. Details as to the approximate quantities available under each class are also noted below. Purchasers are advised to inspect in advance each lot put up for sale and they shall accept the classification made in the depot as final. No complaints of any kind will afterwards be admitted.

Class and name with description.	Approximate quantity available for sale at the	
	Satyamangalam depot.	Hasanur depot.
	T. cwt. qs.	T. cwt. qs.
Coimbatore sandalwood.		
I. Vilayat Budh or first-class billets—sound billets in 3' lengths weighing not less than 20 lb.	1 12 2	0 13 0
II. Chico Budh or second-class billets—sound billets in 3' lengths weighing from 10 to 20 lb.	1 14 3	0 17 0
III. Panjam or third-class billets—round billets in 3' lengths weighing from 5 to 10 lb.	0 3 0	0 4 0
IV. Ghota or short billets—sound billets less than 3' in lengths weight being immaterial.	0 0 3	0 3 1
V. Ghat batata—billets of 10 lb. and over with minor defects such as knots, small cracks and hollows.	25 0 3	13 10 0
VI. Dagadoli—billets with minor defects, such as knots, small cracks and hollows, but weighing less than 10 lb.	27 0 0	13 14 2
VII. Roots, first class weighing not less than 10 lb.	5 14 0	2 17 0
VIII. Roots, second class, weighing not less than 15 lb.	14 2 0	7 0 0
IX. Roots, third class less than 5 lb. and all side roots	10 13 1	5 0 2
X. Jaipodal, first class, hollow and ragged pieces weighing not less than 7 lb.	10 13 1	5 0 2
XI. Jaipodal, second class—hollow and ragged pieces weighing not less than 3 lb.	2 10 0	0 3 0
XII. Ash heaps—sound and unsound pieces weighing not less than 1 lb	2 10 0	0 3 0
XIII. Chorla —small and unsound pieces weighing not less than ½ lb.	2 0 0	0 3 0
XIV. Ata Chilla—Chips and small pieces of pure heartwood	0 10 2	0 2 2
XV. Halad Chilla—very small chips and small pieces of heartwood	0 4 0	0 2 0
XVI. Mava Chilla—largest chips of mixed heartwood and sapwood	26 13 2	13 0 0
XVII. Bassia bakai—small chips of mixed heartwood and sapwood	28 0 1	14 0 0
XVIII Sawdust	0 15 0	0 3 0
XIX. Chega Milva	4 0 0	2 0 0
Total	300 0 0	

NOTE.—The Hasanur depot is 30 miles by road from Coimbatore. The wood stocked there will also be sold at Satyamangalam.

Nilgiri sandalwood.

	T. cwt. qs.
Billets	1 15 0
Roots	0 7 1
Chips	1 11 2
Dust	0 0 3
Total	302 10 1

Note.—The Nilgiris sandalwood is stocked at Mannigudi depot, 18 miles from Cotacamund railway station.

No person will be allowed to bid at the auction unless he furnishes an earnest money deposit of Rs 1,000 (one thousand) at the time of sale and unless he signs his name in the sale notice to imply his acceptance of the conditions contained in that notice. The bidding will be per ton for the lot.

The deposit of unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them at the conclusion of the sale.

The sales will be subject to confirmation by the Conservator of Forests who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any bid. It is possible that the Conservator of Forests will himself be present at the time of sale and the result of sale will therefore be announced on the spot.

5. Each purchaser shall, immediately after a lot is knocked down to him, sign his name at foot of the sale list in the column provided for the purpose. Such signature shall be held as an admission on his part of having bought the lot.

6. Immediately after the sale, each purchaser, if his offer has been accepted by the Conservator of Forests for that lot, will be furnished with a memorandum showing the total amount due by him and shall remit 50 per cent less the earnest deposit referred to above, into the Bank of Madras at Coimbatore, Ootacamund or Madras, within ten days from the date of receipt by him of the memorandum confirming the sale and the balance before the expiry of one month from the date of sale, provided however no removal of the sandalwood will be permitted until payment is made in full. In calculating the 50 per cent the assumed weight of the lot will be that recorded immediately after final clapping, when delivery is made. When the purchaser takes over the wood punctually, he will pay the balance due on the actual weight whatever it may be.

7. Should any purchaser fail to make the payment in full by the due date, the sandalwood purchased by him will be resold at his risk, the earnest deposit made by him forfeited to Government, and any loss occurring by such resale recovered from him as if it were arrears of land revenue. Should however any profit arise by such resale, the defaulter shall not participate in it.

8. The purchaser must take delivery of the sandalwood after payment of at least 50 per cent of the purchase money, within 15 days from the date of receipt by him of the order confirming the sale. If he or his accredited agent does not attend on the due date for the weighment of the sandalwood purchased, no further weighment will be made, i.e., no drynge will be allowed and the weight recorded in the depot books (which is the weight recorded immediately after final clearing and that notified at the time of sale), must be accepted by him. If however on reweighment an excess should be found, the purchaser shall have no title to the excess.

9. On presenting the chalan to the Range Officer, Satyamangalam (for Coimbatore sandalwood), and Sigur (for Nilgiris sandalwood), for the payment of 50 per cent of the value of the sandalwood purchased by each purchaser the wood will be weighed as it is, in the depot, in his presence or that of his accredited agent. No further cleaning or classification of the sandalwood will be undertaken by the Forest Department nor will purchasers be allowed to clean any wood previous to weighment. The classification, cleaning and weighment as determined by the Forest Department must be accepted. Should any deficiency occur after weighment the value of the deficiency will be refunded to the purchaser or if an excess is found it shall be paid for by him.

10. The purchaser shall bear the cost of weighment at the time of delivery.

11. The purchaser will be allowed reasonable time not exceeding one month from the date of delivery after weighment to remove the wood during which period it will be kept in the depot at his risk. If the purchaser fails to remove all the wood within that period demurrage will be charged at the rate of Rs. 5 (five) per diem for one month thereafter when also the wood will be at his risk, after which period any sandalwood remaining unremoved will become the property of Government.

12. No sandalwood can be removed from the depot till a license to remove sandalwood, signed by the officer of the Forest Department who weighed out the wood, shall have been obtained and till every piece of sandalwood that can be stamped has been stamped with the district "sale hammer".

13. The officer conducting the sale shall be at liberty to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchaser.

14. Further particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.

C. D. McCARTHY,
Conservator of Forests, Western Circle.

Coimbatore, 6th December 1917.

SALE OF IVORY, HORNS, SANDALWOOD, ETC.

Notice is hereby given that the following quantities of produce at present in stock as well as any that may be subsequently collected will be sold in public auction by the District Forest Officer, Central Coimbatore, at 2 p.m. on the 4th February 1918, at the Government Forest Depot, Coimbatore :—

Number and name of produce.	Weight.		
	cs.	lb.	total.
1. Eight elephant tusks	1	15	52
2. Thirty-eight sambar horns	3	24	0
six deer horns	0	6	0
Ten sandalwood roots	3	1	0
Forty-six sandalwood billet	10	1	17
Do. chips	0	4	6
Do. dust	0	2	4
Asaram bark	7	0	0

2. Bidders will be required to deposit Rs. 50 for elephant tusks, Rs. 25 for sandalwood, and Rs. 10 for the other items before they are allowed to bid. The deposits of unsuccessful bidders will be returned immediately on conclusion of the sale while those of the highest bidders will be retained.

3. Full payment, less deposit must be made within one week of the date of sale. No produce will be allowed to be removed till after full payment had been made.

4. The deposit of any purchaser failing to pay the amount due on the prescribed date will be forfeited to Government and the produce will be resold at the risk and loss of the defaulter who will be held liable to recoupe any loss Government may sustain by the resale.

5. Each kind of produce will be sold separately.

6. Weighment will be made at the time of delivery and such weighment will be final.

7. Government are not bound to accept the highest or any bid.

A. M. C. LITTLEWOOD,
District Forest Officer.

Coimbatore, 6th December 1917.

SALE OF TINNEVELLY DISTRICT CHANK SHELLS.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the whole of the catch of chank shells to be fished from the chank beds of the Tinnevelly district during the three seasons 1918–19, 1919–20 and 1920–21, beginning 1st July 1918 and ending 30th June 1921.

Sale conditions.

1. Tenders must be at one rate per 1,000 shells for full-sized and at a separate rate per 1,000 shells for the undersized and the wormed.

2. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of rupees one thousand (Rs. 1,000) only and will be received till noon of Tuesday the 5th February 1918.

3. Tenders (which must be sealed) must be addressed to the Superintendent of Pearl and Chank Fisheries, Tuticorin, who will open and submit them to the Honorary Director, Madras Fisheries, who reserves to himself the right to reject any or all without assigning any reason for so doing.

4. The successful tenderer must be prepared to accept delivery of any quantity of shells not exceeding four lakhs in number in any one season.

5. *Delivery.*—The shells will be delivered at Tuticorin at the close of each fishing season which will be duly intimated by the Superintendent. If the buyer desires delivery prior to the close of the fishing season of a portion of the catch, endeavour will be made to meet his wishes upon payment in advance of the value of the portion to be delivered.

6. *Additional Deposit.*—The successful tenderer shall remit into the treasury an additional deposit of rupees three thousand (Rs. 3,000) only, in cash, or deposit with the undersigned an equivalent amount in Government of India paper, valued at the rates then current, within one week of the intimation to him of the acceptance of his tender, as guarantee for the due fulfilment of the contract. The total deposit of rupees four thousand (Rs. 4,000) only, will be refunded after due fulfilment of all conditions of the contract and will be returned only when the contract is completed satisfactorily.

7. The full value of the shells purchased shall be remitted into the treasury within one week of the intimation to the tenderer of the acceptance of his tender.

8. If the successful tenderer fails to pay the full value of the shells within the prescribed period of seven days, the shells shall be resold at his risk and expense, and his deposit shall also be forfeited.

9. The shells as paid for to be removed from the godown within fifteen days of the payment made in respect thereof. The chank godown will be occupied free of rent for the first fifteen (15) days; one rupee (Re. 1) a day will be charged for the second fifteen (15) days and rupees two (Rs. 2) a day for any further period afterwards.

10. Further information will be supplied upon application to the undersigned.

SALE OF CEYLON CHANK SHELLS.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the undermentioned chank shells, the whole of which are the produce of the Jaffna chank beds and now in store at Tuticorin, viz :—

	CHANKS.
Full-sized	29,432
Undersized	932
Wormed	997

These shells have been fished at Mannarpatti and Kurimundal, Ceylon.

Tenders must be at one rate per 1,000 for full-sized shells and at a separate rate per 1,000 for undersized and wormed.

2. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of rupees two hundred and fifty (Rs. 250) only, and will be received up to noon of Tuesday the 5th February 1918.

3. Tenders (which must be sealed) must be addressed to the Superintendent of Pearl and Chank Fisheries, Tuticorin, who will open and submit them to the Honorary Director, Madras Fisheries, who reserves to himself the right to reject any or all without assigning any reason for so doing.

4. Previous to the date mentioned for the sale, facility will be given to intending purchasers to inspect the shells in the godown and their attention is particularly called to this.

5. No recounting or reclassification of the shells will be permitted and each lot must be accepted as it lies in the godown. No complaint of shortage can be entertained, the purchaser accepting the figures as given above. No allowance will be made for undersized, wormed or defective shells whichever heap they may be found in. The purchase of the shells shall be at the sole risk of the purchaser and the Government accept no responsibility as regards the failure of any of the shells to come up to the specification. *Tenderers must state that they understand and accept these conditions.*

6. In the case of the party whose tender may be accepted, the deposit accompanying the tender will be retained for due fulfilment of conditions after delivery of the third season's shells.

7. *Payment.*—The full value of each respective lot of shells must be remitted into the treasury prior to taking delivery thereof.

8. If the successful tenderer fails to pay the additional deposit of rupees three thousand (Rs. 3,000) only, within the prescribed period of seven days or fails to pay the full value of the shells within thirty days after intimation from the Superintendent of Pearl and Chank Fisheries to him that the fishing season is closed, the shells will be resold at his risk and expense and his deposit or deposits forfeited to Government.

9. The shells as paid for to be removed from the godowns within sixty days after intimation of the close of the fishing season as above specified and after payment in full therefor. If the shells be not removed within this period rent at the rate of rupees two (Rs. 2) only, per day will be charged for the next one month, failing removal within this period a rental of rupees five (Rs. 5) only, for each day thereafter for one month will be charged and rupees ten (Rs. 10) only, per day for any subsequent period.

10. No complaint of shortage will be entertained, the purchaser to accept the figures furnished by the Superintendent of Pearl and Chank Fisheries. No allowance will be made for undersized, wormed or defective shells whichever heap they may be found in. The purchase of the shells shall be at the sole risk of the purchaser and the Government accept no responsibility as regards the failure of any of the shells to come up to the specification. Every reasonable endeavour will however be made to ensure that the full-sized shells be not less than 2½ inches in diameter but no guarantee is given. *Tender must state that they understand and accept these conditions.* No sorting of the shells will be made other than into (a) full-sized, (b) undersized, and (c) wormed.

11. The success of tenderer must be prepared to execute a formal contract embodying the terms above detailed within sixty (60) days from the date of the acceptance by Government of his tender.

12. Further particulars will be supplied upon application to the undersigned.

J. HORNELL,
Superintendent, Pearl and Chank Fisheries.

Tuticorin, 17th December 1917.

TENDERS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NEW BUILDINGS FOR THE MUNICIPAL COLLEGE, SALEM.

SEALED tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 1 o'clock on 16th January 1918 for construction of new buildings for the Municipal College, Salem. Estimate Rs. 1,80,000.

2. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Salem division, and should be superscribed "Tender for Municipal College, Salem."

3. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest-money of Rs. 100 in cash or currency notes which will be returned to the tenderers whose tenders are not accepted.

4. The Executive Engineer will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. As soon as the acceptance of the Tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 500 which, with the earnest-money received, will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with conditions 5 and 6 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest-money.

8. The contract must not be sublet.

9. Other conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. in the Executive Engineer's office from which blank forms of tender can also be obtained.

Schedule.

Quantity.		Description of work.	Per
		Items common to main building, tiffin-room and latrines.	
60,321 c. ft.	..	Earthwork excavation for foundations	1,000 c. ft.
27,647 "	..	Filling in basement with earth	1,000 "
29,410 "	..	Concrete broken stone in lime mortar	100 "
22,361 "	..	Rock in lime mortar (foundation and basement)	100 "
65,511 "	..	Do. (superstructure)	100 "
3,494 "	..	Arch work brick in lime mortar	100 "
14,837 sq. ft.	..	Plastering with lime mortar two coats including white-washing two coats	100 sq. ft.
40,000 "	..	Painting two coats	100 "
640 c. ft.	..	Vitrified masonry drains	1 ft.
		Main building.	
27,899 c. ft.	..	Brick in lime mortar, flat floor	100 c. ft.
1,261 "	..	Arch work do	100 "
3,165 sq. ft.	..	Brick-nogged partitions including frames and doorways, etc., complete (terrace)	100 sq. ft.
222 c. ft.	..	Cuttings work	C. ft.
64 c. ft.	..	Ferro-concrete lintels (1' 6" × 6" and 1' 1½" × 6")	R. ft.
3,892 c. ft.	..	Teak wood wrought and put up	C. ft.
312 sq. ft.	..	Teak chir face with ase-story supports, hand rails including varnishing, etc., complete	Sq. ft.
110 sq. ft.	..	Teak bowded floor 1½" thick	100 sq. ft.
20 r. ft.	..	Teak wood hand rails with balusters including painting, etc.	R. ft.
91 sq. ft.	..	Teak lattice with necessary supports including hold rails and painting, etc., complete.	Sq. ft.
193 "	..	Fixed ventilated louvres including painting, etc., complete	"
147 "	..	Teak large hood 2" thick including painting etc., complete	"
258 r. ft.	..	Teak verandah hand rails including painting etc., complete	R. ft.
26,99 tons	..	Rolled steel girders including hoisting and setting	Ton.
19,600 lb.	..	Wrought iron work in (trusses)	1 lb.
148 sq. ft.	..	Teak doors one-third panelled and two-thirds glazed with glazed hood including frames and fittings complete	Sq. ft.
4,160 "	..	Teak doors one-third panelled and two-thirds glazed with circular glazed head including frames and fittings complete	"
58 "	..	Teakwood doors one-third panelled and two-third glazed with circular glazed head including frames and fittings complete	"
2,921 "	..	Teak windows glazed with glazed hood including frames and fittings complete.	"
38,400 "	..	Terrace flooring with brick on edge 3" concrete and bottom lime plastered	100 sq. ft.
252 "	..	Terrace roofing with brick on edge 3" concrete three courses of flat tiles top and bottom lime plastered.	100 "
26,208 "	..	Roofing with Mangalore tiles over flat tiles including (2" × ½") teak purlin, etc., complete.	100 "
15,890 "	..	Levelling course of brickbats, 6" thick	100 "
23,060 "	..	Paving with pressed tiles over 1" lime mortar and pointing with cement.	100 "
8,472 "	..	Grat'ding 3" over 4" laterite metal well watered and rammed	100 "
3,625 "	..	Pointing with prepared mortar	100 "
5,457 "	..	Brick quoins	100 "
16,218 "	..	Pearing three coats	100 "
74 r. ft.	..	Zinc rainfall pipe including painting complete	R. ft.
		Tiffin room.	
195·24 c. ft.	..	Country wood wrought and put up	C. ft.
321 sq. ft.	..	Teak doors panelled with frames and iron fittings complete	Sq. ft.
168 "	..	Teak windows panelled with frames and iron fittings complete	"
3,048 "	..	Roofing with plain Mangalore tiles on teak battens 2" × 1"	"
1,500 "	..	Roofing with 1" Portland cement over 6" concrete	100 sq. ft.
		Latrines.	
335 c. ft.	..	Filling in basement with sand	100 c. ft.
1,488 sq. ft.	..	Flooring with cement 1" thick	100 sq. ft.
784 "	..	Flooring with 12" cuddapah slabs over 1" mortar and pointing with cement	100 "
58 16 cwt	..	Wrought iron work	Cwt.
4,350 sq. ft.	..	Corrugated iron sheets 20 B W G, including bolts and nuts, painting, etc., complete	100 sq. ft.
96 No.	..	Wrought iron pans	Each.

7th December 1917

H. F. DAWSON,
Executive Engineer, Salem Division.

TENDERS FOR CONSTRUCTING A LOCK AND REGULATOR ON THE KAKARAPARRU CANAL.

SEALED tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 12 noon on the 5th January 1918, for constructing a lock and regulator on the Kakaraparru canal at 7 miles 3 furlongs 460 feet.

2. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Godavari Western division, Chettipett, Nidadavole Post, superscribed "Tender for constructing a lock and regulator on the Kakaraparru canal at 7 miles 3 furlongs 460 feet."

3. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest-money of Rs 100 in cash or currency notes which will be returned to the tenderers whose tenders are not accepted.

4. The Superintending Engineer, II Circle, will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 150 which, with the earnest-money received, will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with conditions 5 and 6 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest-money.

8. The contract must not be sublet.

9. Other conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. in the Executive Engineer's office from which blank forms of tender can also be obtained.

Schedule.

Item number.	Description of work.	Per
1.	Concrete broken stone in surki mortar (Labour charges only excluding grinding mortar) ..	100 c. ft.
2.	Coursed rubble in surki mortar (Labour charges only excluding grinding mortar) ..	200 "
3	Cuttcrng in lime mortar (Labour charges only excluding grinding mortar)	100 "
4.	Painting rubble with surki mortar (wash) [Labour charges only excluding grinding mortar)	100 sq. ft.
5.	Rough stone dry pitching with 1 foot 3 inches stone (Labour charges only)	100 c. ft.
6.	Latrite packing with 1 foot stone (Labour charges only)	100 "
7.	Gravel backing including watering and ramming (Labour charges only)	100 "
8	Fixing iron work, two coats (Labour charges only)	100 sq. ft.
9.	Dressing quoins of lock posts of lock	100 "
10.	(a) Earthwork excavating foundations, with initial lead of 20 yards and lift of 5 yards in soft clay	1,000 c. ft.
	(b) Earthwork excavating foundations, with initial lead of 20 yards and lift of 5 yards in hard clay	1,000 "
	(c) Extra for every additional 15 yards lead	1,000 "
	(d) Extra for every additional 1 yard lift	1,000 "
11.	Earthwork filling in	1,000 "
12	Plastering with cement ½ inch think (Labour charges only)	100 sq. ft.
13	Holding relief steel beams and setting them in position	1 ton.

N.B.—All other work ordered to be carried out will be paid for on actual measurements in accordance with the current schedule of rates.

Chettipett, 8th December 1917.

V. AYYADURAI AYYAR,
Offg. Executive Engineer, Godavari Western Division.

TENDERS FOR CLEARING SILT FROM CHANNELS OF ENNORE CIRCLE

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received by the Assistant Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Chingleput Subdivision, at the office of the Inspector, Madras Depot Circle, Madras, up to 4 p.m. on 5th January 1918 for the following works of the Ennore Circle for the approximate amounts noted against each :—

Name of work.	Rs
(1) Clearing silt from the channels of the Attipat north factory inclusive of the Thillai extension	3,000
(2) Clearing silt from the boat channels, Medal Saltern, Vayalur ..	1,750
Total ..	4,750

2. The cover containing the tender should be addressed to the Assistant Commissioner, Chinglepat Subdivision, care of the Inspector, Madras Depot Circle, Madras, and should be accompanied by a treasury receipt for payment of a deposit of Rs 300 either at the Madras Depot or at the Vayalur Salt Treasury.

3. The Assistant Commissioner, Chinglepat Subdivision, reserves to himself the right of rejecting any or all the tenders without assigning any reason and no reply can be expected by the unsuccessful tenderers.

4. Detailed estimates can be prepared only after the rains are over and may be seen on application either at the Chinglepat Subdivision Assistant Commissioner's office or at the Ennore Circle Inspector's office at Vayalur on all working days between the hours of 12 noon and 5 p.m. as soon as they are ready after the rains.

5. The work should on no account be sub-let.

6. Tenders which contain conditions of any sort will be rejected.

7. The address of each tenderer should be given in full.

8. The tenderers should, if required, submit satisfactory proofs of their *status, experience* in contract work and good conduct.

8. Tenders should be in the form of a letter written in English with the rates per cubic yard of *dried silt* for all the factories at which they are willing to undertake the works and execute them to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner, Central Division, distinctly specified therein. The tenderers will be given to understand that they will be paid on the amount of work *actually done*, the clearance of silt depending on the condition of the channels and not necessarily on the provision made in the estimates. To distinguish new silt from old, straw should be spread over the channel banks before fresh silt is thrown over

10. The successful tenderers will be required to execute within ten days of intimation of acceptance of their tenders, the prescribed agreement which will be prepared in the Ennore Circle office.

11. In default of tenderer's attendance at the office within ten days after despatch of intimation sent to him by post, the amount of Rs. 200 deposited by him will be forfeited to Government.

12. The deposit of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned as early as possible after the opening of the tenders.

Chingleput Subdivision, Madras,
3rd December 1917.

G. E. JOHNSTON,
Asst. Commr., Salt, Abk. and Cust. Dept.

SALE OF RIGHT TO MANUFACTURE SALT IN THE KATTUPALLI EXTENSION OF THE VAYALUR FACTORY, ENNORE CIRCLE.

The public are hereby informed that the right to manufacture salt under the monopoly system in the Kattupalli extension of the Vayalur factory in plots of not less than 10 acres each will be sold by auction by the Assistant Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs department, Chingleput subdivision, at Vayalur on 10th of January 1918 at 12 noon subject to the following conditions. The total area to be sold will be about 210 acres.

2. A deposit of Rs. 5 must be made by every intending bidder previous to bidding

3. No person will be allowed to bid on behalf of another unless he holds a power-of-attorney from him authorising him to do so.

4. The selling officer may for valid reasons refuse to accept any bid and in cases of dispute his decision shall be final. If, for any reason, the highest bid is rejected, the selling officer may at his discretion either accept the next highest bid or put the lot up to auction afresh.

5. The sale will be subject to confirmation by the Board which may either accept or reject the final bid at its discretion. Such confirmation will be tantamount to an acceptance of the bid.

6. As soon as possible after auction is completed, the deposits made by unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them.

7. As the auction proceeds, each successful bidder shall at once, if so required by the selling officer or otherwise at the close of the day's sale, make a further deposit equal to one-fourth of the purchase money. Should he fail to do so, the deposit made by him under condition 2 supra will be forfeited and the right to manufacture in the pans will be put up to auction again on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of as the Board may determine And the defaulter may be debarred from bidding again at any subsequent sales.

8. On receipt of intimation of the final acceptance of the bid, the successful bidder shall at once pay the whole amount of his bid after deducting from it the amount of deposits already paid by him. Should he fail to do so, the deposits made by him under conditions 2 and 7 supra will be forfeited and the right to manufacture in the pans will be sold or otherwise disposed of as the Board may determine.

9. Resales effected under condition 8 will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain and, in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the deficiency between the amount payable under the terms of the original sale and that payable by the successful bidder at the resale. In the latter case the forfeited deposits will be deducted from the loss arising from the resale and the remainder, if any, will be recoverable from the defaulter in the manner laid down in section 24 of the Madras Salt Act IV of 1889. Should, however, the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits will be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder will be similarly liable if the salt pans are disposed of otherwise than by resale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the original sale.

10. Licence to manufacture salt under the monopoly system will be granted to the successful bidder subject to the following special conditions. The prescribed form of licence can be seen at the office of the Inspector, Ennore circle, at Vayalur:—

(a) The pans should be aligned as directed by Government and should be worked as directed by Government at the rate of kudivaram common to the factories of the Ennore circle, which is now Re. 13-2-0 a garce.

(b) Manufacture should be carried on as directed by Government and the licensee should undertake to comply with all orders of the Inspector in respect of the various processes of manufacture and should show due diligence in manufacture.

(c) The successful bidder should accept a lease (the form of which may be seen at the Circle office, Vayalur). The term of such lease will ordinarily be for five years and the licence granted in each case will be in force only during the continuance of such lease.

(d) The licensee must surrender the pans to Government if required to do so on notice being given at the close of any manufacturing season.

(e) No compensation will be paid to the licensee when the pans are surrendered under condition (d) or when the pans are resumed or the factory is converted into one for manufacture of salt for general sale in the event of the lease referred to in condition (c) being determined before the expiry of the period fixed.

11. The work of constructing and maintaining the bunds between the reservoir and condenser I and between condensers I and II will be undertaken by Government and the cost recovered from the licensees proportionately to the acreage held by each. Particulars of the amounts payable will be given to each licensee by the Inspector, Ennore circle, and should he fail to remit the amount due within the time allowed in the notice, it will be recovered in the manner laid down in section 24 of

the Madras Salt Act of 1889. The licensee will be required to undertake the work of putting up dividing bunds in the condensers and to the reservoir if necessary, as well as the work of levelling reservoirs and condensers, and forming crystallizers.

12. Any further particulars that may be desired can be obtained either at the Ennore Circle office, Vyalur, or at the Assistant Commissioner's office, Chingleput subdivision, North Beach Road Madras.

Chingleput Subdivision, Madras,
9th December 1917.

G. E. JOHNSTON,
Asst. Commr., Salt, Abk. and Cust. Dept.

SALE OF RIGHT TO MANUFACTURE SALT IN THE TILLAI SARAHAD OF THE OLD PULDIWAK FACTORY, ENNORE CIRCLE.

The public are hereby informed that the right to manufacture salt under the monopoly system in the Tillai sarahad of the old Puldiwak factory in plots of not less than 5 acres each will be sold by auction by the Assistant Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Chingleput subdivision, at Vyalur on 16th of January 1918 at 12 noon subject to the following conditions. The total area to be sold will be about 52 acres.

2. A deposit of Rs. 5 must be made by every intending bidder previous to bidding.

3. No person will be allowed to bid on behalf of another unless he holds a power-of-attorney from him authorizing him to do so.

4. The selling officer may for valid reasons refuse to accept any bid and, in cases of dispute, his decision shall be final. If, for any reason, the highest bid is rejected, the selling officer may at his discretion either accept the next highest bid or put the lot up to auction afresh.

5. The sale will be subject to confirmation by the Board which may either accept or reject the final bid at its discretion. Such confirmation will be tantamount to an acceptance of the bid.

6. As soon as possible after auction is completed, the deposits made by unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them.

7. As the auction proceeds, each successful bidder shall at once, if so required by the selling officer or otherwise at the close of the day's sale, make a further deposit equal to one-fourth of the purchase money. Should he fail to do so, the deposit made by him under condition 2 supra will be forfeited and the right to manufacture in the pans will be put up to auction again on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of as the Board may determine and the defaulter may be debarred from bidding again at any subsequent sale.

8. On receipt of intimation of the final acceptance of the bid, the successful bidder shall at once pay the whole amount of his bid after deducting from it the amount of deposits already paid by him. Should he fail to do so, the deposits made by him, under conditions 2 and 7 supra will be forfeited and the right to manufacture in the pans will be sold or otherwise disposed of, as the Board may determine.

9. Resales effected under condition 8 will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain and, in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the difference between the amounts payable under the terms of the original sale and that payable by the successful bidder at the resale. In the latter case the forfeited deposits will be deducted from the loss arising from the resale and the remainder, if any, will be recoverable from the defaulter in the manner laid down in section 81 of the Madras Salt Act IV of 1889. Should, however, the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits will be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder will be similarly liable if the salt pans are disposed of otherwise than by resale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the original sale.

10. Licence to manufacture salt under the monopoly system will be granted to the successful bidder subject to the following special conditions. The prescribed form of licence can be seen at the office of the Inspector, Ennore circle, at Vyalur :—

(*a*) The pans should be aligned as directed by Government and should be worked as directed by Government at the rate of kud-varam common to the factories of Ennore circle, which is now Rs 13-2-0 a garce.

(*b*) Manufacture should be carried on as directed by Government and the licensee should undertake to comply with all orders of the Inspector in respect of the various processes of manufacture and should show due diligence in manufacture.

(*c*) The successful bidder should accept a lease (the form of which may be seen at the Circle office, Vyalur). The term of such lease will ordinarily be for five years and the leases granted in each case will be in force only during the continuance of such lease.

(*d*) The licensee must surrender the pans to Government if required to do so on notice being given at the close of any manufacturing season.

(*e*) No compensation will be paid to the licensee when the pans are surrendered under condition (*d*) or when the pans are resumed or the factory is converted into one for manufacture of salt for general sale in the event of the lease referred to in condition (*c*) being determined before the expiry of the period fixed.

11. Any further particulars that may be desired can be obtained either at the Ennore Circle office at Vyalur or at the Assistant Commissioner's office, Chingleput subdivision, North Beach, Madras.

Chingleput Subdivision, Madras,
9th December 1917.

G. E. JOHNSTON,
Asst. Commr., Salt, Abk. and Cust. Dept.

SALE OF GOLD COINS (VARAHAS) FROM THE KODUR TREASURE TROVE, NELLORE DISTRICT, 1913, AT THE GOVERNMENT MUSEUM, MADRAS.

The coins are irregularly circular in outline, with a number of rough impressions punched on one side, so that this side is slightly concave or cup-shaped. Each coin weighs approximately 52 grains, and the price per coin is Rs. 5-8-0.

The coins available for sale at the Museum are picked specimens. The bulk of the find will be sent to the Bombay Mint, where the coins are to be sold at their bullion value.

Number and description.	Number available.
1. Coin of a Telugu-Chola Chief, 13th Century, bearing the legend 'Rajavira' in Tamil-Grantha	50
(a) Variety 'Rajavi' (Tamil-Grantha)	15
(b) Do. 'Rajava' (do.)	30
(c) Do. 'Rajaviran' (do.)	15
(d) Do. 'Bhujaba' (Telugu)	100
2. Coin assigned to the Rashtrakuta King Govinda IV (918–936 (A.D.) bearing the legend 'Gajja' or 'Gajga' in Devanagari .	50
(a) Variety 'Gaje' or 'Gaji' in Devanagari	50
3. Coin with the legend 'Rana' in Telugu-Kannada	50
4. Coin assigned to the Pallava King Mahendravarman I (about 618 A.D.) bearing the legend, 'Katachitra' or 'Katachitru' in Pallava-Chalukyan	100
5. Coin with the legend 'Marana' or 'Madana' or 'Bavana' in Telugu	6

Government Museum, Madras
8th December 1917.

J. R. HENDERSON,
Superintendent.

RECOVERY OF WRECKS.

Notice is hereby given, under section 74 of Act VII of 1880, that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circular and remove the articles claimed within the close of the month on payment of the salvage charge. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following month by the order of the Engineer, Port Trust, Madras.

Description of articles.	Mark	Date of recovery	Place of recovery.
Two flat iron bars	Nil	6th December 1917.	Madras Harbour.
One square iron bar	" " " "	6th " " "	
One round iron bar	" " " "	6th " " "	
One T iron bar	" " " "	5th " " "	
One fire brick	" " " "	5th " " "	
One bit iron coils 5" weighing 316 lb.	" " " "	5th " " "	
One wooden fender fitted with iron	" " " "	10th " " "	
One wooden fender piece	" " " "	10th " " "	
One cast iron pipe 6" × 1"	" " " "	11th " " "	
One cast iron telegraph post	" " " "	11th " " "	
One round iron bar	" " " "	11th " " "	

[illegible] 1880-[illegible] 7 - [illegible] 16 - [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS, 186, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.C., AND BY AGENTS.

[A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Mint Buildings, or at Mount Road Branch, Madras.]

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

List of Gazetted Officers in the Madras Police Department, corrected up to 1st December 1917. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As 4. (6 p.)

Classified List of Forest Officers in the Madras Presidency (with Coorg), corrected up to 1st December 1917. Imperial 8vo. Paper cover. Anna 1. (6 p.)

Madras Treasury Manual, Vols. I & II, third edition, 1911. Seventy-third list of corrections. Pies 6. (6 p.)

List of General Rules and Orders, 1916 edition. List No. 1 dated 30th June 1917. As 3-9. (6 p.)

Board's Standing Orders. Fifteenth list of corrections to volume I. Anna 1 (6 p.) Volume II. Pies 6 (6 p.)

General List of Rangers and Deputy Rangers of the Forest Department in the Madras Presidency, corrected up to 1st October 1917. Imperial 8 vo. paper cover. As. 4. (6 p.)

Annual Administration Report on the Civil Veterinary Department for 1916-17. Foolscap folio, paper cover. As. 8. (1 a.).

Revised Rules framed under section 10 of the Land Improvement Loans Act (XIX of 1883) and section 4 of the Agriculturists' Loans Act (XII of 1884). Tamil. Foolscap folio. Stitched. As. 6-6 (6 p.). English. As. 8-8. (6 p.)

Monthly List of Civil Servants in the Madras Presidency, corrected up to 1st December 1917. Royal 8vo paper cover. As 8. (1 a.)

Special Funds Code. Third and fourth lists of corrections. Each. Pies 6 (6 p.)

Madras Educational Rules. Fourteenth (or Fourth list of Re-print) list of corrections. Pies. 6. (6 p.)

Supplement to Digest of Indian Law Cases for 1915 by H. D. Bose. Super royal. 8vo, cloth. Rs. 4. (6 as.)

Quarterly List of Establishments of the Madras Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue Department, corrected up to 1st October 1917. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 8. (1 a.)

List of Officers of the Registration Department in the Madras Presidency, corrected up to 16th October 1917. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 6. (1 a.)

Half yearly List of qualified Sanitary Inspectors corrected up to 1st July 1917. Royal 8vo. As 8 (6 p.)

Statistics of Criminal Courts in the Madras Presidency for 1916. Foolscap folio, wrapper As. 8. (1 a.)

Civil Medical Code, Third Edition, 1913.—Eighth list of corrections. Pies 6. (6 p.)

Insolvency Rules, 1910. (As amended up to October 1917.) Foolscap folio stitched. As. 8. (6 p.)

Report on the Administration of the Abkari Revenue in the Madras Presidency for 1916-17. Foolscap folio, wrapper As. 8. (1 a.)

Quarterly list of officers in the Educational Department, Madras, Bangalore and Coorg, corrected up to 1st October 1917. Royal 8vo, wrapper. As. 4 (1 a).

Commission for Government Examinations Calendar for 1917-18. Royal 8vo, wrapper. Rs. 1-1. (4 as.)

Public Service Notification, (Revised up to 30th September 1917.) Royal 8vo. Pies 6. (6 p.)

Government Technical Examinations Notification for 1917-18. Royal 8vo. Pies 6 (6 p.)

Special Test Examinations Notification. (Revised up to 31st March 1917). Royal 8vo. Pies 6. (6 p.).

India Act XV of 1917. Indian Registration (Amendment). English. Royal 8vo. As. 1-3. (6 p.)

India Act XVII of 1917. Government Savings Banks (Amendment). Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (6 p.)

India Act XVIII of 1917. Post Office Cash Certificates. Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (6 p.)

India Act XIX of 1917. Indian Paper Currency (Amendment). Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (6 p.)

India Act XX of 1917. Indian Transfer of Ship Registration. Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Pies 3 (6 p.)

India Act XXI of 1917. Indian Trusts (Amendment). Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (6 p.)

India Act XXIII of 1917. Presidency Small Cause Courts (Amendment). Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese and Malayalam. Each Pies 3. (6 p.)

India Act XXIV of 1917. An Act to provide for the acquisition of gold imported into British India. Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese and Malayalam. Each Pies 3 (6 p.)

India Act XXVI of 1917. An Act to validate certain transfers of property made prior to the 1st January 1915. Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese and Malayalam. Each Pies 3. (6 p.)

Gods and Goddesses. South Indian Images of —. By Rao Sahib H. Krishna Sastri, B.A., 1916. Royal 8vo, cloth gilt. Re. 1-8 or Rs. 3-0. (6 as.)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

NEW LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

[A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.]

Act II of 1886 (Indian Income-Tax), modified up to 1st April 1918. Urdu. 2 as. 6 p. (1 a.) Hindi. 2 as. 3 p. (1 a.).

Ordinance No. VII of 1916.—Second Indian Paper Currency further Amendment. Urdu and Hindi. Each 8 p. (1 a.)
Ordinance No. VIII of 1916.—Election Petitions Urdu and Hindi. Each 8 p. (1 a.)

VACANCIES.

Applications are invited for acting Range Clerks' posts on Rs. 20 in this district with prospects of confirmation in case of good work. None but those who possess a completed secondary school leaving certificate need apply and applications should be accompanied by a list of the marks obtained at the school and public examination.

M. R. SUNDARAM AYYAR,
District Forest Officer.

Chittoor, 27th November 1917.

Applications are invited from duly qualified candidates for acting and permanent vacancies on Rs. 20 and 22 in this division. A knowledge of Telugu is essential. Holders of secondary school-leaving certificates not eligible for admission to college course need not apply

A. R. COX,
Sub-Collector

Pentkonda, 3rd December 1917.

Applications are invited for the post of a temporary Sanitary Inspector for cholera duty under the Devakottai Taluk Board. The pay of the appointment is Rs. 30 plus Rs. 15 conveyance allowance.

T. N. SIVAGNANAM,
President.

Devakottai Taluk Board's Office,
6th December 1917.

Applications are invited from qualified men for Plague Inspectors' posts in this district. The pay of the selected candidates will be Rs. 30 with a pony allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem

N. MACMICHAEL,
Collector

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
5th December 1917.

Applications are invited from persons duly qualified under the examination rules for the post of an acting fourth clerk on Rs. 20 in this court. The vacancy is likely to become a permanent one. A knowledge of Telugu is essential.

N. S. NATESA AYYAR,
District Munsif

District Munsif's Court, Cuddapah,
7th December 1917.

Applications are invited from Graduates for appointments on Rs. 80 in the Revenue Department in the Kistna district

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Collector.

Kistna Collector's Office,
8th December 1917.

Applications for the post of a surveyor on Rs. 60 per mensem (temporary establishment) with travelling allowance under the ordinary rules are invited from duly qualified candidates for entertainment in the Upper Godavari Forest division. Preference will be given to men who have had previous experience of forest work Applications should reach the undersigned before the 1st of January 1918.

P. VENKATRAMANAN,
District Forest Officer, Upper Godavari.

Kunavaram, 8th December 191.

Wanted immediately a few agents and treasurers for Field Service, overseas. Pay Rs. 50 per mensem plus 100 per cent batta from date of embarkation. Cash security required Rs. 900.

Apply to—
The Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport,
9th Division, Bangalore.

L. D. WATLING, Major for Lieut.-Col.,
Asst. Director of Supplies and Transport, 9th Division.

Bangalore, 11th December 1917.

Applications are invited till 31st January 1918 from candidates who have passed the Lower Subordinate test of the Civil Engineering College, Madras or the Government Technical Examination equivalent thereto for the posts of three permanent minor irrigation sub-overseers in the district on Rs. 30—5—40 the increments being biennial. Qualified men with previous experience will be preferred. None but those who are qualified need apply. The candidates selected will be on probation for six months

F. G. STOKES,
Collector.

Kurnool Collector's Office,
13th December 1917.

Wanted an attender for the office of the Administrator-General and Official Trustee of Madras—Salary Rs. 12 per mensem. The service is under Government and is pensionable. Apply by letter enclosing copies (only) of testimonials to the undersigned on or before the 15th January 1918.

C. E. ODGERS,
Administrator-Genl. and Official Trustee of Madras.

High Court, Madras,
14th December 1917.

WANTED a qualified candidate who can read and write both Tamil and Telugu for employment as proof-reader of Agricultural Calendars, on Rs 25 per mensem for three months from 3rd January 1918, in the office of the Director of Agriculture, Chepauk, Triplicane, Post Box No 412, Madras. Apply at once to the undersigned

WANTED a qualified candidate who can read and write Malayalam and Canarese for employment as proof-reader of Agricultural Calendars, on Rs 25 per mensem for 1½ months from 1st February 1918 in the office of the Director of Agriculture, Chepauk, Triplicane, Post Box No. 412, Madras. Apply at once to the undersigned.

Madras, 14th December 1917.

G. A. D STUART,
Director of Agriculture

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after 18th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Tuticorin, 24th November 1917. G. S. VENKATARAMA AYYAR.

On or after 8th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Georgetown, 1st December 1917. P. C. RAJAGOPALA ACHARI.

On or after 10th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof
Egmore, 1st December 1917. T. SRINIVASA AYYAR

On or after 15th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Tripleane, 3rd December 1917 S. NARASIMHAN

On or after 16th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Mylapore, 3rd December 1917. O. S. VISWANATHA AYYAR

On or after 8th February 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Mylapore, 3rd December 1917. C SANKARA NAYAR.

On or after 6th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Triplicane, 4th December 1917. T. R. VENKATARAMAN.

On or after 8th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof
Triplicane, 9th December 1917 S. K RANGARAJU.

On or after 10th January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof
Egmore, 10th December 1917 M. V. SWAMINATHAN.

On or after 15th January 1918 I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof
Egmore, 13th December 1917. P. HANUMANTA RAO

On or about 23rd January 1918, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Madras, 13th December 1917. D. DURJANA KHAN.

ESTATE OF CAPTAIN CHARLES FRANCIS WARD (DECEASED).

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the Estate of Charles Francis (otherwise Francis) Ward, Captain, R.F.A., formerly Lieutenant, R.H.A., formerly stationed at Potchefstroom, Transvaal, South Africa, but late of Hill Rats, Welsh Road, Sidcup in the County of Kent, but now deceased, who died on the 16th day of May 1918 are required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned the Administrator of the Estate of the said Captain Charles Francis Ward deceased on or before the 21st day of December 1917 at the undermentioned address after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said Captain Charles Francis Ward deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.

High Court House, Madras,
10th November 1917.

H. BRIGHTWELL,
Administrator of the estate

ESTATE OF WILLIAM ELEY (DECEASED).

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 42 of Act XXVIII of 1865 that all persons having any claim against William Eley, late of No 13 Essendine Road, Maida Vale, in the County of Middlesex in England and formerly of Bangalore who died at Devonshire Street, Portland Place in the said County of Middlesex in England on the 5th day of February 1917, and Letters of Administration to whose estate were granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 17th day of October 1917 to Stewart Edward Humpherys, the Manager of the Banking Department of Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, Bombay, the Administrator in India of the said deceased, are requested to send in their claims within one month from this date to the said Administrator at the office of Messrs. Thos Cook & Son, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, after the expiration of which period the Administrator will proceed to administer the assets of the deceased having regard only to such claims as shall then have been received and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

Dated this Third day of December 1917.

S. E. HUMPHERYS,
Administrator in India of William Eley, deceased.

ESTATE OF JEMIMA PATRICIA BRANDON (DECEASED).

The Administrator of the Estate and effects, throughout the whole of British India, of Jemima Patricia Brandon, late of 87, Rathgar Road, County of Dublin, Ireland, but now deceased, who died at "Kilvin" Lower Mount Street, Dublin, on or about the 10th day of December 1914, being about to close the accounts of the deceased's estate, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the said estate are required to send particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands to the undersigned on or before the 23rd day of December 1917, at the undermentioned address after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said Jemima Patricia Brandon, deceased, or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons or whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.

No. 3, College Buildings, Esplanade Row,
Madras, 7th December 1917.

L. H. BEWES,
Administrator of the estate.

ESTATE OF ALEXIS BENNICK EMMETT (DECEASED).

The Administrator General of Madras hereby gives notice that he is administering from 8th December 1917 the estate of Alexis Bennick Emmett, late Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, but now deceased, under a grant of Letters of Administration made to him on the 23rd November 1917 by the High Court of Madras and that all persons having claims against the said estate as creditors, next-of-kin, legatees or in any other manner whatsoever should prefer their claims to the said Administrator-General on or before the 10th January 1918 after which date he will proceed to make a distribution of the assets of the said estate and will recognize in such distribution only such claims as shall have previously been established to his satisfaction

O. E. DINGEE,
Administrator-General.

Madras, 8th December 1917.

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the 26th section of the Indian Companies Act application has been made to the Local Government for a licence directing an association under the name of the 'Catholic Indian Association of Southern India' to be registered with limited liability but without the addition of the word 'limited' to its name.

The objects for which the Association is proposed to be established are to draw closer the bond of union among Roman Catholic Indians and to promote their social, material and general welfare and to protect the rights and interests of Roman Catholic Indians

The other objects of the Association are set out in extenso in the Memorandum of Association, a copy of which may be inspected at the office of the Catholic Indian Association at present located at No. 9, East Mada Street, Mylapore.

Notice is hereby given that any person, company or corporation objecting to this application may bring such objection before the Government on or before the 15th day of January 1918 by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Home Department (Judicial)

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Dated this 30th day of November 1917. *Secy. to the Govt. of Madras, Home Dept. (Judicial).*

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 19 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Srirangam.

Palaniyelu Pillai, son of Sankaralingam Pillai, Thiruvan village,
Trichinopoly taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Apparoo Pillai and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Whereas the abovenamed petitioner has applied to the District Munsif of Srirangam to be adjudged an insolvent and the said court has transferred the said application to the Official Receiver of Trichinopoly for disposal, notice is hereby given that the said application will be heard by the Official Receiver of Trichinopoly on 21st January 1918.

N. P. KALYANASUNDARA MUDALIYAR,
Trichinopoly, 11th December 1917. *Petitioner's Vakil.*

No. 18 of 1917 in the Court of the District Munsif, Srirangam.

Santhanam Pillai, son of Virabhadra Pillai, Puliyuremedu, Pettavathalai, Trichinopoly taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Vaithilinga Pudar and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Whereas the abovenamed petitioner has applied to the District Munsif of Srirangam to be adjudged an insolvent and the said court has transferred the said application to the Official Receiver of Trichinopoly for disposal, notice is hereby given that the said application will be heard by the Official Receiver of Trichinopoly, on 21st January 1918.

S. VENKATAPATHI MUDALIYAR,
Trichinopoly, 11th December 1917. *Petitioner's Vakil.*

No. 21 of 1917 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, TRICHINOPOLY.

Viramma, wife of the deceased N. Sellayya Pillai, residing at Nadavalur village, Musiri taluk, has filed an insolvency petition No. 21 of 1917 on the file of the District Court, Trichinopoly, and the same is posted to 21st December 1917 for disposal. Persons having objections can appear and oppose on that day in the office of the Official Receiver of Trichinopoly.

K. S. GANAPATHI AYYAR,
Vakil for petitioner.

Trichinopoly, 27th November 1917.

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, GUNTUR.

Creditors in Insolvency Petition No. 16 of 1912 on the file of the District Court, Guntur, filed by Vangavalla Vasavabhadrudu and his brothers of Reddigudem, Sattenapalle taluk, Guntur district, whose claims have been notified but not proved are hereby given notice under section 39 (3) of Act III of 1907 that if they do not prove their claims on or before 11th February 1918, the Receiver appointed in the case will proceed to make the one and the final dividend without regard to their claims.

K. V. HANUMANTHA RAO,
Receiver.

Guntur, 18th December 1917.

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

1917.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Temperature: Corrected Daily Means. Dry.	Temperature: Corrected Daily Means. Wet.	Temperature: Observed Extremes. Max.	Temperature: Observed Extremes. Min.	Highest Heat in Vacuo.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Daily velocity.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy sky	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
December.	Inches.	°	°	°	°		Cts.		Miles	Inches	Cts.	Hrs.	
10th Monday..	29·838	77·5	70·0	83·1	74·0	147·5	59	N.N.W.	168	0·05	88	4·7	Distant thunderstorm.
11th Tuesday.	29·840	77·1	74·6	81·1	73·6	154·2	82	N.N.E.	139	0·07	58	4·6	Do.
12th Wednesday	29·886	78·0	74·3	82·3	72·0	161·6	67	N.E. by E.	136	..	33	7·6	Fine with passing clouds.
13th Thursday	29·923	78·1	76·5	81·6	73·6	161·9	86	N.E.	136	0·21	68	6·2	Passing showers.
14th Friday ..	29·944	77·7	76·4	80·6	71·7	160·2	91	N.E. by N.	100	..	40	7·0	Fine with passing clouds.
15th Saturday	29·878	76·6	68·9	84·1	67·6	148·6	57	N.N.E.	145	..	25	7·6	Fine.
16th Sunday ..	29·957	79·7	68·4	83·6	61·9	153·6	75	N.N.E.	85	..	18	8·1	Do.

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the Rain Gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current Civil Day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st is 61·05 inches, the average due for the same period being 47·86 inches.

E. Le. JONES,
Deputy Director.

Madras Observatory, 17th December 1917.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 51.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 18, 1917. [PRICE, 8 pies.

ABKARI NOTICE.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ABKARI AND OPIUM PRIVILEGES IN MADRAS TOWN FOR THE LEASE, 1918–19.

Notice is hereby given that the Pattai Arrack shops, Taverns, Ganja and Opium shops shown in the subjoined schedules will, for the leave commencing from 1st April 1918, be put up to public auction by the Collector of Madras at his office on Friday the 1st February 1918, commencing at 12 noon.

SCHEDULE I.—PATTAI ARRACK SHOPS

Shop No.	Locality
1.	New Washermenpet, Tiruvottiyar High Road, between Arumuhaswamypet Amman Coil and Venkatakistnan's Street, 300 yards
2.	Royapuram, Mannarswami Coil Street, between Police Station and premises No. 40, 100 yards.
3.	Old Washermenpet, Tiruvottiyar High Road, between Gollapath Tank Street and Cemetery Road.
4.	Perambur, Perambur High Road, between the Railway Station and Paramberry.
5.	Georgetown, Salai Vinayagar Street, between the Broadway and Rasappa Street.
6.	Do. Thatha Muthappan Street between Govindappan Naick Street and Mint Street.
7.	Do. Seven Wells Street, between Arunan Coil Street and St. Xavier's Street 217 yards.
8.	Do. Elephant Gate, Muruppjaan Street, between Wall Tax Road and Kandappa Mudali Street, 83 yards.
9.	Choolai, B'Mallow's Road, between the Basin Esplanade Road and the lane leading to Choolai Slaughter-houses.
10.	Narayanapuliyam, Perambur Barracks Road, between Vedanaikl Pillai Street and Venkatachella Mudali Street, 110 yards.
11.	Choolai, between Municipal Cart-stand in Aranmanai Pagier Street and Pudukhadi Street branching from Choolai Bazaar Road opposite to Dharmaraja pool (NOTE.—The shop should not face the Choolai Bazaar Road on which the train runs.)
12.	Purasawalkam, Kandappa Mudali High Road, between Purasawalkam High Road and Muthiala Naick Street, 100 yards.
13.	Peramet, Ennappa Street, anywhere in the street, which is 110 yards long.
14.	Pudupet, North Harris Road from Harris Bridge up to Madras City Police Headquarters Horse Lines, East, Cooum Road; South, Cooum Road West, Vellayudu Chetti Street running from Hazels Road to Cooum Road The shop should be located in any unobjectionable site within the above limits but not near the Commonwealth lines or within 50 yards of the Harris Road, or Cooum Road on the northern end of Vellayudu Chetti Street.
15.	Nungambakkam, Agastiswaran Coil Road or Village Road, between Nungambakkam High Road and the Police Station.
16.	Triplicane Tiruvaiyaruenpettai Road, between Arumuga Chetti's Street and Arumachella Ashari's Street, 100 yards.
17.	Triplicane, anywhere in Venkatachella Mudali Street, between Lloyd's Road and Peter's Road.
18.	Triplicane, Venkatachella Mudali Street, between Lloyd's Road and Peter's Road.
19.	Kayapet, High Road, between the Old Police Station and Peter's Road, 210 yards
20.	Teynampet, Mount Road, within 200 yards south of the bridge which is near the Horticultural Gardens.
21.	Mylapore, any unobjectionable site in Cutchery Road, Bazaar Road or Arundel Street.

SCHEDULE II.—FOREIGN LIQUOR TAVERNS.

Shop No.	Locality.
1.	Kayapuram, Ai dippa Gramani Street, which is 220 yards long
2.	Georgetown, Seven Wells Street, between St. Xavier's Street and Arabara Kanan Street 183 yards
3.	Do. Andappa Naick's Street, between Mint Street and Govindappa Naick's Street.
4.	Do. Nayanijappa Naick's Street, or Memorial Hall North Street, between Memorial Hall and Rasappa Chetty Street
5.	Purasawalkam, at Basketthal Street between the Burial-ground and the Purasawalkam High Road, as in the Purasawalkam High Road, between the Kandappachari Street and the Ritherdon Road
6.	Vepery, High Road, between Park Gate and Perianna Mastry Street.
7.	Egmore High Road, between Egmore Police Station and Post Office.
8.	Mount Road, between Round Tower and Neill's Statue
9.	Triplicane, Purcell's Road, between Viraraghava Mudali Street and Triplicane High Road, a distance of 200 yards.
10.	Mylapore, Cutchery Road, between Arundel Street and Bazaar Road, and the whole of Bazaar Road.

SCHEDULE III.—GANJA SHOPS.

Shop No.	Locality.
1.	Georgetown, Mannadi Street, between Iyappa Chetti Street and Moore Street.
2.	Do. China Bazaar Road, between Mint Street and Ramappa Mudaly Street.
3.	Do. Wall Tax Road, between China Bazaar Road and Elephant Gate.
4.	Washermenpet, Tiruvottiyur High Road, between Cemetery Road and Ramanuja Ayyar Street.
5.	Chintadripet, anywhere on Ayah Mudali Street, between Vedagiri Mudali Street and Rami Pandaram Street, or in Arunachala Kavirayar Street, between Kyrapan Saigkan Street and Sivaganu Chetti Street.
6.	Choolai, anywhere in M'Nallow's Road.
7.	Purasawalkam, Purasawalkam High Road, between Kandappa Mudali High Road and Sundara Pillai Street.
8.	Triplicane, Pycroft's Road, between Varataghava Mudali Street and Fakir Sahib Street.

SCHEDULE IV.—OPIUM SHOPS.

Shop No.	Locality.
1.	Old Washermenpet, Tiruvottiyur High Road, between Cemetery Road and Varadakrishnama Street.
2.	Georgetown, Varadamuthappan Street, between Andappa Naick Street and Anna Pillai Street, or in Andappa Naick street, between Govindappa Naick Street and Varadamuthappan Street.
3.	Anywhere in Patricia Lane Street 61 in D'Melloy's Road between Barnaby Gate Street and the lane leading to Oriental Slaughter-house.
4.	Triplicane, Pycroft's Road, between Triplicane High Road, East, and Anwar Mahal, West.

N.B.—As the auction proceeds, each person whose bid is accepted shall at once make a further deposit of half a month's rent (in addition to the initial deposit of Rs. 50) for each shop unless the initial deposit equals or exceeds two months' rent. Should he fail to do so, the initial deposit made by him will be forfeited and the shop will be put up again immediately on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of by the Collector and the defaulter will be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shop.

2. Successful bidders will be allowed to open their shops only in unobjectionable sites within the limits specified above, and at a distance of not less than 100 yards from one another.

3. Successful bidders will be required to furnish the Inspector, Madras Town Circle, with boundary lists of the particular sites selected by them within ten days from the date of sale and immediately on the approval of the sites by the Commissioner of Police, to execute the counterpart agreements required by the general conditions of sale, and get them registered, where necessary.

4. Successful bidders of whose solvency the Collector is not satisfied, will immediately on notice either pay up an additional deposit of two months' rent or produce a surety or sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector and get the necessary security bonds executed and registered, failing which the issue of their licences will be withheld.

5. Temporary licences will not be issued except in special cases, and in no case where the issue of the annual licences is delayed through the failure of the licensee to comply with the conditions set forth above.

6. As regards the payment of shop rent the following rules will be observed :—

(i) The rents should be paid not later than the 10th of each month.

(ii) For payments made after the 10th interest at 6 per cent. per annum will be charged from the 10th and a fine of Re. 1 for each shop will be levied.

(iii) Failure to pay the rent before the 26th of the month will render the shop liable to be resold at the risk of the licensee.

Madras Collector's Office,
14th December 1917.

M. AZIZ-UD-DIN,
Collector.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 51.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 18, 1917. [Price, 4 pice

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 15TH DECEMBER 1917.

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient. Russellkonda reservoir 44·25 feet. Surada 37·05 feet. Sowing of greengram and blackgram proceeding and of pasture concluding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy and blackgram; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowing of greengram and ragi proceeding in parts; transplantation of tobacco proceeding. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy, redgram, blackgram and groundnut; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

GODAVARI.

Water-supply sufficient. Godavari 2·2 feet above sunset. Ploughing; preparing seed beds for second crop paddy, sowing of pulses, wheat, ragi, hemp, garlic and mustard; transplanting of tobacco, paddy and ragi proceeding in parts. Standing crops good. Harvested cumbu, cholam and ragi, outturn fair; paddy and sugarcane fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available except in two taluks and two divisions. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain stocks generally sufficient. Prospects fair.

KISTNA.

Water-supply sufficient. Kistna 2·6 feet above sunset. Preparing seed beds for second crop paddy proceeding. Sowing of horsegram, bengalgram and maize commencing. Standing crops, fair; but wet paddy affected by pests and floods in two taluks. Harvested paddy and indigo; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient, fodder available except in two taluks. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

GUNTUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of varigu, maize, castor, cholam, sunhemp and bengalgram, transplantation of chillies and tobacco proceeding. Standing crops fair; but some crops affected by floods due to heavy rains in the delta taluks. Harvested wet paddy; outturn fair to normal; indigo, poor to normal; dry paddy, fair; and cumbu and cholam, normal. Pasture sufficient; but fodder scarce in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good; but rinderpest, malignant sore-throat, anthrax and black-quarter prevail in parts. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient. Tungabhadra canal level. Sowing of bengalgram, horsegram blackgram and wheat proceeding. Standing crops generally good. Harvested cumbu, sugarcane, groundnut, paddy and cholam; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available except in parts of two taluks. Condition of cattle generally good; black-quarter prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

BANGANAPALLE.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops good. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks as before. Prospects fair.

BELLARY.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of cholam, paddy, bengalgram and wheat and weeding of cotton, cholam, paddy and cumbu proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested korra, groundnut, cotton, cholam, paddy, ragi and cumbu; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle not reported, but rinderpest prevails in two villages and anthrax in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SANDUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops good. Harvested cholam and cumbu; outturn poor to fair. Pasture sufficient and fodder available. Condition of cattle fair. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

ANANTAPUR.

Water supply sufficient except in parts of one taluk. Ploughing; sowing of paddy commencing or proceeding, weeding paddy commencing. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy and dry crops; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient and fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of four taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing ragi, coriander, kosavu, korra and bengalgram. Weeding and transplanting paddy and ragi. Standing crops fair. Harvested korra, arika, ragi; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient and fodder available, but scanty in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

NELLORE.

Water-supply sufficient. The maximum depth of water over the Nellore and Sangam annicuts was 0·9 foot and 0·8 foot respectively. The supply of water at the Kanigiri reservoir is adequate. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, cholam, ragi; transplantation of ragi and weeding proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested indigo and cholam; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but black-quarter, anthrax, rinderpest and malignant sore-throat prevail each in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing, transplantation and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy and groundnut; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but cattle disease (unspecified) prevails in three villages. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MADRAS.

Employment generally available. Grain-stocks sufficient.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of one taluk. Ploughing; manuring; sowing of ragi, paddy and gingelly; transplantation of paddy and weeding of paddy and varagu proceeding. Standing crops fair, but dry crops withering in parts of one taluk. Harvested groundnut and varagu, poor to fair; cholam, ragi, paddy, fair. Pasture sufficient. Fodder available, but scanty in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest and anthrax prevail in four villages. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair. More rain is wanted for standing crops and to push on wet cultivation in parts.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in one taluk and in parts of three others. Ploughing; sowing, transplantation and weeding of paddy proceeding or concluding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cumbu, ragi, cholam, indigo, groundnut and sugarcane; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply insufficient in parts of four taluks. Ploughing; sowing, transplantation and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy, groundnut, varagu and cholam; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good except in parts of three taluks. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks sufficient to meet local requirements. Prospects generally fair.

SALEM.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of one taluk. Ploughing; sowing of paddy proceeding or concluding; of cumbu, cholam, varagu and horsegram concluding; transplantation of paddy proceeding or concluding, of ragi concluding in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy, ragi, varagu, cholam, groundnut and sugarcane; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply sufficient. Seven feet of water in the Cauvery at Erode. Transplantation of paddy concluding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, outturn normal; cholam, cumbu, ragi, groundnut and cotton, fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply sufficient. No flow over the Grand Anicut but supply adequate. Sowing of paddy and cholam and transplantation of paddy and ragi proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cholam, gingelly and groundnut; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TANJORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Height of water over the crest of the northern and southern branches of the Lower Anicut 4·6 feet. Transplantation of paddy concluding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested ragi, groundnut and paddy; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

PUDUKKOTTAI.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of paddy proceeding and transplantation of paddy concluded. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy and groundnut, outturn fair; varagu and ragi, poor to fair. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MADURA.

Water-supply insufficient except in parts. Average discharge in the Periyar main canal 1,122 cusecs. Ploughing, sowing, transplantation and weeding of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi and cholam; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects generally good.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, cumbu and cotton proceeding in parts; transplantation of paddy commencing, proceeding or concluding, of ragi proceeding or concluding; of cumbu concluding; weeding proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy, ragi, vali (samai millets), cumbu and samai; outturn poor to fair; pulses fair. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply insufficient except in channel-fed areas. 0·94 foot of water over the Servalaruntam anicut. Sowing; transplantation and weeding proceeding. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy and ragi; outturn fair; samai poor. Pasture scanty; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Transplanting second rice crop concluded. Standing crops fair. Harvested first rice crop; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRAVANCORE

Water-supply and pasturage sufficient. Paddy growing. Condition of cattle good.

COCHIN.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing; pruning and weeding of main crops concluding. Standing crops fair. Harvested tea and coffee; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

Week ending 15th December 1917.—Week generally rainy except Circars and Deccan. Standing crops fair to good generally. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops proceeding normally; outturn fair to normal generally. Sowings of paddy and dry crops proceeding normally. Condition of cattle good generally. Prices steady.

P. NARAYANA MENON,
Acting Secretary

BOARD OF REVENUE
(R.S., SUR., L. RODS, & AGRI.),
MADRAS, *18th December 1917.*

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 15th DECEMBER 1917.

Districts		Rainfall in inches				Price in Rupees for 80 pollis per Rupee.											
		For the week		Up to the end of the week from 1st April		Rice			Ragi.			Cholam.			Cumbu.		
		Actual.	Average of 25 years ending 1916.	Actual.	Average of 25 years ending 1916.	Average for December.	Last week.	This week.	Average for December.	Last week.	This week.	Average for December.	Last week.	This week.	Average for December.	Last week.	This week.
Ganjam	..	0·1	0·2	55·0	45·7	9·4	10·8	10·8	18·5	19·6	19·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	A.	..	3·1	72·1	37·8	9·3	8·3	8·3	18·3	17·7	17·1	..	18·5	18·5	18·6	17·7	17·7
	L.	0·2	0·3	41·4	38·5												
Godavari	..	..	0·1	59·6	40·1	9·8	9·1	9·1	17·8	18·8	18·8	18·9	18·3	18·4	..	17·7	17·8
Kistna	..	..	..	31·3	31·6	9·1	7·9	7·9	16·2	14·0	13·9	13·3	11·4	11·1	..	13·3	13·3
Guntur	..	0·1	0·1	18·3	30·6	8·7	7·7	7·7	..	14·1	14·1	15·8	10·3	10·3	17·0	10·4	10·4
Kurnool	..	..	..	26·8	23·3	8·9	7·6	7·6	..	13·9	13·0	19·0	(a) 11·2	11·7	15·8	12·2	12·3
Banganapalle	..	..	†..	33·7	† 23·0	..	6·5	6·5	..	..	..	..	10·0	10·0	..	10·0	10·0
Hallery	..	..	..	29·3	32·4	9·1	7·1	7·0	..	13·9	13·3	17·4	13·8	13·8	..	..	..
Sandur	..	..	†..	14·3	† 27·6	..	7·0	7·0	..	..	..	..	13·8	14·7	..	12·4	12·4
Anantapur	..	..	..	30·6	21·0	9·0	8·4	8·3	18·1	13·9	13·8	18·0	12·7	12·7	18·3	14·8	15·5
Cuddapah	..	0·4	0·2	35·3	25·1	8·9	7·7	7·7	17·1	12·3	12·3	18·6	11·4	11·3	18·4	12·4	12·2
Nellore	..	1·2	0·7	61·0	39·3	13·0	8·4	8·4	19·2	13·4	13·4	14·5	12·4	12·3	16·2	13·9	14·3
Chingleput	..	1·2	1·2	43·2	33·3	8·9	8·7	8·7	18·7	13·6	14·0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	1·1	1·0	40·7	48·3	7·8	8·9	8·8	14·4	13·3	13·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	..	0·5	1·7	52·6	31·4	8·5	7·7	7·8	13·8	14·0	13·7	..	..	..	13·9	12·8	12·8
Chittoor	..	0·9	0·8	35·5	29·0	8·8	8·3	8·7	17·4	13·8	13·8	..	..	..	13·4	13·8	13·8
North Arcot	..	0·5	0·6	31·6	35·0	9·0	8·7	8·8	18·8	13·8	13·9	..	..	..	13·8	14·0	13·8
Salem	..	0·2	0·2	38·8	33·8	8·5	7·9	7·9	15·7	13·0	13·2	13·2	12·7	12·7	14·8	13·5	13·5
Coimbatore	..	1·2	0·2	28·5	24·8	8·2	8·9	9·0	13·1	13·1	13·1	15·1	10·7	10·8	13·3	12·3	12·8
Trichinopoly	..	0·5	0·4	37·8	29·5	8·6	7·3	7·3	13·6	14·1	14·1	15·7	13·2	13·2	14·8	13·0	13·0
Tanjore	..	0·3	1·3	59·0	37·7	8·4	7·5	7·4	13·6	13·3	13·3	..	..	..	..	13·5	13·4
Pudukkottai	..	0·3	0·5	48·2	28·9	..	7·0	7·0	..	14·7	14·7	..	14·4	15·4	..	13·8	13·9
Madura	..	2·4	0·3	33·1	27·3	9·7	(a) 8·8	8·7	15·6	12·0	12·1	16·0	(a) 10·7	10·8	14·7	10·0	10·2
Ramnad	..	3·1	0·5	27·9	26·5	8·4	8·8	8·8	15·4	12·7	12·7	14·3	11·6	11·2	12·1	10·2	10·2
Tinnevelly	..	2·5	0·5	18·9	22·5	9·1	8·4	8·4	13·3	11·7	11·8	14·3	9·6	9·8	13·2	9·2	9·2
Malabar	..	0·7	0·3	106·4	118·5	9·5	7·1	7·9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara	..	..	0·2	158·9	142·6	8·8	7·9	7·9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Travancore	..	0·3	0·6	44·3	33·3	..	7·4	7·4	..	11·4	11·4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cochin	..	0·4	† 0·3	102·4	† 109·5	..	8·5	8·5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris	..	0·7	0·3	20·8	69·2	7·7	8·2	8·3	13·3	11·1	11·1	..	..	..	..	..	..

A. = Agency. L. = Littoral. * Average of the 15 years ending 1916-17. † Average of 18 years. (a) Revised figures.

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Part IV.—Proceedings of the Madras Legislature.

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Bill No. 4 of 1917.—The Madras Children Bill, with Statement of Objects and Reasons .. .. .. Page 1139

Bill to be introduced into the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Under rule 38 of the rules for the conduct of business at meetings of the Council, the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons, is published for general information:—

No 4 of 1917.

A Bill to make further provision for the custody, trial, and punishment of youthful offenders and for the protection of children and young persons.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to provide further for the custody, trial, and punishment of youthful offenders and for the protection of children and young persons;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

Preliminary.

Short title. 1. (1) This Act may be called the Madras Children Act, 19 .. ..

(2) It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Madras.

Repeal of Act VIII of 1897.

2. The Reformatory Schools Act, 1897, with the exception of section 15 thereof, is as to the Presidency of Madras hereby repealed.

Cf. Reformatory Schools Act (India), 1897, section 2.

Definitions.

3. In this Act unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:

English Children Act, 1908, sections 131 and 44

(1) "child" means a person under the age of fourteen years and when used in reference to a child sent to a certified school applies to that child during the whole period of detention, notwithstanding that the child attains the age of fourteen years before the expiration of that period;

Do

(2) "young person" means a person who is fourteen years of age or upwards and under the age of sixteen years;

Cf. Reformatory Schools Act (India), 1897, section 4 (a).

(3) "youthful offender" means any person who has been convicted of an offence punishable with transportation or imprisonment and who at the time of such conviction was under the age of sixteen years;

Note.—Age raised to 16. Cf Whipping Act, 1909, section 5.

(See English Prevention of Crime Act and Vagrancy Act)

(4) "guardian" in relation to a child, young person, or youthful offender, includes any person who, in the opinion of the court having cognizance of any case in relation to the child, young person, or youthful offender, or in which the child, young person, or youthful offender is concerned, has for the time being the charge of or control over the child, young person, or youthful offender;

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 181.

(5) "industrial school" means a school for the industrial training of children;

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 44.

(6) "reformatory school" means a school for the industrial training of youthful offenders;

Do.

(7) "certified school" means a reformatory or industrial school established or certified by the Governor in Council in accordance with the provisions of this Act;

Do.

(8) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules under this Act.

Powers of courts.

4. The powers conferred on courts by this Act shall be exercised only by—

Cf. Reformatory Schools Act, 1897, section 8 (2).

(*a*) the High Court, (*b*) a Court of Session, (*c*) a District Magistrate, (*d*) a Presidency Magistrate, (*e*) a First-class Magistrate, (*f*) any Juvenile Court constituted under this Act, and (*g*) any magistrate of the second class specially authorized by the Governor in Council to exercise all or any of the powers given by this Act

and may be exercised by such courts whether the case comes before them originally or on appeal.

Cf. Reformatory Schools Act, 1897, section 9.

Procedure when magistrate is not empowered to pass an order under this Act.

5. (1) When any magistrate not empowered to pass an order under this Act is of opinion that a child or young person brought before him or convicted by him is a proper person to be committed to a certified school or to be dealt with in any other manner in which the case may be dealt with under this Act, he shall record such opinion and submit his proceedings and forward the child or young person to a magistrate to whom he is subordinate or to a magistrate presiding over the nearest juvenile court having jurisdiction in the case.

(2) The magistrate to whom the proceedings are so submitted may make such further inquiry (if any) as he may think fit and may make such order dealing with the case as he might have made if the child or young person had originally been brought before or tried by, him.

PART II.

Reformatory and industrial schools.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 45
Reformatory Schools Act (India), 1897, section 5.

Establishment and certification of schools.

6. (1) The Governor in Council may establish and maintain reformatory and industrial schools for the reception of youthful offenders and children.

(2) The Governor in Council may certify that any reformatory or industrial school not established under sub-section (1) is fit for the reception of youthful offenders or children.

Management of schools

7. (1) For the control and management of every reformatory or industrial school established under section 6, sub-section (1), a superintendent and a committee of visitors shall be appointed by the Governor in Council and such superintendent and committee shall be deemed to be the managers of the school for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Every school certified under section 6, sub-section (2), shall be under the management of a governing body who shall be deemed to be the managers of the school for the purposes of this Act.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 46 (1).

Inspection of schools.

8. (1) The Governor in Council may appoint a chief inspector of certified schools and such number of inspectors and assistant inspectors as he thinks advisable to assist the chief inspector; and every person so appointed to assist the chief inspector shall have such of the powers and duties of the chief inspector

as the Governor in Council directs but shall act under the direction of the chief inspector.

(2) Every certified school shall, at least once in every year, be inspected by the chief inspector of certified schools, or by an inspector or assistant inspector.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 46 (2).

Power of inspectors.

9. A certified school shall be liable to inspection at all times and in all its departments by the chief inspector and by the inspector and assistant inspector.

Medical inspection.

10. Any qualified medical practitioner empowered in this behalf by the Governor in Council may visit any certified school at any time with or without notice to its managers in order to report to the chief inspector on the health of the inmates and the sanitary condition of the school.

Power of Governor in Council to withdraw certificate.

11. The Governor in Council, if dissatisfied with the condition, rules, management, or superintendence of a certified school, may at any time by notice served on the managers of the school declare that the certificate of the school is withdrawn as from a time specified in the notice, and at that time the withdrawal of the certificate shall take effect, and the school shall cease to be a certified school;

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 47.

Cf. Reformatory Schools Act (India), 1897, section 5 (c).

Provided that the Governor in Council may, if he thinks fit, instead of so withdrawing the certificate, by notice served on the managers of the school, prohibit the admission of youthful offenders or children to the school for such time as may be specified in the notice or until the notice is revoked.

Resignation of certificate by managers.

12. The managers of a certified school may, on giving six months' notice in writing to the Governor in Council through the chief inspector of their intention so to do, resign the certificate of the school, and accordingly at the expiration of six months from the date of the notice (unless before that time the notice is withdrawn), the resignation of the certificate shall take effect, and the school shall cease to be a certified school.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 48.

Effect of withdrawal or resignation of certificate.

13. A youthful offender or child shall not be received into a certified school in pursuance of this Act after the date of the receipt by the managers of the school of a notice of withdrawal of the certificate for the school or after the date of a notice of resignation of the certificate; but the obligation hereinafter mentioned of the

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 49.

managers to teach, train, lodge, clothe, and feed any youthful offenders or children detained in the school at the respective dates aforesaid shall, except so far as the Governor in Council otherwise directs, continue until the withdrawal or resignation of the certificate takes effect.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 50.

Disposal of inmates on withdrawal or resignation of certificate.

14. When a school ceases to be a certified school the youthful offenders or children detained therein shall be by order of the Governor in Council either discharged or transferred to some other certified school in accordance with the provisions of this Act relating to discharge and transfer.

Auxiliary homes.

15. The Governor in Council may establish auxiliary homes for the reception of any inmates or any classes of inmates of certified schools or may certify any other such home heretofore or hereafter established by any other persons, and the certificate may be withdrawn or resigned in like manner as a certificate of a school, and every such home shall for such purposes as are specified in the order or certificate, as the case may be, of the Governor in Council be treated as part of the school or schools to which it is attached.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 51.

Liability of managers.

16. The managers of a certified school not established by the Governor in Council may decline to receive any youthful offender or child proposed to be sent to them in pursuance of this Act, but when they have once accepted any such offender or child they shall be deemed to have undertaken to teach, train, lodge, clothe, and feed him during the whole period for which he is liable to be detained in the school, or until the withdrawal or resignation of the certificate of the school.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 52.

Inspection of uncertified poor schools and institutions.

17. (1) The Governor in Council may cause any institution for the reception of poor children or young persons supported wholly or partly by voluntary contributions, and not liable to be inspected by or under the authority of any Government department, to be visited and inspected from time to time by persons appointed by him for the purpose.

Cl. English Children Act, 1908, section 25.

(2) Any person so appointed shall have power to enter the institution and to make a complete inspection thereof and of all papers, registers, and accounts relating thereto. Any person who obstructs him in the execution of his duties shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

PART III.

Youthful offenders.

Bail of children and young persons arrested.

18. Where a person apparently under the age of sixteen years is arrested and cannot be brought forthwith before a court, the officer in charge of the police station to which such person is brought may, unless the charge is one of homicide or other grave crime, release him on bail, with or without sureties, notwithstanding that the offence with which he is charged is a non-bailable offence.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 94.

Custody of children and young persons not discharged on bail after arrest.

19. (1) Where a person apparently under the age of sixteen years having been arrested is not so released as aforesaid, the officer in charge of the police station shall cause him to be detained in the prescribed manner, until he can be brought before a court.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 95.

(2) No police officer shall however detain in custody a youthful offender for a longer period than in all the circumstances of the case is reasonable, and such period shall not, in the absence of a special order of a court, exceed twenty-four hours exclusive of the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the court.

Cf. section 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Remand or committal to custody.

20. A court, on remanding or committing for trial a child or young person who is not released on bail, may, instead of committing him to prison, order him to be detained in the prescribed manner for the period for which he is remanded.

Attendance at court of parent of child or young person charged with an offence, etc.

21. (1) Where a child or young person is charged with any offence, or where a child is brought before a court on an application for an order to send him to a certified industrial school, his parent or guardian may in any case, and shall, if he can be found and resides within a reasonable distance and the person so charged or brought before the court is a child, be required to attend at the court before which the case is heard during all the stages of the proceedings, unless the court is satisfied that it would be unreasonable to require his attendance.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 98 (1).

(2) Where the child or young person is arrested, the officer in charge of the police station to which he is brought shall cause the parent or guardian of the child or young person if he can be found, to be warned to attend at the court before which the child or young person will appear.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 98 (2).

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 98 (4)

(3) The parent or guardian whose attendance shall be required under this section shall be the parent or guardian having the actual possession and control of the child or young person;

Provided that if that person is not the father, the attendance of the father may also be required.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 98 (5).

(4) The attendance of the parent of a child or young person shall not be required under this section in any case where the child or young person was before the institution of the proceedings removed from the custody or charge of his parent by an order of a court.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 103.

Restrictions on punishment of children and young persons.

22. (1) A child or young person shall not be sentenced to death for any offence.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 102.

(2) A child shall not in any circumstances be sentenced to transportation or imprisonment.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 102 (2).

(3) A young person shall not be sentenced to transportation for any offence.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 102 (3).

(4) A young person shall not be sentenced to imprisonment for an offence or committed to prison in default of payment of a fine, or in default of furnishing security, unless the court certifies that the young person is of so unruly or of so depraved a character that he is not a fit person to be sent to a reformatory school and that none of the other methods in which the case may legally be dealt with is suitable.

Mode of sending youthful offenders to certified schools.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 57.

Cf. Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 8.

Commitment of offenders between twelve and sixteen years of age to certified schools.

23. (1) Where a youthful offender, who in the opinion of the court before which he is charged is twelve years of age or upwards, is convicted of an offence punishable in the case of an adult with transportation or imprisonment, the court may, in addition to or in lieu of sentencing him according to law to any other punishment order that he be sent to a certified reformatory school:

Provided that where the offender is ordered to be sent to a certified reformatory school he shall not in addition be sentenced to imprisonment.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 84.

Cf. Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 10.

(2) Where a youthful offender has been sentenced to transportation or imprisonment, the Governor in Council may direct that in lieu of undergoing or completing such sentence, if under the age of sixteen years, he shall be sent to a certified reformatory school; and thereupon

the offender shall be subject to all the provisions of this Act as if he had been originally sentenced to detention in a certified reformatory school.

(3) Where a child apparently under the age of twelve years is charged before a court with an offence punishable in the case of an adult with transportation or imprisonment, the court, if satisfied on inquiry that it is expedient so to deal with the child, may order him to be sent to a certified industrial school. Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 58 (2).

(4) Where a child, apparently of the age of twelve or thirteen years, is charged before a court with an offence punishable in the case of an adult with transportation or imprisonment, and the court is satisfied on inquiry that the child should be sent to a certified school but, having regard to the special circumstances of the case, should not be sent to a certified reformatory school, and is also satisfied that the character and antecedents of the child are such that he will not exercise an evil influence over the other children in a certified industrial school, the court may order the child to be sent to a certified industrial school having previously ascertained that the managers are willing to receive the child. Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 58 (3).

Provided that the Governor in Council may, on application of the managers of the industrial school, by order transfer the child to a certified reformatory school.

(5) Where a young person has been ordered by a court to give security under section 106 or section 118 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and has failed to do so, the court which made the order may order such young person to be sent to a reformatory school.

Period of detention.

24. The order in pursuance of which the youthful offender or child is sent to a certified school shall specify the time for which the youthful offender or child is to be detained in the school, being— Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 55. Cf. Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 8.

(*a*) in the case of a youthful offender sent to a reformatory school, not less than two and not more than five years but not in any case extending beyond the time when the youthful offender will, in the opinion of the court, attain the age of eighteen years; and

(*b*) in the case of a child sent to an industrial school, such time as to the court may seem proper for the teaching and training of the child, but not in any case extending beyond the time when the child will, in the opinion of the court, attain the age of sixteen years.

Other ways of dealing with youthful offenders.

Cf. Reformatory Schools (India) Act 1897, section 31.

Power to discharge youthful offender or to commit him to suitable custody.

25. A court may, if it shall think fit, instead of directing any youthful offender to be detained in a certified school, order him to be—

(*a*) discharged after due admonition, or

(*b*) committed to the custody of his parent or guardian or any adult relative, on such parent, guardian or relative executing a bond, with or without sureties, as the court may require, to be responsible for the good behaviour of the youthful offender for any period not exceeding twelve months,

and the court may in addition to such order make an order that the youthful offender be placed under the supervision of a person named by the court.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 99 (1) and (8).

Power to order parent to pay fine, etc., instead of child or young person.

26. (1) Where a child or young person is convicted of an offence punishable with fine and the court is of opinion that the case would be best met by the imposition of a fine, whether with or without any other punishment, the court may in any case, and shall if the offender is a child, order that the fine be paid by the parent or guardian of the child or young person, unless the court is satisfied that the parent or guardian cannot be found or that he has not conduced to the commission of the offence by neglecting to exercise due care of the child or young person.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 99 (4).

(2) An order under this section may be made against a parent or guardian who, having been required to attend, has failed to do so, but, save as aforesaid, no such order shall be made without giving the parent or guardian an opportunity of being heard.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 99 (5).

(3) Any order directing that a parent or guardian shall pay a fine under this section may be enforced as though it were an order passed under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 99 (8).

(4) A parent or guardian may appeal against any such order as if it had been an order passed in proceedings against himself.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 104.

Detention in the case of certain crimes committed by children or young persons.

27. (1) When a child or young person is convicted of an offence of so serious a nature that the court is of opinion that no punishment which under the provisions of this Act it is authorized to

inflict is sufficient, the court shall order the offender to be kept in safe custody in such place or manner as it thinks fit and shall report the case for the orders of the Governor in Council.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 22, the Governor in Council may order any such child or young person to be detained in such place and on such conditions as he thinks fit, and whilst so detained the child or young person shall be deemed to be in legal custody.

Provided that no period of detention so ordered shall exceed the maximum period of imprisonment to which the child or young person could have been sentenced under the Indian Penal Code for the offence committed.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 107.

Methods of dealing with children and young persons charged with offences.

28. Where a child or young person charged with any offence is tried by any court, and the court is satisfied of his guilt, the court shall take into consideration the manner in which, under the provisions of this or any other Act enabling the court to deal with the case, the case should be dealt with, namely, whether,

(*a*) by discharging the offender after due admonition; or

(*b*) by committing the offender to the custody of his parent, guardian, or any adult relative, on such parent, guardian, or relative executing a bond to be responsible for his good behaviour; or

(*c*) by so discharging or committing the offender and placing him under the supervision of a person named by the court; or

(*d*) by sending the offender to an industrial school; or

(*e*) by sending the offender to a reformatory school; or

(*f*) by ordering the offender to be whipped; or

(*g*) by ordering the offender to pay a fine; or

(*h*) by ordering the parent or guardian of the offender to pay a fine; or

(*i*) where the offender is a young person, by sentencing him to imprisonment; or

(*j*) by dealing with the case in any other manner in which it may be legally dealt with:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing the court to deal with any case in any manner in which it could not deal with the case apart from this section.

PART IV.

Mode of sending neglected children to industrial schools.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 58 (1).

Children liable to be sent to industrial schools.

29. (1) In any area to which the Governor in Council shall direct that this section shall apply, any police officer or other person authorized by the Governor in Council in this behalf may bring before a court any person apparently under the age of fourteen years who—

(*a*) is found begging or receiving alms (whether or not there is any pretence of singing, playing, performing, offering anything for sale, or otherwise), or being in any street premises or place for the purpose of so begging or receiving alms; or

(*b*) is found wandering and not having any home or settled place of abode, or visible means of subsistence, or is found wandering and having no parent or guardian, or a parent or guardian who does not exercise proper guardianship; or

(*c*) is found destitute, not being an orphan and having both parents or his surviving parent, or in the case of an illegitimate child his mother, undergoing transportation or imprisonment; or

(*d*) is under the care of a parent or guardian who, by reason of criminal or drunken habits, is unfit to have the care of the child; or

(*e*) frequents the company of any reputed thief;

and the court before which a person is brought as coming within one of those descriptions, if satisfied on inquiry of that fact, and that it is expedient so to deal with him, may order him to be sent to a certified industrial school.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 58, sub-section 7.

Power to commit child to suitable custody.

(2) Where under this Act a court is empowered to order a child to be sent to a certified industrial school the court, in lieu of ordering him to be so sent, may make an order for the committal of the child to suitable custody in the prescribed manner until he attains the age of sixteen years, or for any shorter period.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 59.

Power to commit young persons to care of relative or fit person in certain cases.

(3) Any police officer or other person authorized by the Governor in Council in this behalf may bring before a court any person apparently of the age of fourteen or fifteen years so circumstanced that if he were a child he would come within one or other of the descriptions

mentioned in sub-section (1) and the court if satisfied on inquiry of that fact and that it is expedient so to deal with him, may make an order for his committal to suitable custody in the prescribed manner until he attains the age of sixteen years, or for any shorter period.

(4) The court which makes an order committing a child or young person to suitable custody under this section may, in addition, order that the child or young person be placed under the supervision of a person named by the court.

Uncontrollable children

30 Where the parent or guardian of a child proves to a court that he is unable to control the child, and that he desires the child to be sent to an industrial school under this Act, the court, if satisfied on inquiry that it is expedient so to deal with the child, and that the parent or guardian understands the results which will follow, may order him to be so sent to a certified industrial school.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 58 (4)

PART V.

Maintenance and treatment of persons sent to certified schools or committed to suitable custody.

Contribution of parent.

31. (1) The court which makes an order for the detention of a youthful offender or child in a certified school or for the committal of a child or young person to suitable custody under this Act may make an order on the parent or other person liable to maintain the youthful offender, child or young person to contribute to his maintenance, if able to do so, in the prescribed manner.

(2) Any order made under this section may from time to time be varied by the court.

(3) The persons liable to maintain a youthful offender, young person or child shall for the purposes of sub-section (1) include in the case of illegitimacy his putative father:

Provided that where the youthful offender, young person or child is illegitimate and an order for his maintenance has been made under section 488 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the court shall not ordinarily make an order for contribution against the putative father but may order the whole or any part of the payments accruing due under the said order for maintenance to such person or persons as may be named, to be applied by him or them towards the maintenance of the youthful offender, young person or child.

(4) Any order under this section may be enforced in the same manner as an order under section 488 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1893.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 53.

Boarding out of children.

32. The managers of a certified industrial school to which a child under the age of eight years is sent may, with the consent of the chief inspector, board the child out with any suitable person until the child reaches the age of ten years and thereafter for such longer period, with the consent of the chief inspector, as the managers consider to be advisable in the interests of the child, subject to the exercise by the managers of such powers as to supervision, recall, and otherwise as may be prescribed by regulations made by the Governor in Council; and where a child is so boarded out he shall nevertheless be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be a child detained in the school, and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly, subject to such necessary adaptations as may be made by the Governor in Council.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 67, and Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 18.

Placing out on licence.

33. (1) Where a youthful offender or child is detained in a certified school, the managers of the school may at any time, with the consent of the chief inspector or after the expiration of eighteen months of the period of detention without any such consent, by licence permit the youthful offender or child on the conditions prescribed in this behalf to live with any trustworthy and respectable person named in the licence willing to receive and take charge of him.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 67 (2)

(2) Any licence so granted shall be in force until revoked or forfeited by the breach of any of the conditions on which it was granted.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 67, and Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 19.

(3) The managers of the school may at any time by order in writing revoke any such licence, and order the youthful offender or child to return to the school and shall do so at the desire of the person to whom the youthful offender or child is licensed. If the youthful offender or child refuses or fails to return to the school, the managers of the school may, if necessary, arrest or cause to be arrested the youthful offender or child and take him or cause him to be taken back to the school.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 67 (5).

(4) The time during which a youthful offender or child is absent from a certified school in pursuance of a licence under this section shall be deemed to be part of the time of his detention in the school: Provided that, where a youthful offen

or child has failed to return to the school on the licence being forfeited or revoked, the time which elapses after his failure so to return shall be excluded in computing the time during which he is to be detained in the school.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 67 (6).

Power to order parent to produce a youthful offender or child who refuses to return to a school when licence has been revoked.

34. (1) When a licence has been revoked or forfeited and the youthful offender or child refuses or fails to return to the school, a court, if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for believing that his parent or guardian could produce the youthful offender or child, may issue a summons requiring the parent or guardian to attend at the court on such a day as may be specified in the summons, and to produce the child, and, if he fails to do so without reasonable excuse, he shall, in addition to any other liability to which he may be subject under the provisions of this Act, be punishable with a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

(2) Any order directing that a parent or guardian shall pay a fine under this section may be enforced as though it were an order passed under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, sections 72 (8) and 72 (1).

Penalty for abetting escape of youthful offender or child.

35. Whoever—

(*a*) knowingly assists or induces directly or indirectly an offender or child detained in or placed out on licence from a certified school to escape from the school or from any person with whom he is placed out on licence; or any child or young person to escape from the person to whose custody he is committed under the provisions of this Act;

(*b*) knowingly harbours, conceals, or prevents from returning to school, or to any person with whom he is placed out on licence, or to the person to whose custody he is committed under this Act, a youthful offender, young person or child who has so escaped, or knowingly assists in so doing

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or with both.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 69.
Cf. Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 14 (*a*).

Discharge and transfer.

36. (1) The Governor in Council may at any time order a youthful offender or a child to be discharged from a certified school, either absolutely or on such conditions as the Governor in Council approves.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 89 (2).
Cf. Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897, section 14 (5).

(2) The Governor in Council may order—

(a) a youthful offender or child to be transferred from one certified reformatory school to another, or from one certified industrial school to another;

(b) a youthful offender under the age of fourteen years detained in a certified reformatory school to be transferred to a certified industrial school;

(c) a child over the age of twelve years detained in a certified industrial school, who is found to be exercising an evil influence over the other children in the school or who is guilty of a serious breach of the rules of the school or of escaping from the school, to be transferred to a certified reformatory school;

Provided that the whole period of the detention of the youthful offender or child shall not be increased by the transfer.

PART VI.

Miscellaneous.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 111 (5).

37. (1) The Governor in Council may provide for the establishment in any district of one or more separate courts for the hearing of charges against children or young persons or of applications for orders or licences relating to a child or young person at which the attendance of the child or young person is required.

Juvenile Courts.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 111 (1).

(2) Where no such separate court has been established the court before which a child or young person is brought shall unless the child or young person is charged jointly with any other person not being a child or young person, whenever practicable, sit either in a different building or room from that in which the ordinary sittings of the court are held or on different days or at different times from those at which the ordinary sittings are held.

38. Where a person, whether charged with an offence or not, is brought before any court otherwise than for the purpose of giving evidence, and it appears to the court that he is a child or young person, the court shall make due inquiry as to the age of that person and for that purpose shall take such evidence as may be forthcoming at the hearing of the case, but an order or judgment of the court shall not be invalidated by any subsequent proof that the age of that person has not been correctly stated to the court, and the age presumed or declared by the court to be the age of the person so brought before it shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be

Presumption and determination of age.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 123 (1) and sections 11 and 16 of Reformatory Schools (India) Act, 1897.

the true age of that person, and, where it appears to the court that the person so brought before it is of the age of sixteen years or upwards, the person shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed not to be a child or young person.

Provision as to religious persuasion.

39. (1) In determining the certified school to which a youthful offender or child is to be sent under this Act, the court shall endeavour to ascertain the religious persuasion to which the youthful offender or child belongs and shall, if possible, select a school in which facilities are afforded for instruction in his religion. Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 66.

(2) Where a child or young person is committed to suitable custody under this Act, the court in determining the person to whose custody the child or young person shall be committed shall endeavour in like manner to ascertain the religion of the child or young person and shall, if possible, select a person of the same religion, or a person who gives such undertaking as seems to the court sufficient that the child or young person shall be brought up in accordance with his own religion. Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 23.

40. The provisions of chapter XLII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall, so far as may be, apply to bonds taken under this Act. Cf. The Indian Lunacy Act, 1912, section 94.

Removal of disqualification attaching to convictions of offences.

41. The conviction of a child or young person shall not be regarded as a conviction for the purposes of any disqualification attaching to convictions of offences. Cf. English Children Act, 1908 section 100.

Rules.

42. (1) The Governor in Council may make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, such rules may be made with regard to—

(*a*) the establishment, certification and maintenance of reformatory and industrial schools and auxiliary homes;

(*b*) the inspection of certified schools;

(*c*) the duties and powers of the managers of certified schools;

(*d*) the choice of a school;

(*e*) the boarding out, licensing and supervision of children and young persons;

(*f*) the contribution by parents and other persons liable to maintain children and young persons;

(*g*) the disposal and after-care of the inmates of certified schools and the appointment of visitors and their tenure of office.

(*h*) the management of certified schools and auxiliary homes;

(*i*) the education and industrial training of the inmates of certified schools;

(*j*) the conveyance of youthful offenders and children to certified schools;

(*k*) visits to and communication with the inmates of certified schools;

(*l*) the grant of permission to the inmates of certified schools to absent themselves for short periods;

(*m*) the punishment of offences committed by or in relation to the inmates of certified schools;

(*n*) the manner in which a child or young person may be committed to suitable custody and the supervision of such children and young persons;

(*o*) the detention of children and young persons under arrest or remanded or committed for trial; and

(*p*) the procedure to be adopted in juvenile courts.

(3) All rules made under sub-section 2 (*o*) and (*p*) shall be subject to the previous approval of the Governor-General in Council.

(4) All rules made under this section shall be published in the local official gazette and, on such publication, they shall have the same effect as if enacted in this Act.

43. (1) An appeal from an order made by a court under sections 29, 30 or 31 shall lie,

(*a*) if passed by any Magistrate other than a District or a Presidency Magistrate, to a District Magistrate;

(*b*) if passed by a District Magistrate, to the Court of Session;

(*c*) if passed by a Court of Session or a Presidency Magistrate, to the High Court.

(2) No appeal shall lie from any order passed in any such appeal.

(3) Any order passed under the provisions of this Act and not otherwise provided for, may be revised by the High Court.

Cf. English Children Act, 1908, section 22 (1).

44. Any person to whose custody a child or young person is committed under the provisions of this Act shall, whilst the order is in force, have the like control over the child or young person as if he were his parent, and shall be responsible for his maintenance, and the child or young person shall continue in his custody notwithstanding that he is claimed by his parent or any other person.

45. (1) The managers of certified reformatory schools may receive, if and

as prescribed, youthful offenders ordered to be sent to a reformatory school by any court or tribunal in the territories of any Native Prince or State in India with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council in each case.

(2) The Governor in Council may order any youthful offender to be transferred from any certified reformatory school in the Madras Presidency to any reformatory school within the territories of any Native Prince or State in India approved by him.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill is intended as a Children Act for the Madras Presidency on the lines of the English Children Act. The English Act has, on the whole, been followed fairly closely, though Parts I and III of that Act, relating respectively to infant life protection and juvenile smoking, have been omitted altogether and the remainder has been considerably shortened, and adapted, where necessary, to meet local conditions. The arrangement, too, is different from that of the English Act.

Part II provides for the establishment and control of reformatory and industrial schools. The broad distinction between the two classes of schools, in addition to the difference in the age of the inmates, is that reformatory schools are intended for actual and industrial schools for potential offenders. Offenders under the age of 12 and in certain cases of the age of 12 or 13 may, however, be sent to industrial schools. It is not in England considered advisable to send 'young persons' of 14 and 15 to industrial schools.

Part III treats of the different methods of dealing with youthful offenders brought before the court.

Part IV describes the classes of neglected children who may be sent to industrial schools. They have to be under 14 years of age. 'Young persons' of 14 and 15 can however be committed to suitable custody.

Part V gives power to the courts to order parents of children and young persons sent to certified schools or committed to suitable custody to contribute towards the expenses of maintenance, and deals with the treatment of inmates of schools.

It has also been thought better for the present to omit the provisions with regard to begging which are contained in the English Act.

Part VI provides for the establishment of juvenile courts and contains various miscellaneous sections, the most important being a section dealing with the religious difficulty.

The purport of the principal clauses is noted below :—

Clause 2.—The provisions of section 15 of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897, are retained as they will be useful for the transfer of youthful offenders from a reformatory school in one province to a reformatory school in another province.

Clause 3 (3).—In the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897, a youthful offender is defined as any *boy* under the age of 15 years who has been convicted of an offence punishable with transportation and imprisonment. The amended definition includes girls as well as boys and raises the age to under 16, which is the limit of age of a youthful offender in regard to whipping as a punishment.

Clause 15.—Auxiliary homes are intended principally as hostels for boys licensed from a school to work at a trade.

Clause 17 gives power to order inspection of poor schools and the like which are not under the inspection of any Government department. Experience has shown that money is sometimes collected for such institutions and misapplied to the personal advantage of the proprietor who neglects the children he professes to protect and educate.

Clause 18 provides for the release of a youthful offender on bail after arrest at the discretion of the officer in charge of the police station. Clause 117 of the Bill to amend the Criminal Procedure Code, now before the Government of India, gives a court this power if the accused is a minor.

Clauses 19 *and* 20.—The object of these clauses is to prevent a youthful offender from being detained in prison after arrest or on remand. Rules laying down the procedure to be adopted in such cases will be made.

Clause 21 requires the attendance of the parent or guardian when a child or young person is brought before a court.

Clause 22 definitely forbids the imprisonment or transportation of a child under the age of 14 for any reason whatever. Further a young person (i.e., a person between 14 and 16 years) cannot be transported, and can only be imprisoned if the court certifies that he is not a fit person to be dealt with in any other way. Neither a child nor a young person can be sentenced to death.

Clause 26 (1) lays down that a youthful offender must be at least 12 years old before he can be sent to a reformatory and that he cannot in addition be sentenced to imprisonment.

Sub-clause (2) is intended to meet cases in which youthful offenders have been sentenced to transportation under imprisonment before this Act comes into force. It may also be useful in correcting possible mistakes by the courts.

Sub-clause (3) empowers a court to send a youthful offender under the age of 12 years to an industrial school instead of to a reformatory.

Sub-clause (4) empowers a court to deal similarly with a youthful offender under 14 in certain cases.

Sub-clause (5) enables a court to send a young person to a reformatory in default of security. The Reformatory Schools Act did not give this power

Clause 25 is practically the same as section 31 of the Reformatory Schools Act, 1897. This section of the Reformatory Schools Act seems to have been little used possibly owing to its position at the end of the Act. "*Nearest* adult relative" has been altered to "any adult relative." The court has in addition been empowered to place the youthful offender under the supervision of a person named by the court, i.e., a probation officer. It is hoped that members or officers of voluntary societies (such as the Madras Society for the Protection of Children) will come forward to undertake this important duty.

Clause 26 lays stress on the responsibility of parents for the behaviour of their children. It lays down that if a child is convicted of an offence punishable with a fine, and the court thinks that a fine should be imposed, the fine must be paid by the parent or guardian unless the parent or guardian cannot be found or the court is satisfied that the offence is not due to neglect on his part. In the case of a young person a similar order may be made.

Clause 27 provides for the case of a youthful offender who has been convicted of serious crime and who in the opinion of the court cannot be suitably dealt with under the provisions of this Act. There should be very few of such cases.

Clause 28 enumerates the different ways in which youthful offenders can be dealt with.

Clause 29 (1) enumerates the evil surroundings and conditions which render children under 14 years of age liable to be committed to industrial schools.

A child found begging, or wandering, or destitute, with parent or parents in prison, or under the care of a drunken or criminal parent or guardian, or an illegitimate child where mother is in prison, or who frequents the company of a thief may be brought before a court by a police officer or other person authorised by the Governor in Council and may, if the court thinks fit, be committed to an industrial school until he reaches the age of 16 years. The application of this clause is limited to certain areas specified by the Governor in Council These would probably at first be the large towns.

Sub-clause (2) gives power to the court to commit the child to suitable custody (i.e., a relative or other fit person) instead of sending him to an industrial school. Rules prescribing the manner in which this is to be done will be made.

Sub-clause (3) provides for the protection of young persons of 14 or 15 years of age who are therefore too old for committal to an industrial school. They may be committed to suitable custody in the manner prescribed by rule.

Note.—It might be advisable to give courts power to place such cases under supervision of a probation officer. Cf. English Act, section 80.

Clause 30 provides for the commitment to an industrial school of an uncontrollable child at the instance of his parent or guardian. The Madras Society for the Protection of Children reports: "There was a considerable number of helpless widows who brought their truant and disorderly children to the Honorary Secretary, craving for their admission into the Society's Home in view of their being trained into well-behaved lads." (Annual Report, 1914.)

Clause 31 enables a court to order the parent of a child or young person sent to a reformatory or industrial school or committed to suitable custody to contribute to his maintenance.

The money collected will be paid to Government in the case of the inmate of a school and to the custodian in other cases.

The contributory order should be strictly enforced. Some parents might otherwise be glad to get rid of their children. Rules will have to be made.

Clause 32 permits managers of schools to board out young children. The consent of the Chief Inspector must first be obtained.

Clause 33 enables managers of schools to license out youthful offenders or children. Power is also given to managers of schools to arrest, if necessary, recalcitrant youthful offenders or children who refuse to return to school on revocation of licence.

Clause 34 empowers a court to order, under penalty of a fine, a parent to produce a youthful offender or child who refuses to return to school on revocation of licence.

Clause 35 penalizes the abetment of the escape of a youthful offender or child from a school or from any person to whom he is licensed.

Clause 37 empowers the Governor in Council to provide for the establishment of juvenile courts in any district. The chief value of such a court is not, as is sometimes supposed, to protect children from the atmosphere of an ordinary court. This is a secondary object, and, in this country, is probably not so important as in England. The real value lies in the facilities given to the magistrate, who is not hampered by the procedure in force in the ordinary courts, to make a thorough inquiry into the circumstances which caused the child to be brought before him. He can then decide the best procedure to adopt—whether to send him to an institution or to deal with him in some other way. The parent or guardian is compelled to attend (clause 21). The ordinary magistrate has as a rule no time to make such an inquiry.

Everything, of course, depends on the personality of the magistrate appointed to preside over a juvenile court. He should be assisted by probation officers.

Sub-clause (2) lays down that where no separate Court has been established, the magistrate shall, whenever possible, unless the child or young person is charged jointly with an adult sit either in a separate building or room or at a different time from that of the ordinary sittings. He would probably hear these cases in chambers.

It has not been thought necessary to insert special provisions, as in the English Act, excluding the public. Rules could be made, if necessary, dealing with this.

Clause 39 deals with the religious question. In schools established by Government there will be no difficulty in making the necessary arrangements.

When a child or young person is committed to suitable custody, the custodian must either be of the same religion as the child or young person or must give an undertaking that the child will be brought up in his own religion.

Clause 40 deals with the question of the enforcement of bonds taken, under this Act, e.g., clauses 25 and 31.

Clause 43 provides for appeals and revisions in respect of orders passed by courts under clauses 29, 30 or 31 of the Bill.

Clause 44 imposes the obligation to maintain a child or young person upon the person or persons to whose custody the child or young person is committed and gives the persons having charge of the child or young person the same rights of guardianship as if he were his parent, notwithstanding he is claimed by his parent or guardian.

Clause 45 provides for the transfer of youthful offenders from reformatory schools in the Madras Presidency to reformatory schools in Native States and vice versa.

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